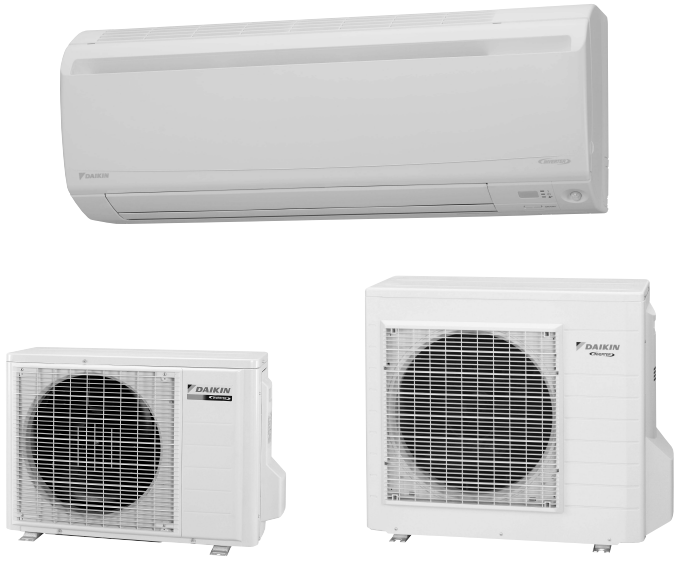
DAIKIN

SiBE041101EA

Service Manual

Inverter Pair

Wall Mounted Type FTXS-J Series



[Applied Models]

- **Inverter Pair : Cooling Only**
- **Inverter Pair : Heat Pump**

Inverter Pair Wall Mounted Type FTXS-J Series

●Cooling Only

Indoor Unit

FTXS20J2V1B
FTXS25J2V1B
FTXS35J2V1B
FTXS42J2V1B
FTXS50J2V1B

Outdoor Unit

RKS20J2V1B
RKS25J2V1B
RKS35J2V1B
RKS42J2V1B
RKS50J2V1B
RKS50J2V1B9

●Heat Pump

Indoor Unit

FTXS20J2V1B
FTXS25J2V1B
FTXS35J2V1B
FTXS42J2V1B
FTXS50J2V1B

Outdoor Unit

RXS20J2V1B
RXS25J2V1B
RXS35J2V1B
RXS42J2V1B
RXS50J2V1B
RXS50J2V1B9

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1. Safety Cautions

Be sure to read the following safety cautions before conducting repair work.
After the repair work is complete, be sure to conduct a test operation to ensure that the equipment operates normally, and explain the cautions for operating the product to the customer.

Caution Items

The caution items are classified into ⚠ **Warning** and ⚠ **Caution**. The ⚠ **Warning** items are especially important since they can lead to death or serious injury if they are not followed closely. The ⚠ **Caution** items can also lead to serious accidents under some conditions if they are not followed. Therefore, be sure to observe all the safety caution items described below.

Pictograms

△ This symbol indicates the item for which caution must be exercised.
The pictogram shows the item to which attention must be paid.

◯ This symbol indicates the prohibited action.
The prohibited item or action is shown in the illustration or near the symbol.

● This symbol indicates the action that must be taken, or the instruction.
The instruction is shown in the illustration or near the symbol.

1.1 Warnings and Cautions Regarding Safety of Workers

⚠ Warning	
Do not store the equipment in a room with successive fire sources (e.g., naked flame, gas appliance, electric heater).	
Be sure to disconnect the power cable plug from the plug socket before disassembling the equipment for repair. Working on the equipment that is connected to the power supply may cause an electrical shock. If it is necessary to supply power to the equipment to conduct the repair or inspecting the circuits, do not touch any electrically charged sections of the equipment.	
If the refrigerant gas is discharged during the repair work, do not touch the discharged refrigerant gas. The refrigerant gas may cause frostbite.	
When disconnecting the suction or discharge pipe of the compressor at the welded section, evacuate the refrigerant gas completely at a well-ventilated place first. If there is gas remaining inside the compressor, the refrigerant gas or refrigerating machine oil discharges when the pipe is disconnected, and it may cause injury.	
If the refrigerant gas leaks during the repair work, ventilate the area. The refrigerant gas may generate toxic gases when it contacts flames.	
Be sure to discharge the capacitor completely before conducting repair work. The step-up capacitor supplies high-voltage electricity to the electrical components of the outdoor unit. A charged capacitor may cause an electrical shock.	

Warning	
Do not start or stop the air conditioner operation by plugging or unplugging the power cable plug. Plugging or unplugging the power cable plug to operate the equipment may cause an electrical shock or fire.	
Be sure to wear a safety helmet, gloves, and a safety belt when working at a high place (more than 2 m). Insufficient safety measures may cause a fall accident.	
In case of R-32 / R-410A refrigerant models, be sure to use pipes, flare nuts and tools for the exclusive use of the R-32 / R-410A refrigerant. The use of materials for R-22 refrigerant models may cause a serious accident such as a damage of refrigerant cycle as well as an equipment failure.	
Do not mix air or gas other than the specified refrigerant (R-32 / R-410A / R-22) in the refrigerant system. If air enters the refrigerating system, an excessively high pressure results, causing equipment damage and injury.	

Caution	
Do not repair the electrical components with wet hands. Working on the equipment with wet hands may cause an electrical shock.	
Do not clean the air conditioner by splashing water. Washing the unit with water may cause an electrical shock.	
Be sure to provide the grounding when repairing the equipment in a humid or wet place, to avoid electrical shocks.	
Be sure to turn off the power switch and unplug the power cable when cleaning the equipment. The internal fan rotates at a high speed, and may cause injury.	
Be sure to conduct repair work with appropriate tools. The use of inappropriate tools may cause injury.	
Be sure to check that the refrigerating cycle section has cooled down enough before conducting repair work. Working on the unit when the refrigerating cycle section is hot may cause burns.	

Caution	
Use the welder in a well-ventilated place. Using the welder in an enclosed room may cause oxygen deficiency.	

1.2 Warnings and Cautions Regarding Safety of Users

Warning	
Do not store the equipment in a room with successive fire sources (e.g., naked flame, gas appliance, electric heater).	
Be sure to use parts listed in the service parts list of the applicable model and appropriate tools to conduct repair work. Never attempt to modify the equipment. The use of inappropriate parts or tools may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	
If the power cable and lead wires have scratches or deteriorated, be sure to replace them. Damaged cable and wires may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	
Do not use a joined power cable or extension cable, or share the same power outlet with other electrical appliances, since it may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	
Be sure to use an exclusive power circuit for the equipment, and follow the local technical standards related to the electrical equipment, the internal wiring regulations, and the instruction manual for installation when conducting electrical work. Insufficient power circuit capacity and improper electrical work may cause an electrical shock or fire.	
Be sure to use the specified cable for wiring between the indoor and outdoor units. Make the connections securely and route the cable properly so that there is no force pulling the cable at the connection terminals. Improper connections may cause excessive heat generation or fire.	
When wiring between the indoor and outdoor units, make sure that the terminal cover does not lift off or dismount because of the cable. If the cover is not mounted properly, the terminal connection section may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	
Do not damage or modify the power cable. Damaged or modified power cable may cause an electrical shock or fire. Placing heavy items on the power cable, and heating or pulling the power cable may damage the cable.	

Warning	
Do not mix air or gas other than the specified refrigerant (R-32 / R-410A / R-22) in the refrigerant system. If air enters the refrigerating system, an excessively high pressure results, causing equipment damage and injury.	
If the refrigerant gas leaks, be sure to locate the leaking point and repair it before charging the refrigerant. After charging refrigerant, make sure that there is no refrigerant leak. If the leaking point cannot be located and the repair work must be stopped, be sure to perform pump-down and close the service valve, to prevent the refrigerant gas from leaking into the room. The refrigerant gas itself is harmless, but it may generate toxic gases when it contacts flames, such as fan and other heaters, stoves and ranges.	
When relocating the equipment, make sure that the new installation site has sufficient strength to withstand the weight of the equipment. If the installation site does not have sufficient strength and if the installation work is not conducted securely, the equipment may fall and cause injury.	
Check to make sure that the power cable plug is not dirty or loose, then insert the plug into a power outlet securely. If the plug has dust or loose connection, it may cause an electrical shock or fire.	
Be sure to install the product correctly by using the provided standard installation frame. Incorrect use of the installation frame and improper installation may cause the equipment to fall, resulting in injury.	For unitary type only 
Be sure to install the product securely in the installation frame mounted on the window frame. If the unit is not securely mounted, it may fall and cause injury.	For unitary type only 
When replacing the coin battery in the remote controller, be sure to dispose of the old battery to prevent children from swallowing it. If a child swallows the coin battery, see a doctor immediately.	

Caution	
Installation of a leakage breaker is necessary in some cases depending on the conditions of the installation site, to prevent electrical shocks.	
Do not install the equipment in a place where there is a possibility of combustible gas leaks. If the combustible gas leaks and remains around the unit, it may cause a fire.	

Caution	
Check to see if the parts and wires are mounted and connected properly, and if the connections at the soldered or crimped terminals are secure. Improper installation and connections may cause excessive heat generation, fire or an electrical shock.	
If the installation platform or frame has corroded, replace it. Corroded installation platform or frame may cause the unit to fall, resulting in injury.	
Check the grounding, and repair it if the equipment is not properly grounded. Improper grounding may cause an electrical shock.	
Be sure to measure the insulation resistance after the repair, and make sure that the resistance is 1 MΩ or higher. Faulty insulation may cause an electrical shock.	
Be sure to check the drainage of the indoor unit after the repair. Faulty drainage may cause the water to enter the room and wet the furniture and floor.	
Do not tilt the unit when removing it. The water inside the unit may spill and wet the furniture and floor.	
Be sure to install the packing and seal on the installation frame properly. If the packing and seal are not installed properly, water may enter the room and wet the furniture and floor.	For unitary type only 

2. Used Icons

The following icons are used to attract the attention of the reader to specific information.

Icon	Type of Information	Description
 Warning	Warning	A **Warning** is used when there is danger of personal injury.
 Caution	Caution	A **Caution** is used when there is danger that the reader, through incorrect manipulation, may damage equipment, lose data, get an unexpected result or has to restart (part of) a procedure.
 Note:	Note	A **Note** provides information that is not indispensable, but may nevertheless be valuable to the reader, such as tips and tricks.
	Reference	A **Reference** guides the reader to other places in this binder or in this manual, where he/she will find additional information on a specific topic.

Part 1
List of Functions

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1. Functions

1.1 Cooling Only

Category	Functions	FTXS20/25/35/42J2V1B RKS20/25/35/42J2V1B	FTXS50J2V1B RKS50J2V1B, RKS50J2V1B9	Category	Functions	FTXS20/25/35/42J2V1B RKS20/25/35/42J2V1B	FTXS50J2V1B RKS50J2V1B, RKS50J2V1B9
Basic Function	Inverter (with inverter power control)	●	●	Health & Clean	Air-purifying filter	—	—
	Operation limit for cooling (°CDB)	–10 ~46 ★	–10 ~46 ★		Photocatalytic deodorizing filter	—	—
	Operation limit for heating (°CWB)	—	—		Air-purifying filter with photocatalytic deodorizing function	—	—
	PAM control	●	●		Titanium apatite photocatalytic air-purifying filter	●	●
	Standby electricity saving	●	—				
Compressor	Oval scroll compressor	—	—		Air filter (prefilter)	●	●
	Swing compressor	●	●		Wipe-clean flat panel	●	●
	Rotary compressor	—	—		Washable grille	—	—
	Reluctance DC motor	●	●		MOLD PROOF operation	—	—
Comfortable Airflow	Power-airflow flap	—	—		Heating dry operation	—	—
	Power-airflow dual flaps	●	●		Good-sleep cooling operation	—	—
	Power-airflow diffuser	—	—	Timer	WEEKLY TIMER operation	●	●
	Wide-angle louvers	●	●		24-hour ON/OFF TIMER	●	●
	Auto-swing (up and down)	●	●		NIGHT SET mode	●	●
	Auto-swing (right and left)	●	●	Worry Free (Reliability & Durability)	Auto-restart (after power failure)	●	●
	3-D airflow	●	●		Self-diagnosis (R/C, LED)	●	●
	COMFORT AIRFLOW operation	●	●		Wiring error check function	—	—
Comfort Control	Auto fan speed	●	●		Anti-corrosion treatment of outdoor heat exchanger	●	●
	Indoor unit quiet operation	●	●				
	NIGHT QUIET mode (automatic)	—	—	Flexibility	Multi-split / split type compatible indoor unit	●	●
	OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation (manual)	●	●		H/P, C/O compatible indoor unit	●	●
	2-area INTELLIGENT EYE operation	●	●		Flexible power supply correspondence	—	—
	INTELLIGENT EYE operation	—	—		High ceiling application	—	—
	Quick warming function (preheating control)	—	—		Chargeless	10 m	10 m
	Hot-start function	—	—		Either side drain (right or left)	●	●
	Automatic defrosting	—	—		Power selection	—	—
Operation	Automatic operation	—	—	Remote Control	5-room centralized controller (option)	●	●
	Program dry operation	●	●		Remote control adaptor (normal open pulse contact) (option)	●	●
	Fan only	●	●				
Lifestyle Convenience	New POWERFUL operation (non-inverter)	—	—		Remote control adaptor (normal open contact) (option)	●	●
	Inverter POWERFUL operation	●	●		DIII-NET compatible (adaptor) (option)	●	●
	Priority-room setting	—	—	Remote Controller	Wireless	●	●
	COOL / HEAT mode lock	—	—		Wired (option)	●	●
	HOME LEAVE operation	—	—				
	ECONO operation	●	●				
	Indoor unit **ON/OFF** button	●	●				
	Signal receiving sign	●	●				
	R/C with back light	—	—				
	Temperature display	—	—				

Note: ● : Available
— : Not available

★: Lower limit can be extended by turning switch or cutting jumper. (facility use only)
Refer to page 127 for detail.

1.2 Heat Pump

Category	Functions	FTXS20/25/35/42J2V1B RXS20/25/35/42J2V1B	FTXS50J2V1B RXS50J2V1B, RXS50J2V1B9	Category	Functions	FTXS20/25/35/42J2V1B RXS20/25/35/42J2V1B	FTXS50J2V1B RXS50J2V1B, RXS50J2V1B9
Basic Function	Inverter (with inverter power control)	●	●	Health & Clean	Air-purifying filter	—	—
	Operation limit for cooling (°CDB)	–10 ~46 ★	–10 ~46 ★		Photocatalytic deodorizing filter	—	—
	Operation limit for heating (°CWB)	–15 ~18	–15 ~18		Air-purifying filter with photocatalytic deodorizing function	—	—
	PAM control	●	●		Titanium apatite photocatalytic air-purifying filter	●	●
	Standby electricity saving	●	—				
Compressor	Oval scroll compressor	—	—		Air filter (prefilter)	●	●
	Swing compressor	●	●		Wipe-clean flat panel	●	●
	Rotary compressor	—	—		Washable grille	—	—
	Reluctance DC motor	●	●		MOLD PROOF operation	—	—
Comfortable Airflow	Power-airflow flap	—	—		Heating dry operation	—	—
	Power-airflow dual flaps	●	●		Good-sleep cooling operation	—	—
	Power-airflow diffuser	—	—	Timer	WEEKLY TIMER operation	●	●
	Wide-angle louvers	●	●		24-hour ON/OFF TIMER	●	●
	Auto-swing (up and down)	●	●		NIGHT SET mode	●	●
	Auto-swing (right and left)	●	●	Worry Free (Reliability & Durability)	Auto-restart (after power failure)	●	●
	3-D airflow	●	●		Self-diagnosis (R/C, LED)	●	●
	COMFORT AIRFLOW operation	●	●		Wiring error check function	—	—
Comfort Control	Auto fan speed	●	●		Anti-corrosion treatment of outdoor heat exchanger	●	●
	Indoor unit quiet operation	●	●				
	NIGHT QUIET mode (automatic)	—	—	Flexibility	Multi-split / split type compatible indoor unit	●	●
	OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation (manual)	●	●		H/P, C/O compatible indoor unit	●	●
					Flexible power supply correspondence	—	—
	2-area INTELLIGENT EYE operation	●	●		High ceiling application	—	—
	INTELLIGENT EYE operation	—	—		Chargeless	10 m	10 m
	Quick warming function (preheating control)	●	●		Either side drain (right or left)	●	●
					Power selection	—	—
	Hot-start function	●	●	Remote Control	5-room centralized controller (option)	●	●
	Automatic defrosting	●	●		Remote control adaptor (normal open pulse contact) (option)	●	●
Operation	Automatic operation	●	●				
	Program dry operation	●	●		Remote control adaptor (normal open contact) (option)	●	●
	Fan only	●	●				
Lifestyle Convenience	New POWERFUL operation (non-inverter)	—	—		DIII-NET compatible (adaptor) (option)	●	●
	Inverter POWERFUL operation	●	●	Remote Controller	Wireless	●	●
	Priority-room setting	—	—		Wired (option)	●	●
	COOL / HEAT mode lock	—	—				
	HOME LEAVE operation	—	—				
	ECONO operation	●	●				
	Indoor unit **ON/OFF** button	●	●				
	Signal receiving sign	●	●				
	R/C with back light	—	—				
	Temperature display	—	—				

Note: ● : Available
— : Not available

★: Lower limit can be extended by turning switch or cutting jumper. (facility use only)
Refer to page 127 for detail.

Part 2
Specifications

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1. Specifications

1.1 Cooling Only

50 Hz, 220 - 230 - 240 V

Model	Indoor Unit		FTXS20J2V1B	FTXS25J2V1B
	Outdoor Unit		RKS20J2V1B	RKS25J2V1B
Capacity Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		kW	2.0 (1.3 ~ 2.8)	2.5 (1.3 ~ 3.2)
		Btu/h	6,800 (4,400 ~ 9,600)	8,500 (4,400 ~ 10,900)
		kcal/h	1,720 (1,120 ~ 2,410)	2,150 (1,120 ~ 2,750)
Moisture Removal		L/h	0.9	1.2
Running Current (Rated)		A	2.6 - 2.5 - 2.4	3.1 - 2.9 - 2.8
Power Consumption Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		W	450 (320 ~ 810)	535 (320 ~ 810)
Power Factor		%	78.7 - 78.3 - 78.1	78.4 - 80.2 - 79.6
EER (Cooling) Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		W/W	4.44 (4.06 ~ 3.95)	4.67 (4.06 ~ 3.95)
Piping Connections	Liquid	mm	ϕ 6.4	ϕ 6.4
	Gas	mm	ϕ 9.5	ϕ 9.5
	Drain	mm	ϕ 18.0	ϕ 18.0
Heat Insulation			Both Liquid and Gas Pipes	Both Liquid and Gas Pipes
Max. Interunit Piping Length		m	20	20
Max. Interunit Height Difference		m	15	15
Chargeless		m	10	10
Amount of Additional Charge of Refrigerant		g/m	20	20
Indoor Unit			**FTXS20J2V1B**	**FTXS25J2V1B**
Front Panel Color			White	White
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	9.4 (332)	10.8 (381)
	M		7.4 (261)	7.9 (279)
	L		5.5 (194)	5.2 (184)
	SL		4.1 (145)	3.7 (131)
Fan	Type		Cross Flow Fan	Cross Flow Fan
	Motor Output	W	23	23
	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto
Air Direction Control			Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward	Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward
Air Filter			Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof	Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof
Running Current (Rated)		A	0.09 - 0.08 - 0.08	0.09 - 0.08 - 0.08
Power Consumption (Rated)		W	18 - 18 - 18	18 - 18 - 18
Power Factor		%	90.9 - 97.8 - 93.8	90.9 - 97.8 - 93.8
Temperature Control			Microcomputer Control	Microcomputer Control
Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	295 × 800 × 215	295 × 800 × 215
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	289 × 870 × 366	289 × 870 × 366
Weight (Mass)		kg	9	9
Gross Weight (Gross Mass)		kg	13	13
Sound Pressure Level	H / M / L / SL	dB(A)	38 / 32 / 25 / 22	41 / 33 / 25 / 22
Sound Power Level		dB	54	57
Outdoor Unit			**RKS20J2V1B**	**RKS25J2V1B**
Casing Color			Ivory White	Ivory White
Compressor	Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type	Hermetically Sealed Swing Type
	Model		1YC23AEXD	1YC23AEXD
	Motor Output	W	600	600
Refrigerant Oil	Type		FVC50K	FVC50K
	Charge	L	0.375	0.375
Refrigerant	Type		R-410A	R-410A
	Charge	kg	0.80	1.00
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	36.2 (1,278)	33.5 (1,183)
	SL		32.7 (1,155)	30.1 (1,063)
Fan	Type		Propeller	Propeller
	Motor Output	W	23	23
Running Current (Rated)		A	2.5- 2.4 - 2.3	3.0 - 2.8 - 2.7
Power Consumption (Rated)		W	432 - 432 - 432	517 - 517 - 517
Power Factor		%	78.5 - 78.3 - 78.3	78.3 - 80.3 - 79.8
Starting Current		A	2.6	3.1
Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	550 × 765 × 285	550 × 765 × 285
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	612 × 906 × 364	612 × 906 × 364
Weight (Mass)		kg	32	34
Gross Weight (Gross Mass)		kg	35	38
Sound Pressure Level	H / SL	dB(A)	46 / 43	46 / 43
Sound Power Level	H	dB	61	61
Drawing No.			3D070569A	3D070570A

Note: ■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

Cooling	Piping Length
Indoor ; 27°CDB / 19°CWB Outdoor ; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	5 m

Conversion Formulae
kcal/h = kW × 860 Btu/h = kW × 3412 cfm = m³/min × 35.3

50 Hz, 220 - 230 - 240 V

Model	Indoor Unit		FTXS35J2V1B	FTXS42J2V1B
	Outdoor Unit		RKS35J2V1B	RKS42J2V1B
Capacity Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		kW	3.5 (1.4 ~ 4.0)	4.2 (1.7 ~ 5.0)
		Btu/h	11,900 (4,800 ~ 13,600)	14,300 (5,800 ~ 17,100)
		kcal/h	3,010 (1,200 ~ 3,440)	3,010 (1,460 ~ 4,300)
Moisture Removal		L/h	1.9	2.3
Running Current (Rated)		A	4.4 - 4.2 - 4.0	6.1 - 5.8 - 5.6
Power Consumption Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		W	860 (350 ~ 1,190)	1,210 (440 ~ 2,330)
Power Factor		%	88.8 - 89.0 - 89.6	90.2 - 90.7 - 90.0
EER (Cooling) Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		W/W	4.07 (4.00 ~ 3.36)	3.47 (3.86 ~ 2.24)
Piping Connections	Liquid	mm	ϕ 6.4	ϕ 6.4
	Gas	mm	ϕ 9.5	ϕ 9.5
	Drain	mm	ϕ 18.0	ϕ 18.0
Heat Insulation			Both Liquid and Gas Pipes	Both Liquid and Gas Pipes
Max. Interunit Piping Length		m	20	20
Max. Interunit Height Difference		m	15	15
Chargeless		m	10	10
Amount of Additional Charge of Refrigerant		g/m	20	20
Indoor Unit			**FTXS35J2V1B**	**FTXS42J2V1B**
Front Panel Color			White	White
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	11.4 (403)	11.3 (399)
	M		8.7 (307)	9.0 (318)
	L		5.8 (205)	6.8 (240)
	SL		4.4 (155)	5.9 (208)
Fan	Type		Cross Flow Fan	Cross Flow Fan
	Motor Output	W	23	23
	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto
Air Direction Control			Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward	Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward
Air Filter			Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof	Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof
Running Current (Rated)		A	0.12 - 0.12 - 0.11	0.11 - 0.11 - 0.11
Power Consumption (Rated)		W	26 - 26 - 26	24 - 24 - 24
Power Factor		%	98.5 - 94.2 - 98.5	99.2 - 94.9 - 90.9
Temperature Control			Microcomputer Control	Microcomputer Control
Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	295 × 800 × 215	295 × 800 × 215
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	289 × 870 × 366	289 × 870 × 366
Weight (Mass)		kg	10	10
Gross Weight (Gross Mass)		kg	14	14
Sound Pressure Level	H / M / L / SL	dB(A)	45 / 37 / 29 / 23	45 / 39 / 33 / 30
Sound Power Level		dB	61	61
Outdoor Unit			**RKS35J2V1B**	**RKS42J2V1B**
Casing Color			Ivory White	Ivory White
Compressor	Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type	Hermetically Sealed Swing Type
	Model		1YC23AEXD	2YC36BXD
	Motor Output	W	600	1,100
Refrigerant Oil	Type		FVC50K	FVC50K
	Charge	L	0.375	0.65
Refrigerant	Type		R-410A	R-410A
	Charge	kg	1.20	1.30
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	36.0 (1,271)	37.3 (1,317)
	SL		30.1 (1,063)	30.6 (1,080)
Fan	Type		Propeller	Propeller
	Motor Output	W	23	50
Running Current (Rated)		A	4.3 - 4.1 - 3.9	6.0 - 5.7 - 5.5
Power Consumption (Rated)		W	834 - 834 - 834	1,186 - 1,186 - 1,186
Power Factor		%	88.2 - 88.4 - 89.1	89.8 - 90.5 - 89.8
Starting Current		A	4.4	6.1
Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	550 × 765 × 285	550 × 765 × 285
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	612 × 906 × 364	612 × 906 × 364
Weight (Mass)		kg	34	39
Gross Weight (Gross Mass)		kg	38	45
Sound Pressure Level	H / SL	dB(A)	48 / 44	48 / 44
Sound Power Level	H	dB	63	63
Drawing No.			3D070571A	3D070572A

Note: ■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

Cooling	Piping Length
Indoor ; 27°CDB / 19°CWB Outdoor ; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	5 m

Conversion Formulae
kcal/h = kW × 860 Btu/h = kW × 3412 cfm = m³/min × 35.3

50 Hz, 220 - 230 - 240 V

Model	Indoor Unit		FTXS50J2V1B	FTXS50J2V1B
	Outdoor Unit		RKS50J2V1B	RKS50J2V1B9
Capacity Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		kW	5.0 (1.7 ~ 5.3)	5.0 (1.7 ~ 5.3)
		Btu/h	17,100 (5,800 ~ 18,100)	17,100 (5,800 ~ 18,100)
		kcal/h	4,300 (1,460 ~ 4,560)	4,300 (1,460 ~ 4,560)
Moisture Removal		L/h	2.8	2.8
Running Current (Rated)		A	6.8 - 6.5 - 6.2	6.8 - 6.5 - 6.2
Power Consumption Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		W	1,460 (440 ~ 1,810)	1,460 (440 ~ 1,810)
Power Factor		%	97.6 - 97.7 - 98.1	97.6 - 97.7 - 98.1
EER (Cooling) Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		W/W	3.42 (3.86 ~ 2.24)	3.42 (3.86 ~ 2.24)
Piping Connections	Liquid	mm	ϕ 6.4	ϕ 6.4
	Gas	mm	ϕ 12.7	ϕ 12.7
	Drain	mm	ϕ 18.0	ϕ 18.0
Heat Insulation			Both Liquid and Gas Pipes	Both Liquid and Gas Pipes
Max. Interunit Piping Length		m	30	30
Max. Interunit Height Difference		m	20	20
Chargeless		m	10	10
Amount of Additional Charge of Refrigerant		g/m	20	20
Indoor Unit			**FTXS50J2V1B**	**FTXS50J2V1B**
Front Panel Color			White	White
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	11.6 (410)	11.6 (410)
	M		9.2 (325)	9.2 (325)
	L		7.0 (247)	7.0 (247)
	SL		6.0 (212)	6.0 (212)
Fan	Type		Cross Flow Fan	Cross Flow Fan
	Motor Output	W	23	23
	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto
Air Direction Control			Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward	Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward
Air Filter			Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof	Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof
Running Current (Rated)		A	0.12 - 0.12 - 0.11	0.12 - 0.12 - 0.11
Power Consumption (Rated)		W	26 - 26 - 26	26 - 26 - 26
Power Factor		%	98.5 - 94.2 - 98.5	98.5 - 94.2 - 98.5
Temperature Control			Microcomputer Control	Microcomputer Control
Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	295 × 800 × 215	295 × 800 × 215
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	289 × 870 × 366	289 × 870 × 366
Weight (Mass)		kg	10	10
Gross Weight (Gross Mass)		kg	14	14
Sound Pressure Level	H / M / L / SL	dB(A)	46 / 40 / 34 / 31	46 / 40 / 34 / 31
Sound Power Level		dB	62	62
Outdoor Unit			**RKS50J2V1B**	**RKS50J2V1B9**
Casing Color			Ivory White	Ivory White
Compressor	Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type	Hermetically Sealed Swing Type
	Model		2YC36BXD	2YC36BXD
	Motor Output	W	1,100	1,100
Refrigerant Oil	Type		FVC50K	FVC50K
	Charge	L	0.65	0.65
Refrigerant	Type		R-410A	R-410A
	Charge	kg	1.70	1.70
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	50.9 (1,797)	50.9 (1,797)
	SL		48.9 (1,727)	48.9 (1,727)
Fan	Type		Propeller	Propeller
	Motor Output	W	53	53
Running Current (Rated)		A	6.7 - 6.4 - 6.1	6.7 - 6.4 - 6.1
Power Consumption (Rated)		W	1,434 - 1,434 - 1,434	1,434 - 1,434 - 1,434
Power Factor		%	97.3 - 97.4 - 98.0	97.3 - 97.4 - 98.0
Starting Current		A	6.8	6.8
Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	735 × 825 × 300	735 × 825 × 300
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	797 × 960 × 390	797 × 960 × 390
Weight (Mass)		kg	47	46
Gross Weight (Gross Mass)		kg	52	51
Sound Pressure Level	H / SL	dB(A)	48 / 44	48 / 44
Sound Power Level	H	dB	63	63
Drawing No.			3D070573A	C: 3D070573A

Note: ■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

Cooling	Piping Length
Indoor ; 27°CDB / 19°CWB Outdoor ; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	5 m

Conversion Formulae
kcal/h = kW × 860 Btu/h = kW × 3412 cfm = m³/min × 35.3

1.2 Heat Pump

50 Hz, 220 - 230 - 240 V

Model	Indoor Unit		FTXS20J2V1B		FTXS25J2V1B	
	Outdoor Unit		RXS20J2V1B		RXS25J2V1B	
			Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
Capacity Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		kW	2.0 (1.3 ~ 2.8)	2.7 (1.3 ~ 4.3)	2.5 (1.3 ~ 3.2)	3.3 (1.3 ~ 4.7)
		Btu/h	6,800 (4,400 ~ 9,600)	9,200 (4,400 ~ 14,700)	8,500 (4,400 ~ 10,900)	11,600 (4,400 ~ 16,000)
		kcal/h	1,720 (1,120 ~ 2,410)	2,320 (1,120 ~ 3,700)	2,150 (1,120 ~ 2,750)	2,840 (1,120 ~ 4,040)
Moisture Removal		L/h	0.9	—	1.2	—
Running Current (Rated)		A	2.6 - 2.5 - 2.4	3.5 - 3.4 - 3.2	3.1 - 2.9 - 2.8	4.0 - 3.9 - 3.7
Power Consumption Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		W	450 (320 ~ 810)	610 (310 ~ 1,290)	535 (320 ~ 810)	710 (310 ~ 1,290)
Power Factor		%	78.7 - 78.3 - 78.1	79.2 - 78.0 - 79.4	78.4 - 80.2 - 79.6	80.7 - 79.2 - 80.0
EER (Cooling) / COP (Heating) Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		W/W	4.44 (4.06 ~ 3.95)	4.43 (4.19 ~ 3.64)	4.67 (4.06 ~ 3.95)	4.65 (4.19 ~ 3.64)
Piping Connections	Liquid	mm	ϕ 6.4		ϕ 6.4	
	Gas	mm	ϕ 9.5		ϕ 9.5	
	Drain	mm	ϕ 18.0		ϕ 18.0	
Heat Insulation			Both Liquid and Gas Pipes		Both Liquid and Gas Pipes	
Max. Interunit Piping Length		m	20		20	
Max. Interunit Height Difference		m	15		15	
Chargeless		m	10		10	
Amount of Additional Charge of Refrigerant		g/m	20		20	
Indoor Unit			**FTXS20J2V1B**		**FTXS25J2V1B**	
Front Panel Color			White		White	
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	9.4 (332)	9.9 (350)	10.8 (381)	11.9 (420)
	M		7.4 (261)	8.2 (290)	7.9 (279)	9.1 (321)
	L		5.5 (194)	6.6 (233)	5.2 (184)	6.4 (226)
	SL		4.1 (145)	6.2 (219)	3.7 (131)	5.9 (208)
Fan	Type		Cross Flow Fan		Cross Flow Fan	
	Motor Output	W	23		23	
	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto		5 Steps, Quiet, Auto	
Air Direction Control			Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward		Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward	
Air Filter			Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof		Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof	
Running Current (Rated)		A	0.09 - 0.08 - 0.08	0.10 - 0.10 - 0.09	0.09 - 0.08 - 0.08	0.10 - 0.10 - 0.09
Power Consumption (Rated)		W	18 - 18 - 18	21 - 21 - 21	18 - 18 - 18	21 - 21 - 21
Power Factor		%	90.9 - 97.8 - 93.8	95.5 - 91.3 - 97.2	90.9 - 97.8 - 93.8	95.5 - 91.3 - 97.2
Temperature Control			Microcomputer Control		Microcomputer Control	
Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	295 × 800 × 215		295 × 800 × 215	
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	289 × 870 × 366		289 × 870 × 366	
Weight (Mass)		kg	9		9	
Gross Weight (Gross Mass)		kg	13		13	
Sound Pressure Level	H / M / L / SL	dB(A)	38 / 32 / 25 / 22	38 / 33 / 28 / 25	41 / 33 / 25 / 22	42 / 35 / 28 / 25
Sound Power Level		dB	54	54	57	58
Outdoor Unit			**RXS20J2V1B**		**RXS25J2V1B**	
Casing Color			Ivory White		Ivory White	
Compressor	Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type	
	Model		1YC23AEXD		1YC23AEXD	
	Motor Output	W	600		600	
Refrigerant Oil	Type		FVC50K		FVC50K	
	Charge	L	0.375		0.375	
Refrigerant	Type		R-410A		R-410A	
	Charge	kg	0.80		1.00	
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	36.2 (1,278)	30.6 (1,080)	33.5 (1,183)	28.3 (999)
	SL		32.7 (1,155)	28.5 (1,006)	30.1 (1,063)	25.6 (904)
Fan	Type		Propeller		Propeller	
	Motor Output	W	23		23	
Running Current (Rated)		A	2.5 - 2.4 - 2.3	3.4 - 3.3 - 3.1	3.0 - 2.8 - 2.7	3.9 - 3.8 - 3.6
Power Consumption (Rated)		W	432 - 432 - 432	589 - 589 - 589	517 - 517 - 517	689 - 689 - 689
Power Factor		%	78.5 - 78.3 - 78.3	78.7 - 77.6 - 79.2	78.3 - 80.3 - 79.8	80.3 - 78.8 - 79.7
Starting Current		A	3.5		4.0	
Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	550 × 765 × 285		550 × 765 × 285	
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	612 × 906 × 364		612 × 906 × 364	
Weight (Mass)		kg	32		34	
Gross Weight (Gross Mass)		kg	35		38	
Sound Pressure Level	H / SL	dB(A)	46 / 43	47 / 44	46 / 43	47 / 44
Sound Power Level	H	dB	61	62	61	62
Drawing No.			3D070564A		3D070565A	

Note: ■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

Cooling	Heating	Piping Length
Indoor ; 27°CDB / 19°CWB Outdoor ; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB Outdoor ; 7°CDB / 6°CWB	5 m

Conversion Formulae
kcal/h = kW × 860 Btu/h = kW × 3412 cfm = m³/min × 35.3

50 Hz, 220 - 230 - 240 V

Model	Indoor Unit		FTXS35J2V1B		FTXS42J2V1B	
	Outdoor Unit		RXS35J2V1B		RXS42J2V1B	
			Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
Capacity Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		kW	3.5 (1.4 ~ 4.0)	4.0 (1.4 ~ 5.2)	4.2 (1.7 ~ 5.0)	5.4 (1.7 ~ 6.0)
		Btu/h	11,900 (4,800 ~ 13,600)	13,600 (4,800 ~ 17,700)	14,300 (5,800 ~ 17,100)	18,400 (5,800 ~ 20,500)
		kcal/h	3,010 (1,200 ~ 3,440)	3,440 (1,200 ~ 4,470)	3,010 (1,460 ~ 4,300)	3,440 (1,460 ~ 5,160)
Moisture Removal		L/h	1.9	—	2.3	—
Running Current (Rated)		A	4.4 - 4.2 - 4.0	4.8 - 4.6 - 4.4	6.1 - 5.8 - 5.6	7.2 - 6.9 - 6.6
Power Consumption Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		W	860 (350 ~ 1,190)	950 (340 ~ 1,460)	1,210 (440 ~ 2,230)	1,450 (400 ~ 1,980)
Power Factor		%	88.8 - 89.0 - 89.6	90.0 - 89.8 - 90.0	90.2 - 90.7 - 90.0	91.5 - 91.4 - 91.5
EER (Cooling) / COP (Heating) Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		W/W	4.07 (4.00 ~ 3.36)	4.21 (4.12 ~ 3.56)	3.47 (3.86 ~ 2.24)	3.72 (4.25 ~ 3.03)
Piping Connections	Liquid	mm	ϕ6.4		ϕ6.4	
	Gas	mm	ϕ9.5		ϕ9.5	
	Drain	mm	ϕ18.0		ϕ18.0	
Heat Insulation			Both Liquid and Gas Pipes		Both Liquid and Gas Pipes	
Max. Interunit Piping Length		m	20		20	
Max. Interunit Height Difference		m	15		15	
Chargeless		m	10		10	
Amount of Additional Charge of Refrigerant		g/m	20		20	
Indoor Unit			**FTXS35J2V1B**		**FTXS42J2V1B**	
Front Panel Color			White		White	
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	11.4 (403)	12.4 (438)	11.3 (399)	12.2 (431)
	M		8.7 (307)	9.5 (335)	9.0 (318)	9.7 (343)
	L		5.8 (205)	6.8 (240)	6.8 (240)	7.3 (258)
	SL		4.4 (155)	6.0 (212)	5.9 (208)	6.4 (228)
Fan	Type		Cross Flow Fan		Cross Flow Fan	
	Motor Output	W	23		23	
	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto		5 Steps, Quiet, Auto	
Air Direction Control			Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward		Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward	
Air Filter			Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof		Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof	
Running Current (Rated)		A	0.12 - 0.12 - 0.11	0.13 - 0.13 - 0.12	0.11 - 0.11 - 0.11	0.14 - 0.14 - 0.13
Power Consumption (Rated)		W	26 - 26 - 26	28 - 28 - 28	24 - 24 - 24	30 - 30 - 30
Power Factor		%	98.5 - 94.2 - 98.5	97.9 - 93.6 - 97.2	99.2 - 94.9 - 90.9	97.4 - 93.2 - 96.2
Temperature Control			Microcomputer Control		Microcomputer Control	
Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	295 × 800 × 215		295 × 800 × 215	
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	289 × 870 × 366		289 × 870 × 366	
Weight (Mass)		kg	10		10	
Gross Weight (Gross Mass)		kg	14		14	
Sound Pressure Level	H / M / L / SL	dB(A)	45 / 37 / 29 / 23	45 / 39 / 29 / 26	45 / 39 / 33 / 30	45 / 39 / 33 / 30
Sound Power Level		dB	61	61	61	61
Outdoor Unit			**RXS35J2V1B**		**RXS42J2V1B**	
Casing Color			Ivory White		Ivory White	
Compressor	Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type	
	Model		1YC23AEXD		2YC36BXD	
	Motor Output	W	600		1,100	
Refrigerant Oil	Type		FVC50K		FVC50K	
	Charge	L	0.375		0.65	
Refrigerant	Type		R-410A		R-410A	
	Charge	kg	1.20		1.30	
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	36.0 (1,271)	28.3 (999)	37.3 (1,317)	31.3 (1,105)
	SL		30.1 (1,063)	25.6 (904)	30.6 (1,080)	27.2 (960)
Fan	Type		Propeller		Propeller	
	Motor Output	W	23		50	
Running Current (Rated)		A	4.3 - 4.1 - 3.9	4.7 - 4.5 - 4.3	6.0 - 5.7 - 5.5	7.1 - 6.8 - 6.5
Power Consumption (Rated)		W	834 - 834 - 834	922 - 922 - 922	1,186 - 1,186 - 1,186	1,420 - 1,420 - 1,420
Power Factor		%	88.2 - 88.4 - 89.1	89.2 - 89.1 - 89.3	89.8 - 90.5 - 89.8	90.9 - 90.8 - 91.0
Starting Current		A	4.8		7.2	
Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	550 × 765 × 285		550 × 765 × 285	
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	612 × 906 × 364		612 × 906 × 364	
Weight (Mass)		kg	34		39	
Gross Weight (Gross Mass)		kg	38		45	
Sound Pressure Level	H / SL	dB(A)	48 / 44	48 / 45	48 / 44	48 / 45
Sound Power Level	H	dB	63	63	63	63
Drawing No.			3D070566A		3D070567A	

Note: ■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

Cooling	Heating	Piping Length
Indoor ; 27°CDB / 19°CWB Outdoor ; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB Outdoor ; 7°CDB / 6°CWB	5 m

Conversion Formulae
kcal/h = kW × 860 Btu/h = kW × 3412 cfm = m³/min × 35.3

50 Hz, 220 - 230 - 240 V

Model	Indoor Unit		FTXS50J2V1B		FTXS50J2V1B	
	Outdoor Unit		RXS50J2V1B		RXS50J2V1B9	
			Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
Capacity Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		kW	5.0 (1.7 ~ 5.3)	5.8 (1.7 ~ 6.5)	5.0 (1.7 ~ 5.3)	5.8 (1.7 ~ 6.5)
		Btu/h	17,100 (5,800 ~ 18,100)	19,800 (5,800 ~ 22,200)	17,100 (5,800 ~ 18,100)	19,800 (5,800 ~ 22,200)
		kcal/h	4,300 (1,460 ~ 4,560)	4,990 (1,460 ~ 5,590)	4,300 (1,460 ~ 4,560)	4,990 (1,460 ~ 5,590)
Moisture Removal		L/h	2.8	—	2.8	—
Running Current (Rated)		A	6.8 - 6.5 - 6.2	7.1 - 6.8 - 6.5	6.8 - 6.5 - 6.2	7.1 - 6.8 - 6.5
Power Consumption Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		W	1,460 (440 ~ 1,810)	1,530 (400 ~ 2,000)	1,460 (440 ~ 1,810)	1,530 (400 ~ 2,000)
Power Factor		%	97.6 - 97.7 - 98.1	98.0 - 97.8 - 98.1	97.6 - 97.7 - 98.1	98.0 - 97.8 - 98.1
EER (Cooling) / COP (Heating) Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		W/W	3.42 (3.86 ~ 2.24)	3.79 (4.25 ~ 3.03)	3.42 (3.86 ~ 2.24)	3.79 (4.25 ~ 3.03)
Piping Connections	Liquid	mm	ϕ 6.4		ϕ 6.4	
	Gas	mm	ϕ 12.7		ϕ 12.7	
	Drain	mm	ϕ 18.0		ϕ 18.0	
Heat Insulation			Both Liquid and Gas Pipes		Both Liquid and Gas Pipes	
Max. Interunit Piping Length		m	30		30	
Max. Interunit Height Difference		m	20		20	
Chargeless		m	10		10	
Amount of Additional Charge of Refrigerant		g/m	20		20	
Indoor Unit			**FTXS50J2V1B**		**FTXS50J2V1B**	
Front Panel Color			White		White	
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	11.6 (410)	12.1 (427)	11.6 (410)	12.1 (427)
	M		9.2 (325)	9.8 (346)	9.2 (325)	9.8 (346)
	L		7.0 (247)	7.6 (268)	7.0 (247)	7.6 (268)
	SL		6.0 (212)	6.7 (237)	6.0 (212)	6.7 (237)
Fan	Type		Cross Flow Fan		Cross Flow Fan	
	Motor Output	W	23		23	
	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto		5 Steps, Quiet, Auto	
Air Direction Control			Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward		Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward	
Air Filter			Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof		Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof	
Running Current (Rated)		A	0.12 - 0.12 - 0.11	0.15 - 0.14 - 0.14	0.12 - 0.12 - 0.11	0.15 - 0.14 - 0.14
Power Consumption (Rated)		W	26 - 26 - 26	32 - 32 - 32	26 - 26 - 26	32 - 32 - 32
Power Factor		%	98.5 - 94.2 - 98.5	97.0 - 99.4 - 95.2	98.5 - 94.2 - 98.5	97.0 - 99.4 - 95.2
Temperature Control			Microcomputer Control		Microcomputer Control	
Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	295 × 800 × 215		295 × 800 × 215	
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	289 × 870 × 366		289 × 870 × 366	
Weight (Mass)		kg	10		10	
Gross Weight (Gross Mass)		kg	14		14	
Sound Pressure Level	H / M / L / SL	dB(A)	46 / 40 / 34 / 31	47 / 41 / 34 / 31	46 / 40 / 34 / 31	47 / 41 / 34 / 31
Sound Power Level		dB	62	63	62	63
Outdoor Unit			**RXS50J2V1B**		**RXS50J2V1B9**	
Casing Color			Ivory White		Ivory White	
Compressor	Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type	
	Model		2YC36BXD		2YC36BXD	
	Motor Output	W	1,100		1,100	
Refrigerant Oil	Type		FVC50K		FVC50K	
	Charge	L	0.65		0.65	
Refrigerant	Type		R-410A		R-410A	
	Charge	kg	1.70		1.70	
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	50.9 (1,797)	45.0 (1,589)	50.9 (1,797)	45.0 (1,589)
	SL		48.9 (1,727)	43.1 (1,522)	48.9 (1,727)	43.1 (1,522)
Fan	Type		Propeller		Propeller	
	Motor Output	W	53		53	
Running Current (Rated)		A	6.7 - 6.4 - 6.1	7.0 - 6.7 - 6.4	6.7 - 6.4 - 6.1	7.0 - 6.7 - 6.4
Power Consumption (Rated)		W	1,434 - 1,434 - 1,434	1,498 - 1,498 - 1,498	1,434 - 1,434 - 1,434	1,498 - 1,498 - 1,498
Power Factor		%	97.3 - 97.4 - 98.0	97.3 - 97.2 - 97.5	97.3 - 97.4 - 98.0	97.3 - 97.2 - 97.5
Starting Current		A	7.1		7.1	
Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	735 × 825 × 300		735 × 825 × 300	
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)		mm	797 × 960 × 390		797 × 960 × 390	
Weight (Mass)		kg	48		47	
Gross Weight (Gross Mass)		kg	53		52	
Sound Pressure Level	H / SL	dB(A)	48 / 44	48 / 45	48 / 44	48 / 45
Sound Power Level	H	dB	63	63	63	63
Drawing No.			3D070568A		C: 3D070568A	

Note: ■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

Cooling	Heating	Piping Length
Indoor ; 27°CDB / 19°CWB Outdoor ; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB Outdoor ; 7°CDB / 6°CWB	5 m

Conversion Formulae
kcal/h = kW × 860 Btu/h = kW × 3412 cfm = m³/min × 35.3

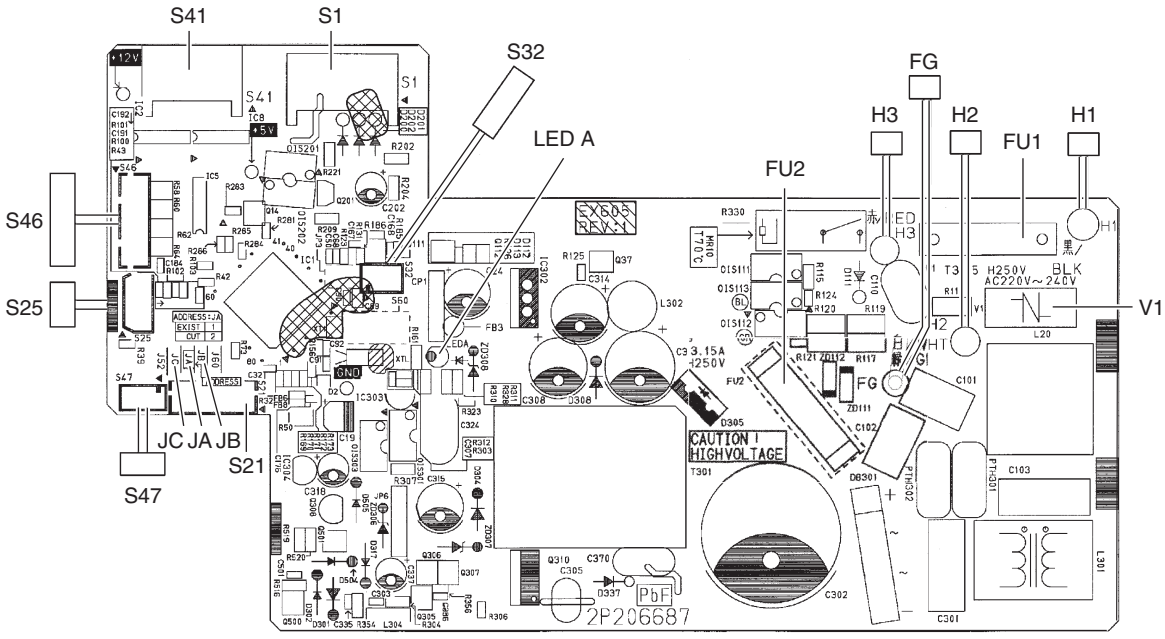
Part 3
Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram

1. Indoor Unit....12
2. Outdoor Unit....14
   2.1 RK(X)S20/25/35J2V1B....14
   2.2 RK(X)S42J2V1B....16
   2.3 RK(X)S50J2V1B....17
   2.4 RK(X)S50J2V1B9....19

1. Indoor Unit

Control PCB (PCB1)

1)	S1	Connector for DC fan motor
2)	S21	Connector for centralized control (HA)
3)	S25	Connector for INTELLIGENT EYE sensor PCB
4)	S32	Indoor heat exchanger thermistor
5)	S41	Connector for swing motors
6)	S46	Connector for display PCB
7)	S47	Connector for signal receiver PCB
8)	H1, H2, H3	Connector for terminal board (indoor - outdoor transmission)
9)	FG	Connector for terminal board (frame ground)
10)	JA	Address setting jumper ∗ Refer to page 125 for detail.
11)	JB	Fan speed setting when compressor stops for thermostat OFF ∗ Refer to page 129 for detail.
12)	JC	Power failure recovery function (auto-restart) ∗ Refer to page 129 for detail.
13)	LED A	LED for service monitor (green)
14)	FU1 (F1U), FU2	Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)
15)	V1	Varistor



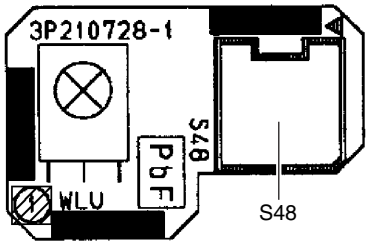
2P206687-1

Caution **Replace the PCB if you accidentally cut a wrong jumper.**
Jumpers are necessary for electronic circuit. Improper operation may occur if you cut any of them.

Note: The symbols in the parenthesis are the names on the appropriate wiring diagram.

Signal Receiver PCB (PCB2)

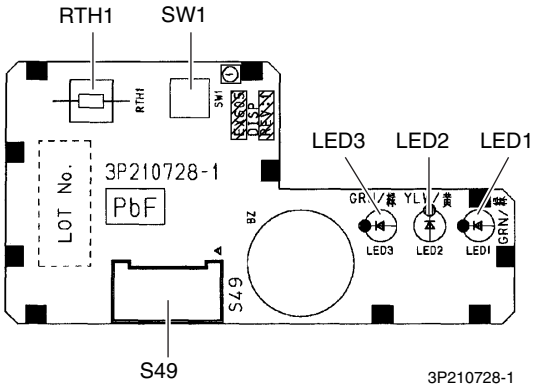
1) S48 Connector for control PCB



3P210728-1

Display PCB (PCB3)

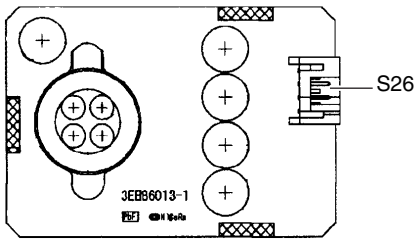
1) S49 Connector for control PCB
2) SW1 Forced cooling operation **ON/OFF** button
   * Refer to page 122 for detail.
3) LED1 (H1P) LED for operation (green)
4) LED2 (H2P) LED for timer (yellow)
5) LED3 (H3P) LED for INTELLIGENT EYE (green)
6) RTH1 (R1T) Room temperature thermistor



3P210728-1

INTELLIGENT EYE Sensor PCB (PCB4)

1) S26 Connector for control PCB



3EB86013-1

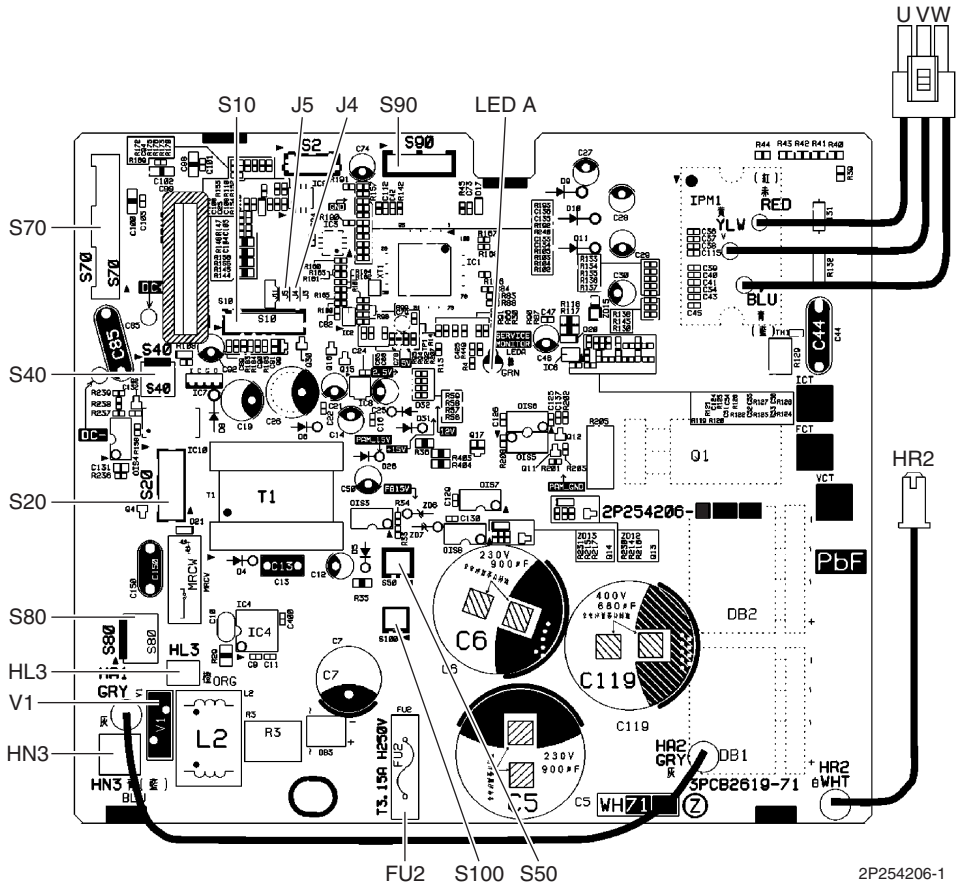
Note: The symbols in the parenthesis are the names on the appropriate wiring diagram.

2. Outdoor Unit

2.1 RK(X)S20/25/35J2V1B

Main PCB (PCB2)

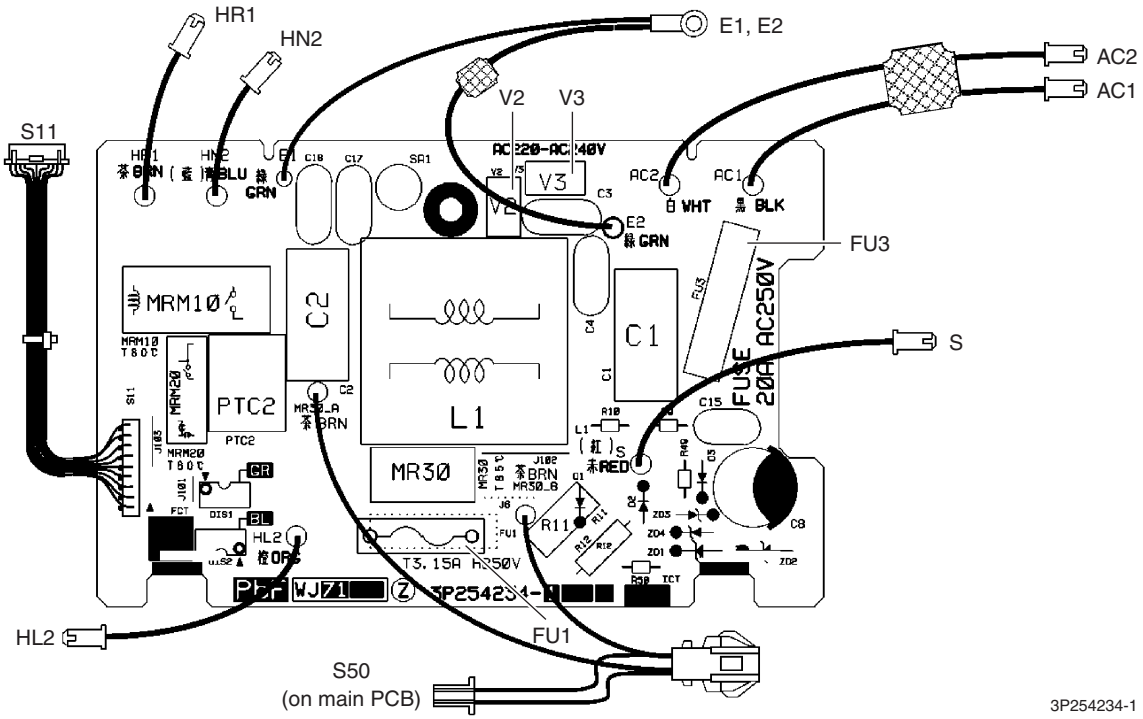
1) S10	Connector for filter PCB
2) S20	Connector for electronic expansion valve coil
3) S40	Connector for overload protector
4) S50	Connector for magnetic relay
5) S70	Connector for DC fan motor
6) S80	Connector for four way valve coil (heat pump model only)
7) S90	Connector for thermistors (outdoor temperature, outdoor heat exchanger, discharge pipe)
8) S100	Connector for forced operation button PCB
9) HL3, HN3	Connector for filter PCB
10) HR2	Connector for reactor
11) U, V, W	Connector for compressor
12) FU2	Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)
13) LED A	LED for service monitor (green)
14) V1	Varistor
15) J4	Jumper for facility setting ∗ Refer to page 127 for detail.
16) J5	Jumper for improvement of defrost performance ∗ Refer to page 129 for detail.



Caution **Replace the PCB if you accidentally cut a wrong jumper.**
Jumpers are necessary for electronic circuit. Improper operation may occur if you cut any of them.

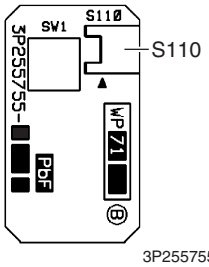
Filter PCB (PCB1)

1)	S11	Connector for main PCB
2)	AC1, AC2, S	Connector for terminal board
3)	E1, E2	Terminal for earth wire
4)	HL2, HN2	Connector for main PCB
5)	HR1	Connector for reactor
6)	FU1	Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)
7)	FU3	Fuse (20 A, 250 V)
8)	V2, V3	Varistor



Forced Operation Button PCB (PCB3)

1)	S110	Connector for main PCB

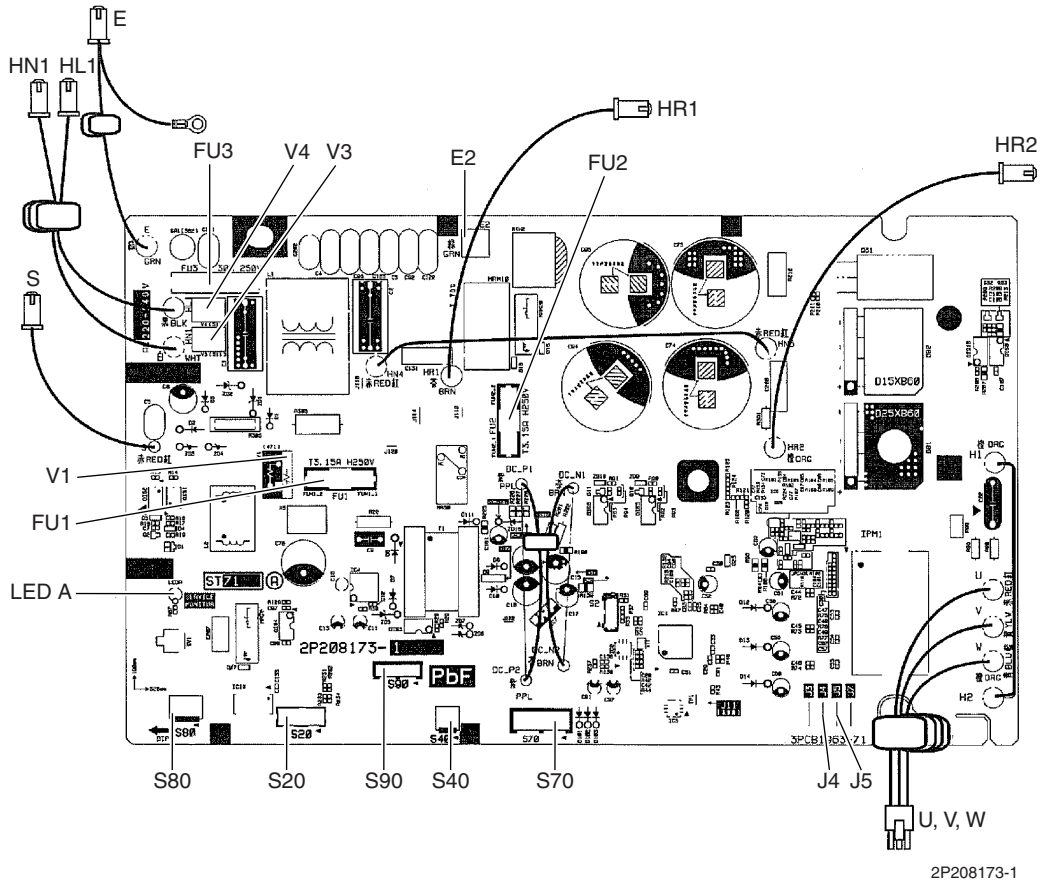


★ The switch SW1 has no function.

2.2 RK(X)S42J2V1B

Main PCB (PCB 1)

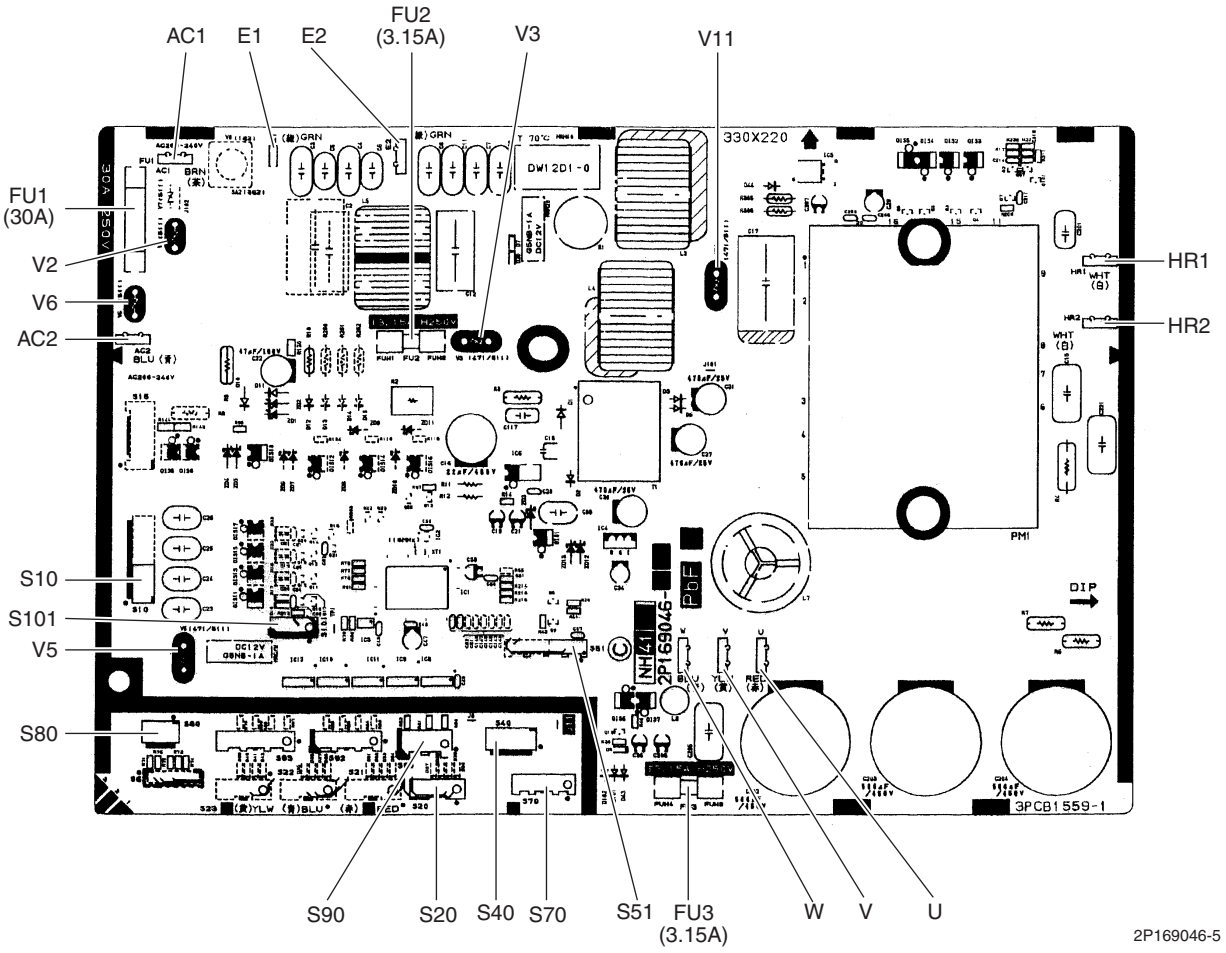
1)	S20	Connector for electronic expansion valve coil
2)	S40	Connector for overload protector
3)	S70	Connector for fan motor
4)	S80	Connector for four way valve coil (heat pump model only)
5)	S90	Connector for thermistors (outdoor temperature, outdoor heat exchanger, discharge pipe)
6)	U, V, W	Connector for compressor
7)	HL1, HN1, S	Connector for terminal board
8)	E, E2	Connector for earth
9)	HR1, HR2	Connector for reactor
10)	LED A	LED for service monitor (green)
11)	FU1, FU2	Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)
12)	FU3	Fuse (30 A, 250 V)
13)	J4	Jumper for facility setting ∗ Refer to page 127 for detail.
14)	J5	Jumper for improvement of defrost performance ∗ Refer to page 129 for detail.
15)	V1, V3, V4	Varistor



2.3 RK(X)S50J2V1B

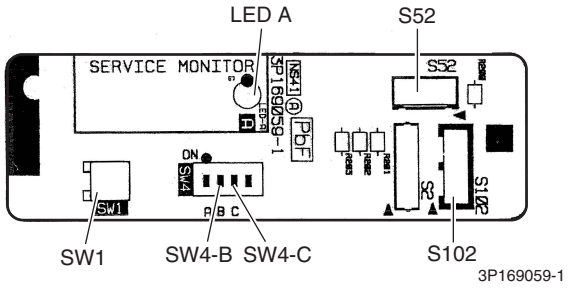
Main PCB (PCB 1)

1) S10	Connector for terminal board (indoor - outdoor transmission)
2) S20	Connector for electronic expansion valve coil
3) S40	Connector for overload protector
4) S51, S101	Connector for service monitor PCB
5) S70	Connector for fan motor
6) S80	Connector for four way valve coil (heat pump model only)
7) S90	Connector for thermistors (outdoor temperature, outdoor heat exchanger, discharge pipe)
8) AC1, AC2	Connector for terminal board (power supply)
9) HR1, HR2	Connector for reactor
10) E1, E2	Connector for earth wire
11) U, V, W	Connector for compressor
12) FU1	Fuse (30 A, 250 V)
13) FU2, FU3	Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)
14) V2, V3, V5, V6, V11	Varistor



Service Monitor PCB (PCB 2)

1) S52, S102	Connector for main PCB
2) LED A	LED for service monitor (green)
3) SW1	Forced cooling operation ON/OFF button ∗ Refer to page 123 for detail.
4) SW4-B	Switch for facility setting ∗ Refer to page 128 for detail.
5) SW4-C	Switch for improvement of defrost performance ∗ Refer to page 129 for detail.

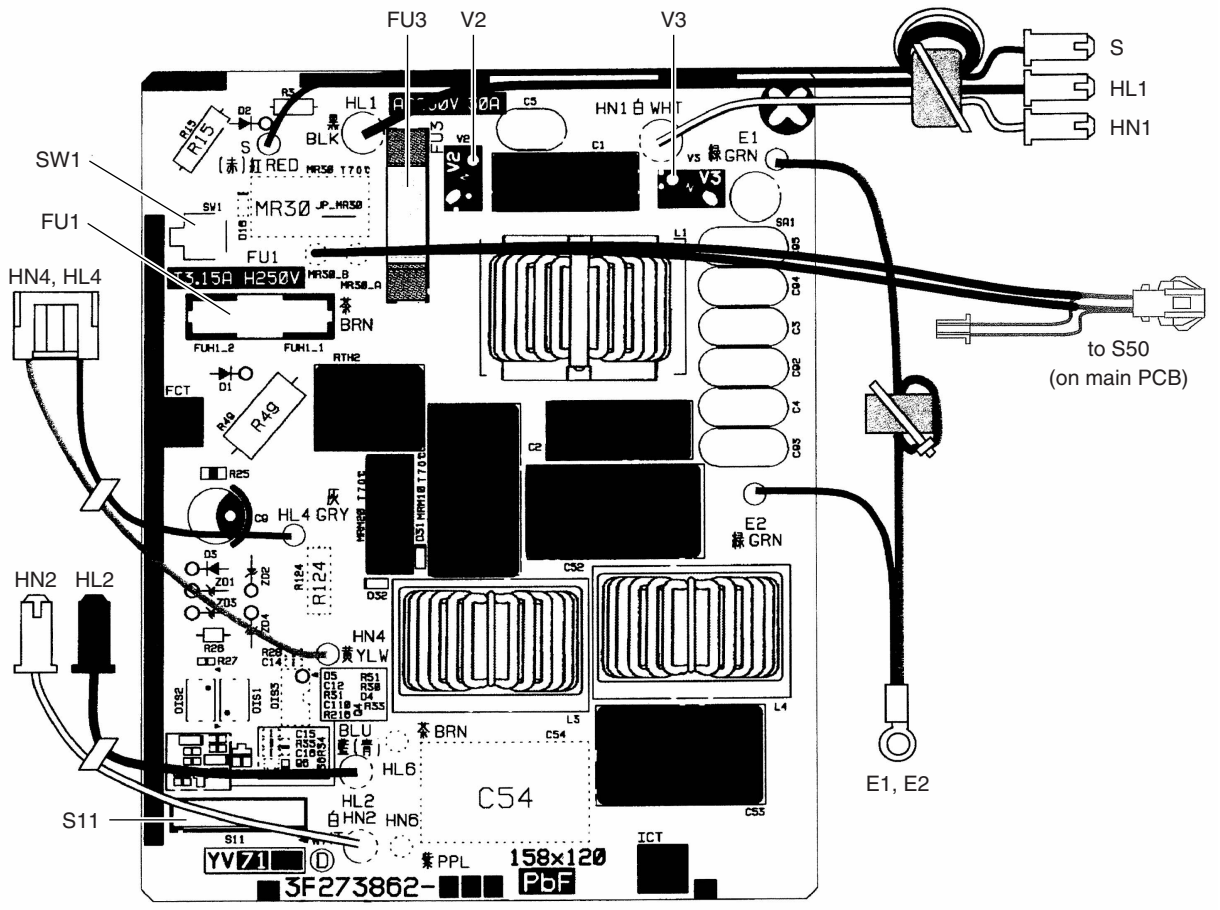


★ SW4-A has no function. Keep it OFF.

2.4 RK(X)S50J2V1B9

Filter PCB (PCB 1)

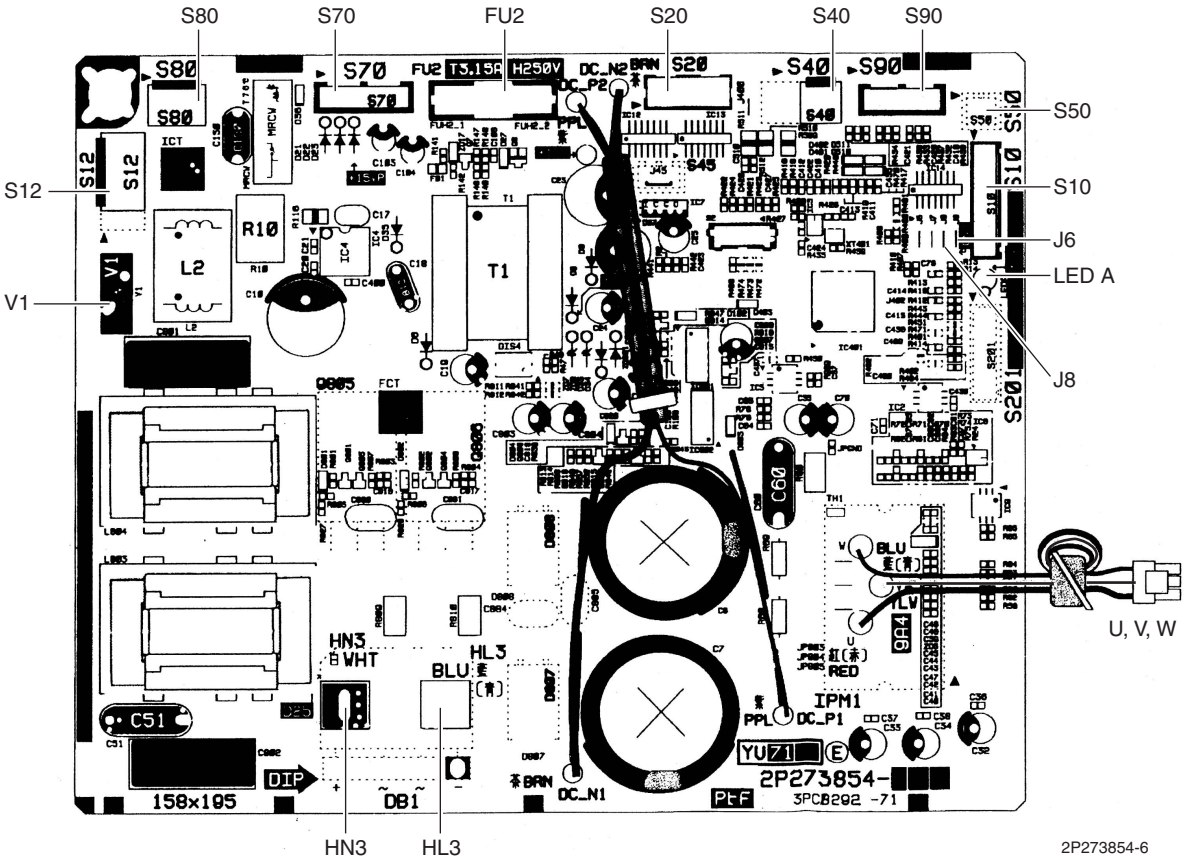
1)	S11	Connector for S10 on main PCB
2)	HL1, HN1, S	Connector for terminal board
3)	E1, E2	Terminal for earth wire
4)	HL2, HN2	Connector for HL3 and HN3 on main PCB
5)	HL4, HN4	Connector for S12 on main PCB
6)	FU1	Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)
7)	FU3	Fuse (30 A, 250 V)
8)	V2, V3	Varistor
9)	SW1	Forced cooling operation ON/OFF button
		∗ Refer to page 122 for detail.



3P273862-4

Main PCB (PCB 2)

1)	S10	Connector for S11 on filter PCB
2)	S12	Connector for HL4 and HN4 on filter PCB
3)	S20	Connector for electronic expansion valve coil
4)	S40	Connector for overload protector
5)	S50	Connector for magnetic relay
6)	S70	Connector for fan motor
7)	S80	Connector for four way valve coil (heat pump model only)
8)	S90	Connector for thermistors (outdoor temperature, outdoor heat exchanger, discharge pipe)
9)	HL3, HN3	Connector for HL2 and HN2 on filter PCB
10)	U, V, W	Terminal for compressor
11)	FU2	Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)
12)	LED A	LED for service monitor (green)
13)	V1	Varistor
14)	J6	Jumper for facility setting ∗ Refer to page 127 for detail.
15)	J8	Jumper for improvement of defrost performance ∗ Refer to page 129 for detail.



Caution **Replace the PCB if you accidentally cut a wrong jumper.**
Jumpers are necessary for electronic circuit. Improper operation may occur if you cut any of them.

Part 4
Function and Control

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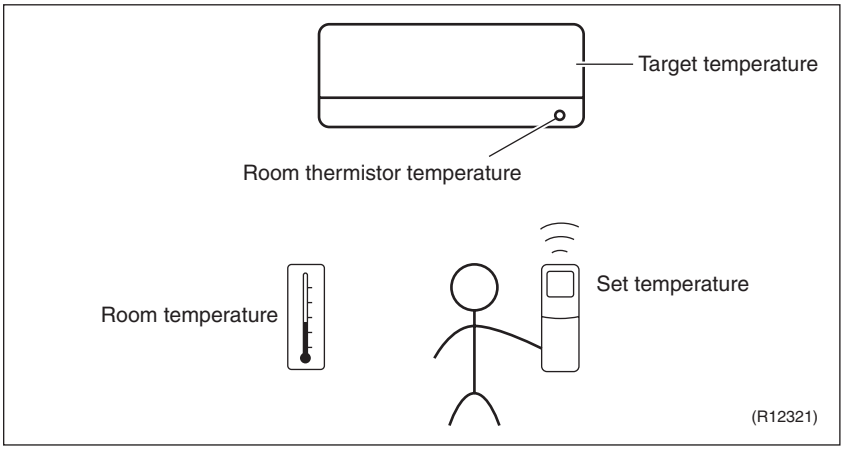
1. Main Functions

1.1 Temperature Control

Definitions of Temperatures

The definitions of temperatures are classified as following.

- Room temperature: temperature of lower part of the room
- Set temperature: temperature set by remote controller
- Room thermistor temperature: temperature detected by room temperature thermistor
- Target temperature: temperature determined by microcomputer



Temperature Control

The temperature of the room is detected by the room temperature thermistor. However, there is a difference between the temperature detected by room temperature thermistor and the temperature of lower part of the room, depending on the type of the indoor unit or installation condition. Practically, the temperature control is done by the target temperature appropriately adjusted for the indoor unit and the temperature detected by room temperature thermistor.

1.2 Frequency Principle

Control Parameters

The frequency of the compressor is controlled by the following 2 parameters:

- The load condition of the operating indoor unit
- The difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature

The target frequency is adapted by additional parameters in the following cases:

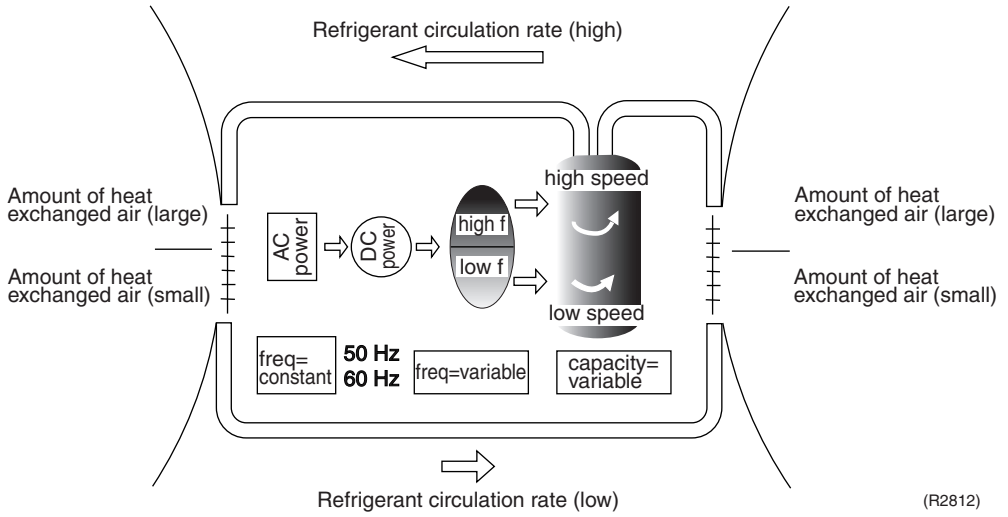
- Frequency restrictions
- Initial settings
- Forced cooling operation

Inverter Principle

To regulate the capacity, a frequency control is needed. The inverter makes it possible to control the rotation speed of the compressor. The following table explains the conversion principle:

Phase	Description
1	The supplied AC power source is converted into the DC power source for the present.
2	The DC power source is reconverted into the three phase AC power source with variable frequency. ■ When the frequency increases, the rotation speed of the compressor increases resulting in an increase of refrigerant circulation. This leads to a larger amount of heat exchange per unit. ■ When the frequency decreases, the rotation speed of the compressor decreases resulting in a decrease of refrigerant circulation. This leads to a smaller amount of heat exchange per unit.

The following drawing shows a schematic view of the inverter principle:



Inverter Features

The inverter provides the following features:

- The regulating capacity can be changed according to the changes in the outdoor temperature and cooling / heating load.
- Quick heating and quick cooling
  The rotation speed of the compressor is increased when starting the heating (or cooling). This enables to reach the set temperature quickly.
- Even during extreme cold weather, high capacity is achieved. It is maintained even when the outdoor temperature is 2°C.
- Comfortable air conditioning
  A fine adjustment is integrated to keep the room temperature constant.
- Energy saving heating and cooling
  Once the set temperature is reached, the energy saving operation enables to maintain the room temperature at low power.

Frequency Limits

The following functions regulate the minimum and maximum frequency:

Frequency	Functions
Low	■ Four way valve operation compensation. Refer to page 46.
High	■ Compressor protection function. Refer to page 46. ■ Discharge pipe temperature control. Refer to page 47. ■ Input current control. Refer to page 48. ■ Freeze-up protection control. Refer to page 49. ■ Heating peak-cut control. Refer to page 49. ■ Defrost control. Refer to page 51.

Forced Cooling Operation

Refer to page 122 for detail.

1.3 Airflow Direction Control

Power-Airflow Dual Flaps

The large flap sends a large volume of air downward to the floor and provides an optimum control in cooling, dry, and heating operation.

<Cooling / Dry>
During cooling or dry operation, the flap retracts into the indoor unit. Then, cool air can be blown far and distributed all over the room.

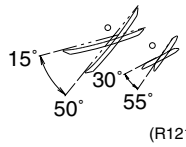
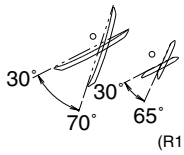
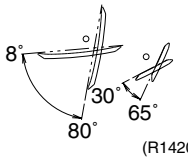
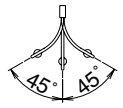
<Heating>
During heating operation, the large flap directs airflow downward to spread the warm air to the entire room.

Wide-Angle Louvers

The louvers, made of elastic synthetic resin, provide a wide range of airflow that guarantees comfortable air distribution.

Auto-Swing

The following table explains the auto-swing process for cooling, dry, heating, and fan:

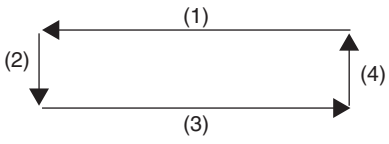
Flap (up and down)			Louver (right and left)
Cooling / Dry	Heating	Fan	
 (R12182)	 (R11402)	 (R14208)	 (R11404)

3-D Airflow

Alternative repetition of vertical and horizontal swing motions enables uniform air-conditioning of the entire room.

When the horizontal swing and vertical swing are both set to automatic operation, the airflow becomes 3-D airflow. The horizontal and vertical swing motions are alternated and the airflow direction changes in the order shown in the following diagram.

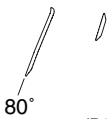
(1) The louvers move from the right to the left.
(2) The flaps move downward.
(3) The louvers move from the left to the right.
(4) The flaps move upward.



(R19554)

COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation

The flaps are controlled not to blow the air directly at the people in the room.

Cooling	Heating
 (R14189)	 (R12181)

1.4 Fan Speed Control for Indoor Unit

Outline

Phase control and fan speed control contains 9 steps: LLL, LL, SL, L, ML, M, MH, H, and HH. The airflow rate can be automatically controlled depending on the difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature.

Automatic Fan Speed Control

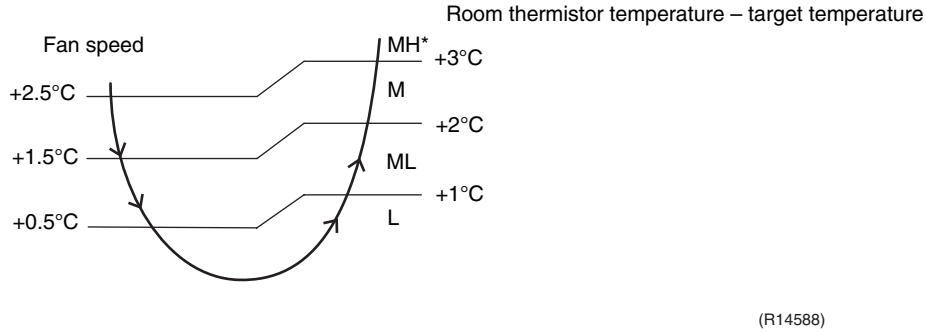
In automatic fan speed control, the step SL is not available.

Step	Cooling	Heating
LLL		
LL		
L		
ML		
M		
MH		
H		
HH (POWERFUL)	(R11681)	(R6834)

⟺ = The airflow rate is automatically controlled within this range when the **FAN** setting button is set to automatic.

<Cooling>

The following drawing explains the principle of fan speed control for cooling.



*The upper limit is M tap for 30 minutes from the operation start.

<Heating>

In heating operation, the fan speed is regulated according to the indoor heat exchanger temperature and the difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature.

COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation

- The fan speed is controlled automatically.
- The latest command has the priority between POWERFUL and COMFORT AIRFLOW.

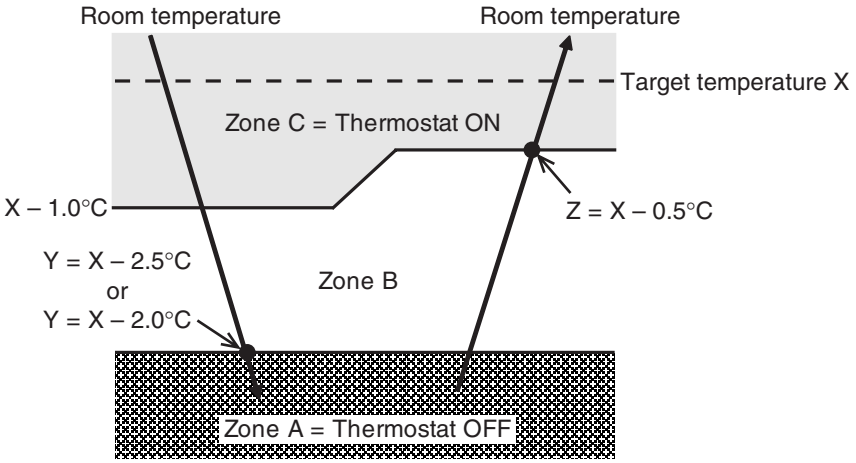
1.5 Program Dry Operation

Outline

Program dry operation removes humidity while preventing the room temperature from lowering. Since the microcomputer controls both the temperature and airflow rate, the temperature adjustment and **FAN** setting buttons are inoperable.

Detail

The microcomputer automatically sets the temperature and airflow rate. The difference between the room thermistor temperature at start-up and the target temperature is divided into two zones. Then, the unit operates in an appropriate capacity for each zone to maintain the temperature and humidity at a comfortable level.



(R22443)

Room thermistor temperature at start-up	Target temperature X	Thermostat OFF point Y	Thermostat ON point Z ★
24°C or more	Room thermistor temperature at start-up	X – 2.5°C	X – 0.5°C
18 ~ 23.5°C		X – 2.0°C	X – 0.5°C
17.5°C or less	18°C	X – 2.0°C = 16°C	X – 0.5°C = 17.5°C

★ Thermostat turns on also when the room temperature is in the zone B for 10 minutes.

1.6 Automatic Operation

Outline

Automatic Cooling / Heating Function

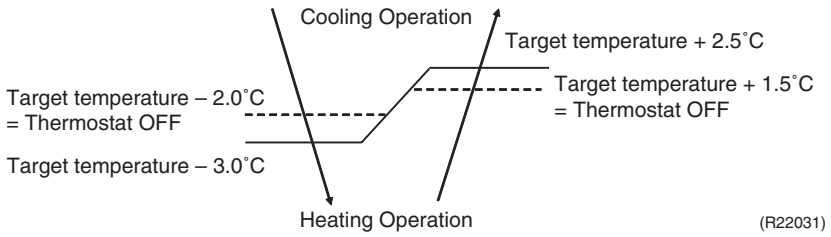
When the automatic operation is selected with the remote controller, the microcomputer automatically determines the operation mode as cooling or heating according to the room temperature and the set temperature at start-up.

The unit automatically switches the operation mode to maintain the room temperature at the set temperature.

Detail

Ts: set temperature (set by remote controller)
Tt: target temperature (determined by microcomputer)
Tr: room thermistor temperature (detected by room temperature thermistor)
C: correction value

1. The set temperature (Ts) determines the target temperature (Tt).
   (Ts = 18 ~ 30°C).
2. The target temperature (Tt) is calculated as;
   Tt = Ts + C
   where C is the correction value.
   C = 0°C
3. Thermostat ON/OFF point and operation mode switching point are as follows.
   Tr means the room thermistor temperature.
   (1) Heating → Cooling switching point:
   Tr ≥ Tt + 2.5°C
   (2) Cooling → Heating switching point:
   Tr < Tt – 3.0°C
   (3) Thermostat ON/OFF point is the same as the ON/OFF point of cooling or heating operation.
4. During initial operation
   Tr ≥ Ts : Cooling operation
   Tr < Ts : Heating operation



Ex: When the target temperature is 25°C
Cooling → 23.0°C: Thermostat OFF → 22.0°C: Switch to heating
Heating → 26.5°C: Thermostat OFF → 27.5°C: Switch to cooling

1.7 Thermostat Control

Outline

Thermostat control is based on the difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature.

Detail

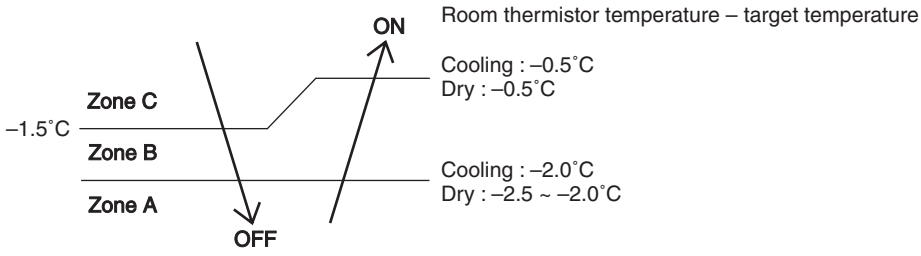
Thermostat OFF Condition

- The temperature difference is in the zone A.

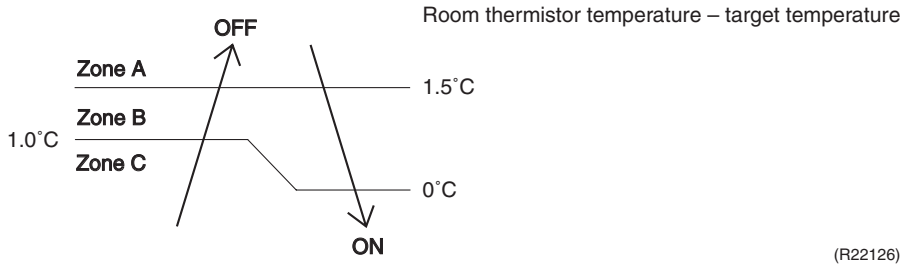
Thermostat ON Conditions

- The temperature difference returns to the zone C after being in the zone A.
- The system resumes from defrost control in any zones except A.
- The operation turns on in any zones except A.
- The monitoring time has passed while the temperature difference is in the zone B. (Cooling / Dry: 10 minutes, Heating: 10 seconds)

<Cooling / Dry>



<Heating>



Refer to Temperature Control on page 22 for detail.

1.8 NIGHT SET Mode

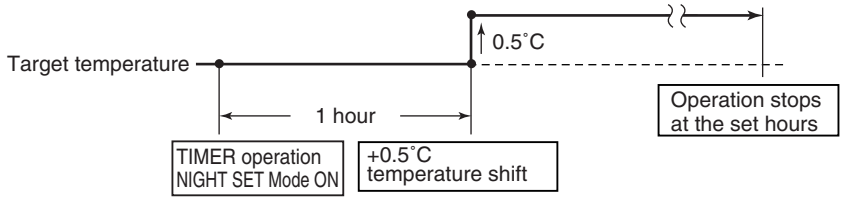
Outline

When the OFF TIMER is set, NIGHT SET Mode is automatically activated. NIGHT SET Mode keeps the airflow rate setting.

Detail

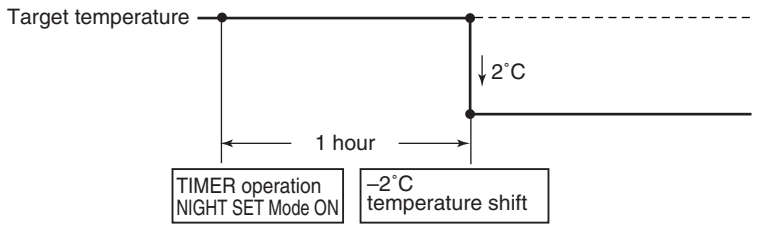
NIGHT SET Mode continues operation at the target temperature for the first one hour, then automatically raises the target temperature slightly in cooling, or lowers it slightly in heating. This prevents excessive cooling in summer and excessive heating in winter to ensure comfortable sleeping conditions, and also conserves electricity.

<Cooling>



(R22018)

<Heating>



(R22029)

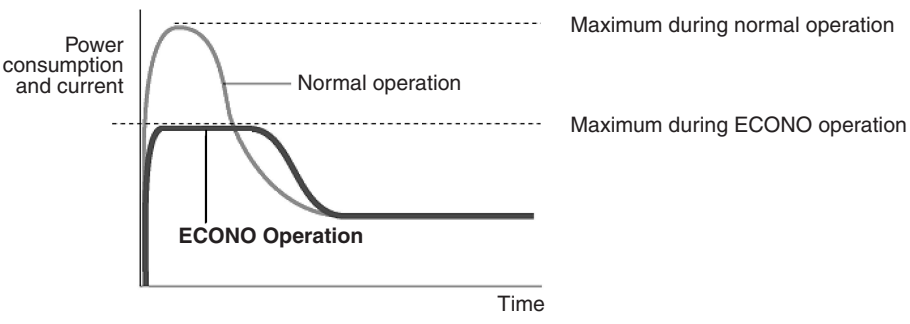
1.9 ECONO Operation

Outline

ECONO operation reduces the maximum operating current and the power consumption. This operation is particularly convenient for energy-saving. It is also a major bonus when breaker capacity does not allow the use of multiple electrical devices and air conditioners. It can be easily activated by pushing the **ECONO** button on the wireless remote controller.

Detail

- When this function is activated, the maximum capacity also decreases.
- The remote controller can send the ECONO command when the unit is in cooling, heating, dry, or automatic operation. This function can only be set when the unit is running. Pressing the **ON/OFF** button on the remote controller cancels the function.
- This function and POWERFUL operation cannot be used at the same time. The latest command has the priority.



(R19427)

1.10 2-Area INTELLIGENT EYE Operation

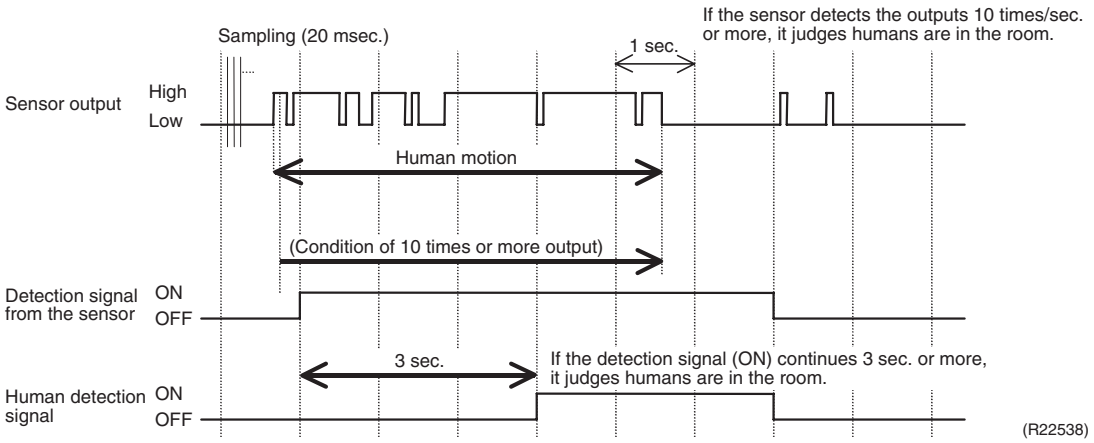
Outline

The following functions can be performed by a motion sensor (INTELLIGENT EYE).

1. Reduction of the capacity when there is nobody in the room in order to save electricity (energy saving operation)
2. Dividing the room into plural areas and detecting existence of humans in each area. Moving the airflow direction to the area with no human automatically to avoid direct airflow on humans.

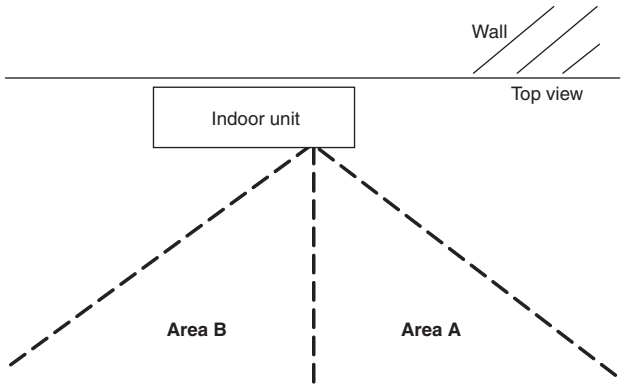
Detail

1. Detection method of INTELLIGENT EYE



- The sensor detects human motion by receiving infrared rays and displays the pulse wave output.
- The microcomputer in the indoor unit carries out a sampling every 20 msec. and if it detects 10 cycles of the wave in one second in total, and when the ON signal continues 3 sec., it judges human is in the room as the motion signal is ON.
- 2-area INTELLIGENT EYE sensor is divided into 2 areas and detects humans in each area.
- The sensor may detect human motion with up to 20 msec. latency.

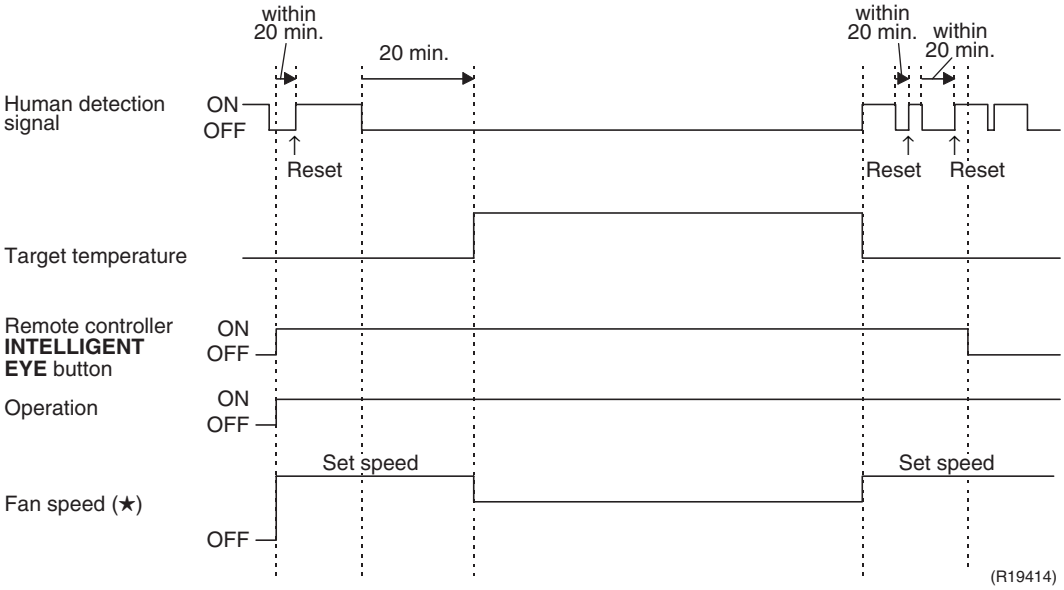
- Image of 2-area INTELLIGENT EYE



A microcomputer judges human presence by the sensor signal from each area A and B.

(R21087)

2. The motions (in cooling)

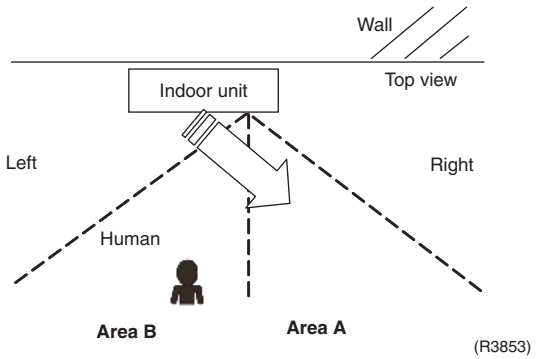


★ In FAN operation, the fan speed is reduced by 60 rpm.

■ When the microcomputer does not have a signal from the sensor in 20 minutes, it judges that nobody is in the room and operates the unit at a temperature shifted from the target temperature. (cooling / dry: 1 ~ 2°C higher)

3. Airflow direction in 2-area INTELLIGENT EYE operation

■ Detection method: The opposite area of detected area is set as the target direction.



1. Detection signal ON in both area A and B: Shift the airflow direction to area B (left side)
2. Detection signal ON in area A: Shift the airflow direction to area B (left side)
3. Detection signal ON in area B: Shift the airflow direction to area A (right side)
4. Detection signal OFF in both area A and B: No change

*When the detection signal is OFF for 20 minutes in both area A and B, the unit starts energy saving operation.

Note: For dry operation, the temperature cannot be set with a remote controller, but the target temperature is shifted internally.

1.11 Inverter POWERFUL Operation

Outline

In order to exploit the cooling and heating capacity to full extent, the air conditioner can be operated by increasing the indoor fan rotating speed and the compressor frequency.

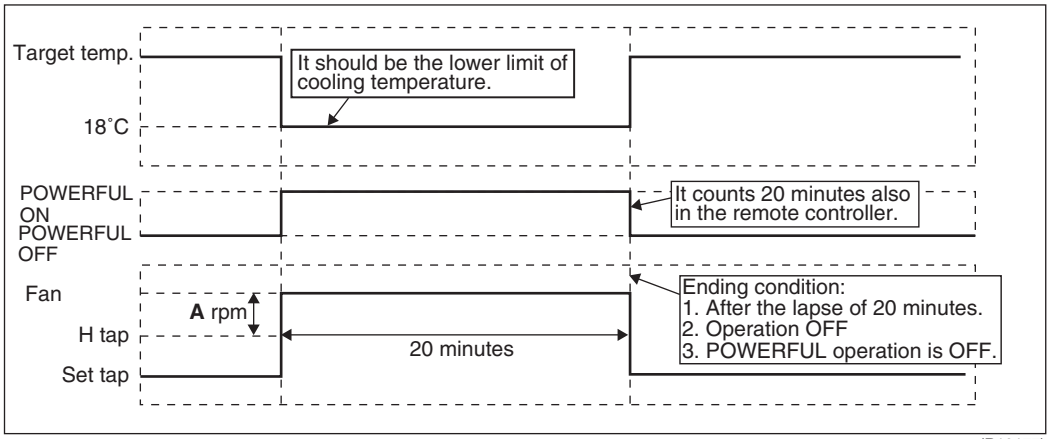
Detail

When the **POWERFUL** button is pressed, the fan speed and target temperature are converted to the following states for 20 minutes.

Operation mode	Fan speed	Target temperature
COOL	H tap + **A** rpm	18°C
DRY	Dry rotating speed + **A** rpm	Lowered by 2.5°C
HEAT	H tap + **A** rpm	31°C
FAN	H tap + **A** rpm	—
AUTO	Same as cooling / heating in POWERFUL operation	The target temperature is kept unchanged.

A = 50 rpm

Ex: POWERFUL operation in cooling.



(R19177)

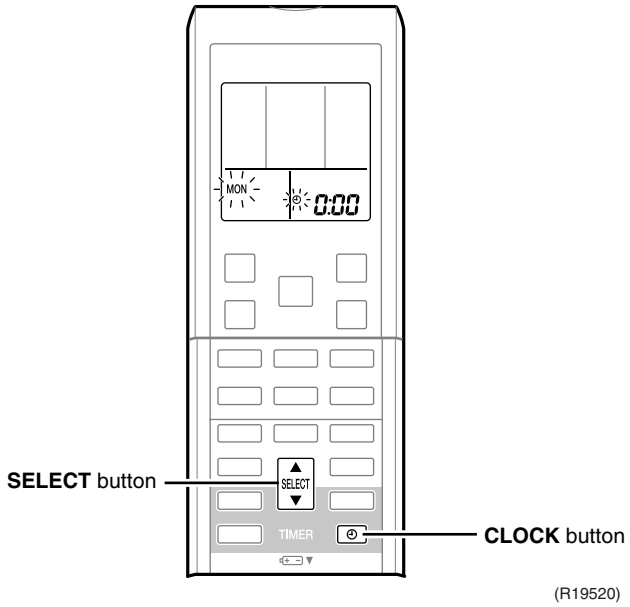
Note: POWERFUL Operation cannot be used together with ECONO or OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET Operation.

1.12 Clock Setting

ARC452 Series

The clock can be set by taking the following steps:

1. Press the **CLOCK** button.
   → 0:00 is displayed and **MON** and ⏲ blink.
2. Press the **SELECT** ▲ or ▼ button to set the clock to the current day of the week.
3. Press the **CLOCK** button.
   → ⏲ blinks.
4. Press the **SELECT** ▲ or ▼ button to set the clock to the present time.
   Holding down the **SELECT** ▲ or ▼ button increases or decreases the time display rapidly.
5. Press the **CLOCK** button. (Point the remote controller at the indoor unit when pressing the button.)
   → : blinks and clock setting is completed.



(R19520)

1.13 WEEKLY TIMER Operation

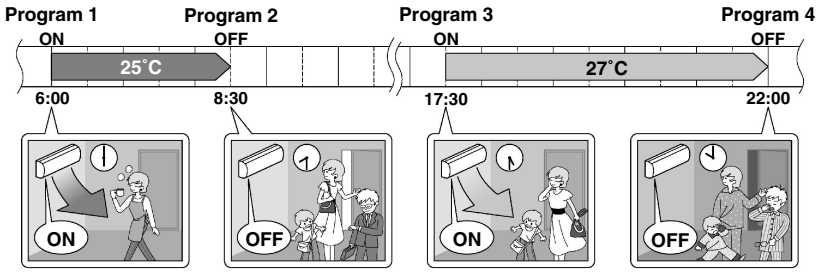
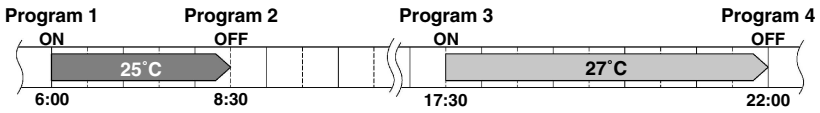
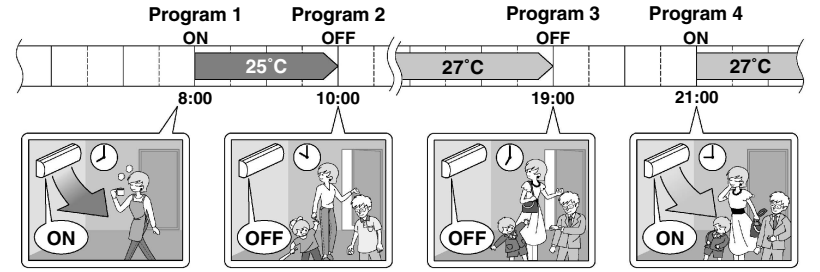
Outline

Up to 4 timer settings can be saved for each day of the week (up to 28 settings in total).
The 3 items: ON/OFF, temperature, and time can be set.

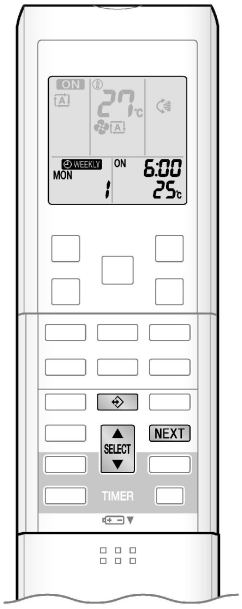
Detail

■ Using in these cases of WEEKLY TIMER

Example: The same timer settings are made for the week from Monday through Friday while different timer settings are made for the weekend.

Monday	Make timer settings up to programs 1-4. 
Tuesday to Friday	Use the copy mode to make settings for Tuesday to Friday, because these settings are the same as those for Monday. 
Saturday	No timer settings
Sunday	Make timer settings up to programs 1-4. 

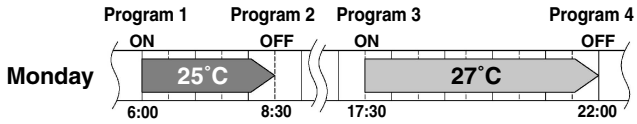
- Up to 4 reservations per day and 28 reservations per week can be set in the WEEKLY TIMER. The effective use of the copy mode ensures ease of making reservations.
- The use of ON-ON-ON-ON settings, for example, makes it possible to schedule operating mode and set temperature changes. Furthermore, by using OFF-OFF-OFF-OFF settings, only the turn off time of each day can be set. This will turn off the air conditioner automatically if the user forgets to turn it off.

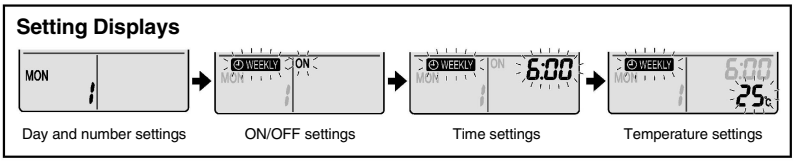


■ To use WEEKLY TIMER operation

Setting mode

• Make sure the day of the week and time are set. If not, set the day of the week and time.





1. Press [◈].

• The day of the week and the reservation number of the current day will be displayed.
• 1 to 4 settings can be made per day.

2. Press [SELECT] **to select the desired day of the week and reservation number.**

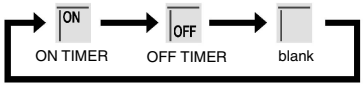
• Pressing [SELECT] changes the reservation number and the day of the week.

3. Press [NEXT].

• The day of the week and reservation number will be set.
• WEEKLY and ON blink.

4. Press [SELECT] **to select the desired mode.**

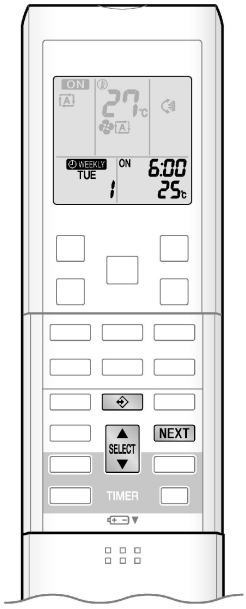
• Pressing [SELECT] changes ON or OFF setting in sequence.



• In case the reservation has already been set, selecting blank deletes the reservation.
• Go to **STEP *9*** if blank is selected.

5. Press [NEXT].

• The ON/OFF TIMER mode will be set.
• WEEKLY and the time blink.



6. Press SELECT to select the desired time.

- The time can be set between 0:00 and 23:50 in 10 minute intervals.
- To return to the ON/OFF TIMER mode setting, press BACK .
- Go to **STEP *9*** when setting the OFF TIMER.

7. Press NEXT .

- The time will be set.
- WEEKLY and the temperature blink.

8. Press SELECT to select the desired temperature.

- The temperature can be set between 10˚C and 32˚C.
  Cooling: The unit operates at 18˚C even if it is set at 10 to 17˚C.
  Heating: The unit operates at 30˚C even if it is set at 31 to 32˚C.
- To return to the time setting, press BACK .
- The set temperature is only displayed when the mode setting is on.

9. Press NEXT .

- The temperature will be set and go to the next reservation setting.
- To continue further settings, repeat the procedure from **STEP *4***.

10. Press ◈ to complete the setting.

- Be sure to direct the remote controller toward the indoor unit and check for a receiving tone and flashing the operation lamp.
- WEEKLY is displayed on the LCD and WEEKLY TIMER operation is activated.
- The TIMER lamp lights up.



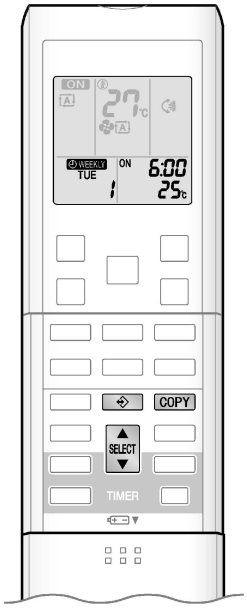
Display

- A reservation made once can be easily copied and the same settings used for another day of the week. Refer to **Copy mode** .

NOTE

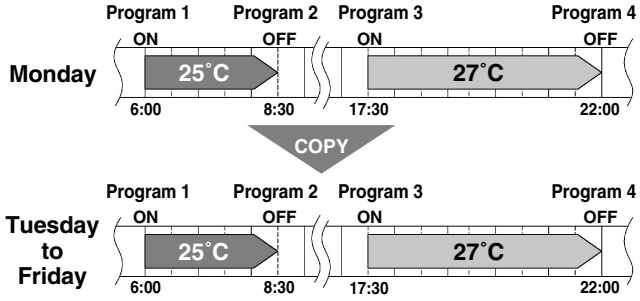
■ **Notes on WEEKLY TIMER operation**

- Do not forget to set the clock on the remote controller first.
- The day of the week, ON/OFF TIMER mode, time and set temperature (only for ON TIMER mode) can be set with WEEKLY TIMER. Other settings for ON TIMER are based on the settings just before the operation.
- Both WEEKLY TIMER and ON/OFF TIMER operation cannot be used at the same time. The ON/OFF TIMER operation has priority if it is set while WEEKLY TIMER is still active. The WEEKLY TIMER will go into standby state, and WEEKLY will disappear from the LCD. When ON/OFF TIMER is up, the WEEKLY TIMER will automatically become active.
- Only the time and set temperature with the WEEKLY TIMER are sent with the ◈ . Set the WEEKLY TIMER only after setting the operation mode, the airflow rate and the airflow direction ahead of time.
- Shutting the breaker off, power failure, and other similar events will render operation of the indoor unit's internal clock inaccurate. Reset the clock.
- The BACK can be used only for the time and temperature settings. It cannot be used to go back to the reservation number.

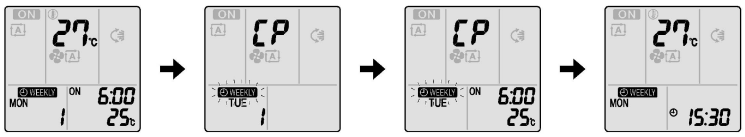


Copy mode

- A reservation made once can be copied to another day of the week. The whole reservation of the selected day of the week will be copied.



Setting Displays



1. Press [⏎].

2. Press [SELECT] to confirm the day of the week to be copied.

3. Press [COPY].

- The whole reservation of the selected day of the week will be copied.

4. Press [SELECT] to select the destination day of the week.

5. Press [COPY].

- The reservation will be copied to the selected day of the week. The whole reservation of the selected day of the week will be copied.
- To continue copying the settings to other days of the week, repeat **STEP *4*** and **STEP *5***.

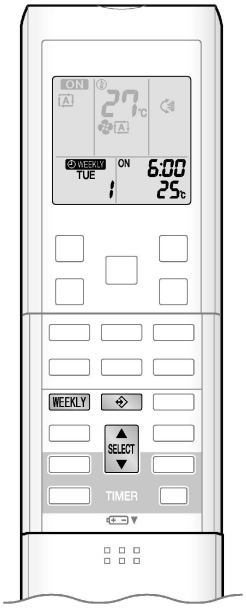
6. Press [⏎] to complete the setting.

- WEEKLY is displayed on the LCD and WEEKLY TIMER operation is activated.

NOTE

■ **Note on COPY MODE**

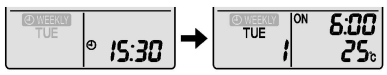
- The entire reservation of the source day of the week is copied in the copy mode.
  In the case of making a reservation change for any day of the week individually after copying the content of weekly reservations, press [⏎] and change the settings in the steps of **Setting mode**.



■ Confirming a reservation

- The reservation can be confirmed.

Setting Displays



Normal display Confirmation display

1. Press [◈].

- The day of the week and the reservation number of current day will be displayed.

2. Press [SELECT] to select the day of the week and the reservation number to be confirmed.

- Pressing [SELECT] displays the reservation details.
- To change the confirmed reserved settings, select the reservation number and press [NEXT].
  The mode is switched to setting mode. Go to **Setting mode** STEP ***4***.

3. Press [◈] to exit confirming mode.

- [WEEKLY] is displayed on the LCD and WEEKLY TIMER operation is activated.
- The TIMER lamp lights up.

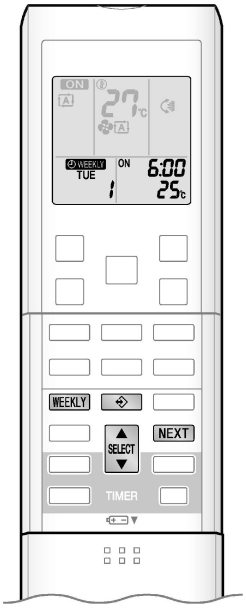


Display

■ To deactivate WEEKLY TIMER operation

Press [WEEKLY] while [WEEKLY] is displayed on the LCD.

- [WEEKLY] disappears from the LCD.
- The TIMER lamp goes off.
- To reactivate the WEEKLY TIMER operation, press [WEEKLY] again.
- If a reservation deactivated with [WEEKLY] is activated once again, the last reservation mode will be used.



■ To delete reservations

The individual reservation

1. Press [◈].

- The day of the week and the reservation number will be displayed.

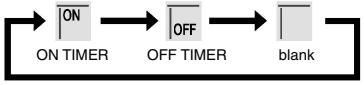
2. Press [SELECT] to select the day of the week and the reservation number to be deleted.

3. Press [NEXT].

- WEEKLY and ON or OFF blink.

4. Press [SELECT] and select blank.

- Pressing [SELECT] changes ON/OFF TIMER mode.
- The reservation will be no setting with selecting blank.



5. Press [NEXT].

- The selected reservation will be deleted.

6. Press [◈].

- If there are still other reservations, WEEKLY TIMER operation will be activated.

The reservations for each day of the week

- This function can be used for deleting reservations for each day of the week.
- It can be used while confirming or setting reservations.

1. Press [SELECT] to select the day of the week to be deleted.

2. Hold [WEEKLY] for 5 seconds.

- The reservation of the selected day of the week will be deleted.

All reservations

Hold [WEEKLY] for 5 seconds while normal display.

- Be sure to direct the remote controller toward the indoor unit and check for a receiving tone.
- This operation is not effective on the setting display of WEEKLY TIMER.
- All reservations will be deleted.

1.14 Other Functions

1.14.1 Hot-Start Function

In order to prevent the cold air blast that normally occurs when heating operation is started, the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger is detected, and the airflow is either stopped or significantly weakened resulting in comfortable heating.

Note: The cold air blast is prevented using similar control when defrost control starts or when the thermostat is turned ON.

1.14.2 Signal Receiving Sign

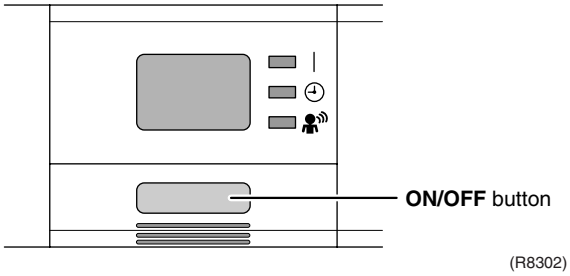
When the indoor unit receives a signal from the remote controller, the unit emits a signal receiving sound.

1.14.3 Indoor Unit ON/OFF Button

An **ON/OFF** button is provided on the display of the unit.

- Press the **ON/OFF** button once to start operation. Press once again to stop it.
- The **ON/OFF** button is useful when the remote controller is missing or the battery has run out.
- The operation mode refers to the following table.

	Operation mode	Temperature setting	Airflow rate
Cooling Only	COOL	22°C	Automatic
Heat Pump	AUTO	25°C	Automatic



<Forced cooling operation>

Forced cooling operation can be started by pressing the **ON/OFF** button for 5 ~ 9 seconds while the unit is not operating.

Refer to page 122 for detail.

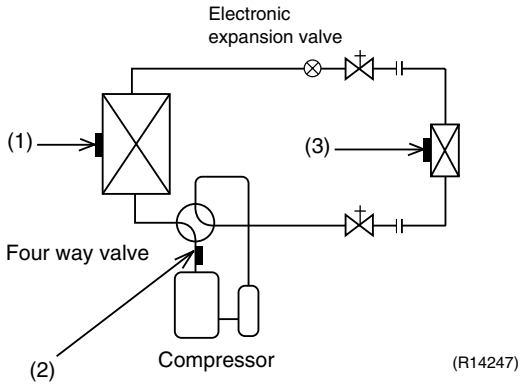
Note: When the **ON/OFF** button is pressed for 10 seconds or more, the forced cooling operation is stopped.

1.14.4 Auto-restart Function

If a power failure (including one for just a moment) occurs during the operation, the operation restarts automatically when the power is restored in the same condition as before the power failure.

Note: It takes 3 minutes to restart the operation because the 3-minute standby function is activated.

2. Function of Thermistor



(1) Outdoor Heat Exchanger Thermistor

1. The outdoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for controlling the target discharge pipe temperature. The system sets the target discharge pipe temperature according to the outdoor and indoor heat exchanger temperature, and controls the electronic expansion valve opening so that the target discharge pipe temperature can be obtained.
2. In cooling operation, the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for detecting the disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor. When the discharge pipe temperature drops below the outdoor heat exchanger temperature by more than a certain value, the discharge pipe thermistor is judged as disconnected.
3. In cooling operation, the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for high pressure protection.

(2) Discharge Pipe Thermistor

1. The discharge pipe thermistor is used for controlling discharge pipe temperature. If the discharge pipe temperature (used in place of the inner temperature of the compressor) rises abnormally, the operating frequency becomes lower or the operation halts.
2. The discharge pipe thermistor is used for detecting disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor.

(3) Indoor Heat Exchanger Thermistor

1. The indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for controlling the target discharge pipe temperature. The system sets the target discharge pipe temperature according to the outdoor and indoor heat exchanger temperature, and controls the electronic expansion valve opening so that the target discharge pipe temperature can be obtained.
2. In cooling operation, the indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for freeze-up protection control. If the indoor heat exchanger temperature drops abnormally, the operating frequency becomes lower or the operation halts.
3. In heating operation, the indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for detecting the disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor. When the discharge pipe temperature drops below the indoor heat exchanger temperature by more than a certain value, the discharge pipe thermistor is judged as disconnected.

3. Control Specification

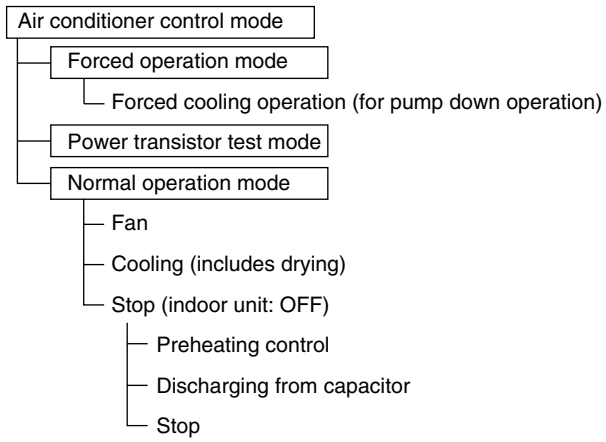
3.1 Mode Hierarchy

Outline

The air conditioner control has normal operation mode, forced operation mode, and power transistor test mode for installation and servicing.

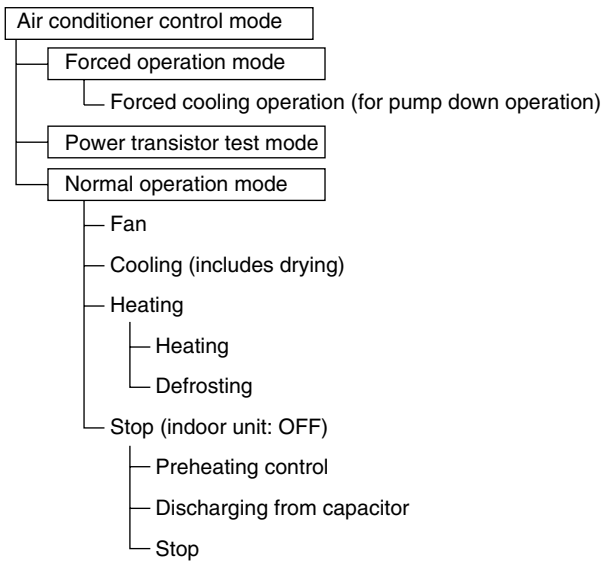
Detail

Cooling Only Model



(R22042)

Heat Pump Model



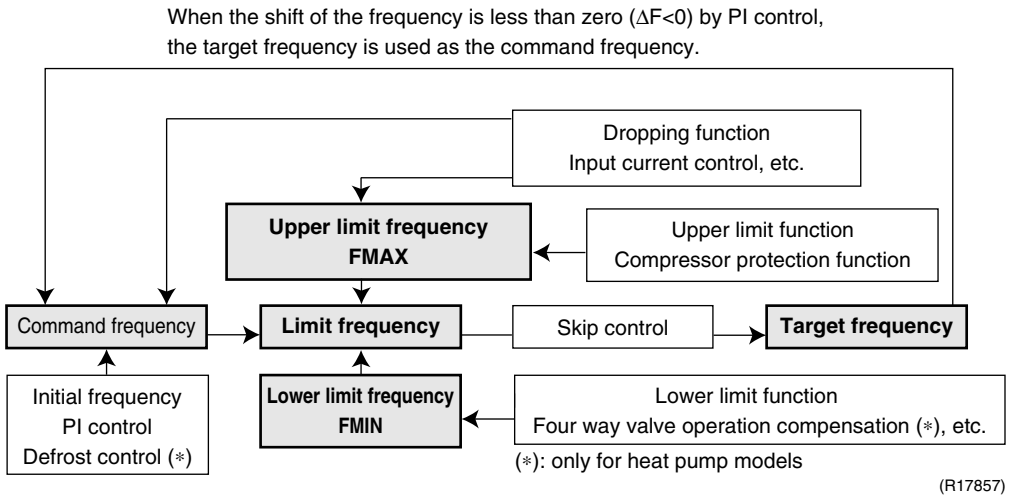
(R22375)

Note: Unless specified otherwise, a dry operation command is regarded as cooling operation.

3.2 Frequency Control

Outline

The compressor frequency is determined according to the difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature.



Detail

For Cooling Only Model

1. **Determine command frequency**
   Command frequency is determined in the following order of priority.
   1. Forced cooling
   2. Indoor frequency command

2. **Determine upper limit frequency**
   The minimum value is set as an upper limit frequency among the frequency upper limits of the following functions:
   Compressor protection, input current, discharge pipe temperature, freeze-up protection.

3. **Determine lower limit frequency**
   The maximum value is set as a lower limit frequency among the frequency lower limits of the following function:
   Pressure difference upkeep.

4. **Determine prohibited frequency**
   There is a certain prohibited frequency such as a power supply frequency.

For Heat Pump Model

1. **Determine command frequency**
   Command frequency is determined in the following order of priority.
   1. Limiting defrost control time
   2. Forced cooling
   3. Indoor frequency command

2. **Determine upper limit frequency**
   The minimum value is set as an upper limit frequency among the frequency upper limits of the following functions:
   Compressor protection, input current, discharge pipe temperature, heating peak-cut, freeze-up protection, defrost.

3. **Determine lower limit frequency**
   The maximum value is set as a lower limit frequency among the frequency lower limits of the following functions:
   Four way valve operation compensation, draft prevention, pressure difference upkeep.

4. Determine prohibited frequency
There is a certain prohibited frequency such as a power supply frequency.

Initial Frequency

When starting the compressor, the frequency is initialized according to the ΔD signal of the indoor unit.

<ΔD signal: Indoor frequency command>
The difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature is recognized as the ΔD signal and is used for frequency command.

Temperature difference	ΔD signal	Temperature difference	ΔD signal	Temperature difference	ΔD signal	Temperature difference	ΔD signal
–2.0	∗OFF	0	4	2.0	8	4.0	C
–1.5	1	0.5	5	2.5	9	4.5	D
–1.0	2	1.0	6	3.0	A	5.0	E
–0.5	3	1.5	7	3.5	B	5.5	F

∗OFF = Thermostat OFF

PI Control

1. P control
The ΔD value is calculated in each sampling time (15 ~ 20 seconds), and the frequency is adjusted according to its difference from the frequency previously calculated.

2. I control
If the operating frequency does not change for more than a certain fixed time, the frequency is adjusted according to the ΔD value.
When the ΔD value is low, the frequency is lowered.
When the ΔD value is high, the frequency is increased.

3. Frequency control when other controls are functioning
- When frequency is dropping;
  Frequency control is carried out only when the frequency drops.
- For controlling lower limit;
  Frequency control is carried out only when the frequency rises.

4. Upper and lower limit of frequency by PI control
The frequency upper and lower limits are set according to the command of the indoor unit.
When the indoor or outdoor unit quiet operation command comes from the indoor unit, the upper limit frequency is lower than the usual setting.

3.3 Controls at Mode Changing / Start-up

3.3.1 Preheating Control

Outline

The inverter operation in open phase starts with the conditions of the outdoor temperature, the discharge pipe temperature, the radiation fin temperature, and the preheating command from the indoor unit.

Detail

■ **20/25/35/50 class**

Outdoor temperature ≥ **A**°C → Control I
Outdoor temperature < **A**°C → Control II

Control I

- ON condition
  Discharge pipe temperature < **B**°C
  Radiation fin temperature < 85°C
- OFF condition
  Discharge pipe temperature > **C**°C
  Radiation fin temperature ≥ 90°C

Control II

- ON condition
  Discharge pipe temperature < **D**°C
  Radiation fin temperature < 85°C
- OFF condition
  Discharge pipe temperature > **E**°C
  Radiation fin temperature ≥ 90°C

	A (°C)	**B** (°C)	**C** (°C)	**D** (°C)	**E** (°C)
20/25/35 class	7	10	12	20	22
50 class	10	6	8	10.5	12

■ **42 class**

ON Condition

- When the discharge pipe temperature is below 10ºC, the inverter operation in open phase starts.

OFF Condition

- When the discharge pipe temperature is higher than 12ºC, the inverter operation in open phase stops.

3.3.2 Four Way Valve Switching

Outline

The four way valve coil is energized / not energized depending on the operation mode. (Heating: ON, Cooling / Dry / Defrost: OFF) In order to eliminate the switching sound as the four way valve coil switches from ON to OFF when the heating is stopped, the OFF delay switch of the four way valve is carried out.

Detail

OFF delay switch of four way valve

The four way valve coil is energized for 150 ~ 160 seconds after the operation is stopped.

3.3.3 Four Way Valve Operation Compensation

Outline

At the beginning of operation as the four way valve is switched, the pressure difference to activate the four way valve is acquired when the output frequency is higher than a certain fixed frequency, for a certain fixed time.

Detail

Starting Conditions

1. When the compressor starts and the four way valve switches from OFF to ON
2. When the four way valve switches from ON to OFF during operation
3. When the compressor starts after resetting
4. When the compressor starts after the fault of four way valve switching

The lower limit of frequency keeps **A** Hz for **B** seconds with any conditions 1 through 4 above.

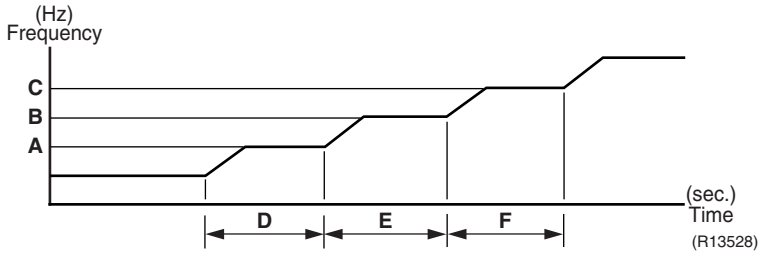
	20/25/35 class		42 class		50 class	
	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
A (Hz)	68	66	48	54	48	
B (seconds)	45		60		70	

3.3.4 3-Minute Standby

Turning on the compressor is prohibited for 3 minutes after turning it off.
(The function is not activated when defrosting.)

3.3.5 Compressor Protection Function

When turning the compressor from OFF to ON, the upper limit of frequency is set as follows.
(The function is not activated when defrosting.)



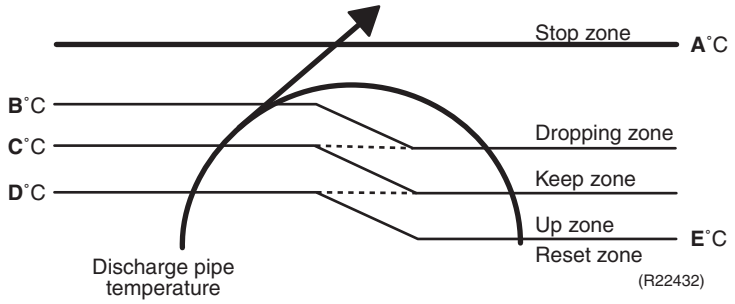
	20/25/35 class	42 class	50 class
A (Hz)	48	55	55
B (Hz)	64	70	70
C (Hz)	88	85	85
D (seconds)	240	150	120
E (seconds)	360	180	200
F (seconds)	180	300	470

3.4 Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

Outline

The discharge pipe temperature is used as the internal temperature of the compressor. If the discharge pipe temperature rises above a certain level, the upper limit of frequency is set to keep the discharge pipe temperature from rising further.

Detail



	20/25/35 class	42 class	50 class
A (°C)	110	110	110
B (°C)	105	103	103
C (°C)	101	102	101.5
D (°C)	99	100	100
E (°C)	97	95	95

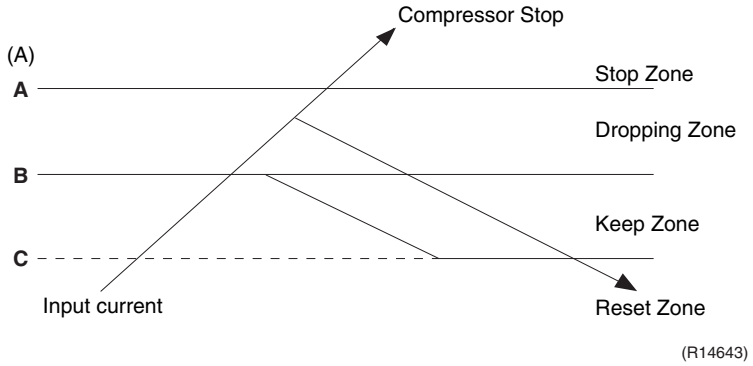
Zone	Control
Stop zone	When the temperature reaches the stop zone, the compressor stops.
Dropping zone	The upper limit of frequency decreases.
Keep zone	The upper limit of frequency is kept.
Up zone	The upper limit of frequency increases.
Reset zone	The upper limit of frequency is canceled.

3.5 Input Current Control

Outline

The microcomputer calculates the input current while the compressor is running, and sets the frequency upper limit based on the input current.
In case of heat pump models, this control is the upper limit control of frequency and takes priority over the lower limit control of four way valve operation compensation.

Detail



Frequency control in each zone

Stop zone

- After the input current remain in the stop zone for 2.5 seconds, the compressor is stopped.

Dropping zone

- The upper limit of the compressor frequency is defined as operation frequency – 2 Hz.
- After this, the output frequency is lowered by 2 Hz every second until it reaches the keep zone.

Keep zone

- The present maximum frequency goes on.

Reset zone

- Limit of the frequency is canceled.

	20 class		25 class		35 class	
	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
A (A)	9.25		9.25		9.25	
B (A)	6.0	7.5	6.25	7.5	8.25	
C (A)	5.25	6.75	5.5	6.75	7.5	

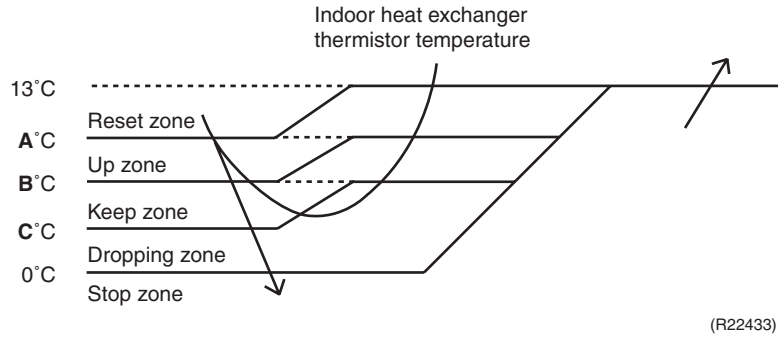
	42 class		RK(X)S50J2V1B		RK(X)S50J2V1B9	
	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
A (A)	14.25		20.0		20.0	
B (A)	10.0	10.5	10.0	15.0	13.0	16.0
C (A)	9.0	9.5	9.0	14.0	12.0	15.0

Limitation of current dropping and stop value according to the outdoor temperature

- The current drops when outdoor temperature becomes higher than a certain level (depending on the model).

3.6 Freeze-up Protection Control

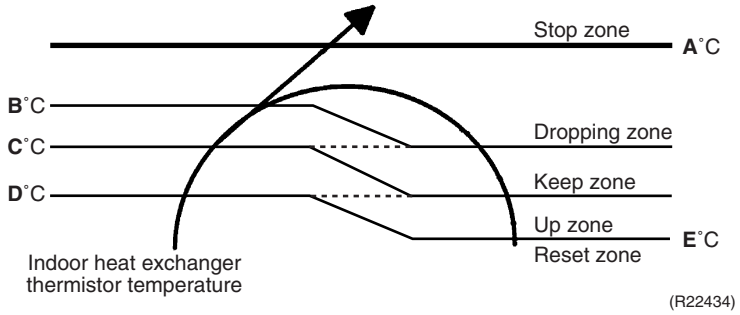
During cooling operation, the signal sent from the indoor unit determines the frequency upper limit and prevents freezing of the indoor heat exchanger. (The signal from the indoor unit is divided into zones.)
The operating frequency limitation is judged with the indoor heat exchanger temperature.



A (°C)	**B** (°C)	**C** (°C)
9.5	7.5	5.5

3.7 Heating Peak-cut Control

During heating operation, the indoor heat exchanger temperature determines the frequency upper limit to prevent abnormal high pressure.
The operating frequency limitation is judged with the indoor heat exchanger temperature.



	20/25/35 class	42 class	50 class
A (°C)	65	65	65
B (°C)	56	55	56
C (°C)	53	54	55
D (°C)	51	52	53
E (°C)	46	50	51

Zone	Control
Stop zone	When the temperature reaches the stop zone, the compressor stops.
Dropping zone	The upper limit of frequency decreases.
Keep zone	The upper limit of frequency is kept.
Up zone	The upper limit of frequency increases.
Reset zone	The upper limit of frequency is canceled.

3.8 Outdoor Fan Control

1. Fan ON control to cool down the electrical box
The outdoor fan is turned ON when the electrical box temperature is high while the compressor is OFF.

2. Fan OFF control during defrosting
The outdoor fan is turned OFF during defrosting.

3. Fan OFF delay when stopped
The outdoor fan is turned OFF 60 seconds after the compressor stops.

4. Fan speed control for pressure difference upkeep
The rotation speed of the outdoor fan is controlled for keeping the pressure difference during cooling operation with low outdoor temperature.
- When the pressure difference is low, the rotation speed of the outdoor fan is reduced.
- When the pressure difference is high, the rotation speed of the outdoor fan is controlled as well as normal operation.

5. Fan speed control during forced cooling operation
The outdoor fan is controlled as well as normal operation during forced cooling operation.

6. Fan speed control during POWERFUL operation
The rotation speed of the outdoor fan is increased during POWERFUL operation.

7. Fan speed control during indoor / outdoor unit quiet operation
The rotation speed of the outdoor fan is reduced by the command of the indoor / outdoor unit quiet operation.

8. Fan ON/OFF control when operation (cooling, heating, dry) starts / stops
The outdoor fan is turned ON when the operation starts. The outdoor fan is turned OFF when the operation stops.

3.9 Liquid Compression Protection Function

Outline

In order to increase the dependability of the compressor, the compressor is stopped according to the outdoor temperature.

Detail

Operation stops depending on the outdoor temperature.
Compressor turns off under the conditions that the system is in cooling operation and outdoor temperature is below –12°C.

3.10 Defrost Control

Outline

Defrosting is carried out by the cooling cycle (reverse cycle). The defrosting time or outdoor heat exchanger temperature must be more than a certain value to finish defrosting.

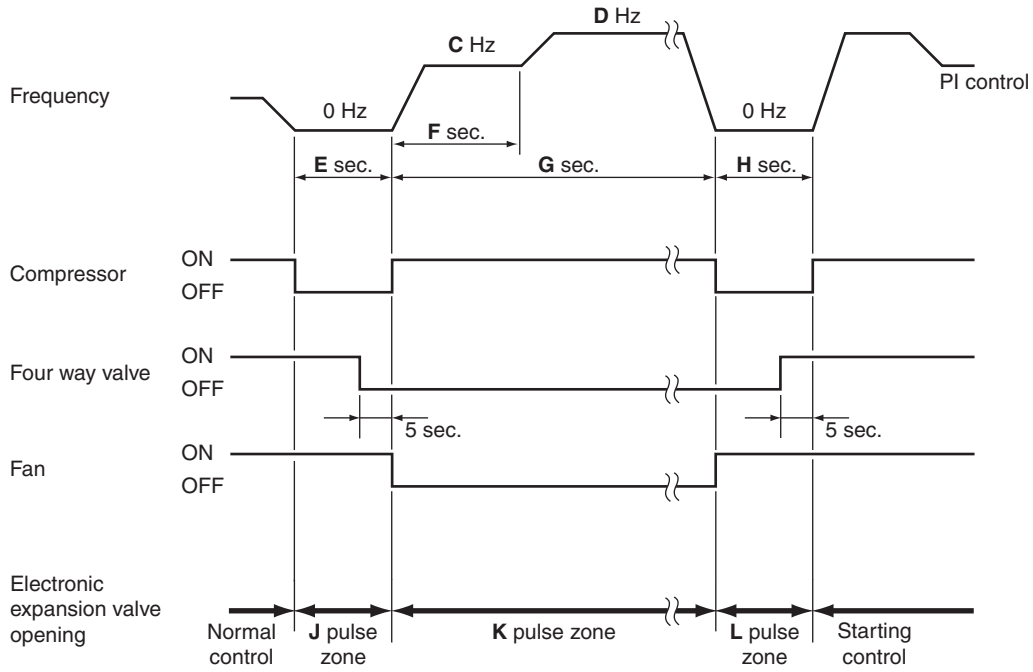
Detail

Conditions for Starting Defrost

- The starting conditions are determined with the outdoor temperature and the outdoor heat exchanger temperature.
- The system is in heating operation.
- The compressor operates for 6 minutes.
- More than **A** minutes of accumulated time have passed since the start of the operation, or ending the previous defrosting.

Conditions for Canceling Defrost

The judgment is made with the outdoor heat exchanger temperature. (**B**°C)



(R22034)

	20 class	25/35 class	42 class	RK(X)S50J2V1B	RK(X)S50J2V1B9
A (minutes)	28	28	30	44	44
B (°C)	4 ~18	4 ~18	4 ~15	4 ~12	4 ~ 12
C (Hz)	76	76	48	55	55
D (Hz)	86	86	70	90	90
E (seconds)	50	50	60	60	60
F (seconds)	60	60	120	120	120
G (seconds)	600	600	650	460	460
H (seconds)	50	60	30	30	50
J (pulse)	450	450	450	450 ★	450 ★
K (pulse)	350	350	350	450 ★	450 ★
L (pulse)	450	450	450	450 ★	450 ★

★: The same value continues.

3.11 Electronic Expansion Valve Control

Outline

The following items are included in the electronic expansion valve control.

Electronic expansion valve is fully closed

1. Electronic expansion valve is fully closed when turning on the power.
2. Pressure equalizing control

Open Control

1. Electronic expansion valve control when starting operation
2. Electronic expansion valve control when the frequency changes
3. Electronic expansion valve control for defrosting
4. Electronic expansion valve control when the discharge pipe temperature is abnormally high
5. Electronic expansion valve control when the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected

Feedback Control

Target discharge pipe temperature control

Detail

The followings are the examples of electronic expansion valve control which function in each operation mode.

Control \ Status	Power on ; Compressor stop	Operation start	Frequency change under starting control	During target discharge pipe temperature control	Frequency change under target discharge pipe temperature control	Discharge pipe thermistor disconnection	Frequency change under discharge pipe thermistor disconnection control	During defrost control
Starting operation control	—	●	—	—	—	—	—	—
Control when the frequency changes	—	—	●	—	●	—	—	—
Target discharge pipe temperature control	—	—	—	●	—	—	—	—
Discharge pipe thermistor disconnection control	—	—	—	—	—	●	●	—
High discharge pipe temperature control	—	●	●	●	●	—	—	—
Defrost control (heating only)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	●
Pressure equalizing control	●	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Opening limit control	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	—

● : Available
— : Not available

3.11.1 Fully Closing with Power ON

The electronic expansion valve is initialized when turning on the power. The opening position is set and the pressure is equalized.

3.11.2 Pressure Equalizing Control

When the compressor is stopped, the pressure equalizing control is activated. The electronic expansion valve opens and the pressure is equalized.

3.11.3 Opening Limit Control

The maximum and minimum opening of the electronic expansion valve are limited.

	20/25/35 class	42 class	50 class
Maximum opening (pulse)	480	450	480
Minimum opening (pulse)	52	60	54

The electronic expansion valve is fully closed when cooling operation stops, and is opened at a fixed degree during defrosting.

3.11.4 Starting Operation Control

The electronic expansion valve opening is controlled when the operation starts, thus preventing superheating or liquid compression.

3.11.5 Control when the Frequency Changes

When the target discharge pipe temperature control is active, if the target frequency changes to a specified value in a certain time period, the target discharge pipe temperature control is canceled and the target opening of the electronic expansion valve is changed according to the frequency shift.

3.11.6 High Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

When the compressor is operating, if the discharge pipe temperature exceeds a certain value, the electronic expansion valve opens and the refrigerant runs to the low pressure side. This procedure lowers the discharge pipe temperature.

3.11.7 Discharge Pipe Thermistor Disconnection Control

Outline

The disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor is detected by comparing the discharge pipe temperature with the condensation temperature. If the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected, the electronic expansion valve opens according to the outdoor temperature and the operation frequency, operates for a specified time, and then stops.
After 3 minutes, the operation restarts and checks if the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected. If the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected, the system stops after operating for a specified time.
If the disconnection is detected repeatedly, the system is shut down. When the compressor runs for 60 minutes without any error, the error counter is reset.

Detail

Determining thermistor disconnection
When the starting control (cooling: **A** seconds, heating: **B** seconds) finishes, the detection timer for disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor (**C** seconds) starts. When the timer is over, the following adjustment is made.

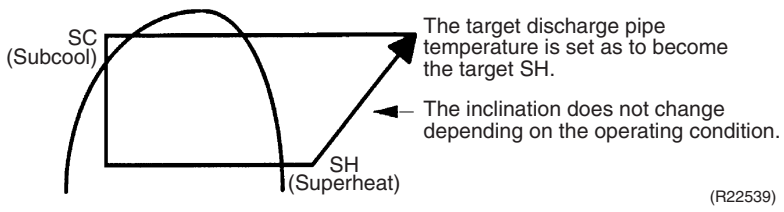
1. When the operation mode is cooling
   When the following condition is fulfilled, the discharge pipe thermistor disconnection is ascertained.
   Discharge pipe temperature + 6°C < outdoor heat exchanger temperature
2. When the operation mode is heating
   When the following condition is fulfilled, the discharge pipe thermistor disconnection is ascertained.
   Discharge pipe temperature + 6°C < indoor heat exchanger temperature

	20/25/35 class	42 class	RK(X)S50J2V1B	RK(X)S50J2V1B9
A (seconds)	10	10	10	10
B (seconds)	120	30	30	30
C (seconds)	810	630	630	540

When the thermistor is disconnected
When the disconnection is ascertained, the compressor continues operation for 9 minutes and then stops.
If the compressor stops repeatedly, the system is shut down.

3.11.8 Target Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

The target discharge pipe temperature is obtained from the indoor and outdoor heat exchanger temperature, and the electronic expansion valve opening is adjusted so that the actual discharge pipe temperature becomes close to the target discharge pipe temperature. (Indirect SH (superheating) control using the discharge pipe temperature)



The electronic expansion valve opening and the target discharge pipe temperature are checked every 20 seconds. The opening degree of the electronic expansion valve is adjusted by the followings.

- Target discharge pipe temperature
- Actual discharge pipe temperature
- Previous discharge pipe temperature

3.12 Malfunctions

3.12.1 Sensor Malfunction Detection

Sensor malfunction can be detected in the following thermistors:

1. Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor
2. Discharge pipe thermistor
3. Radiation fin thermistor
4. Outdoor temperature thermistor

3.12.2 Detection of Overcurrent and Overload

Outline

An excessive output current is detected and the OL temperature is observed to protect the compressor.

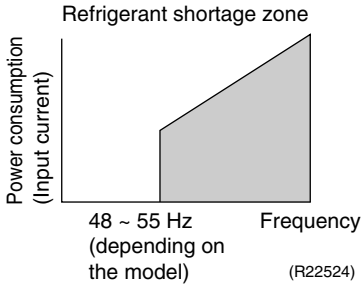
Detail

- If the OL (compressor head) temperature exceeds 120°C, the system shuts down the compressor.
- If the inverter current exceeds 9.25 ~ 20 A (depending on the model), the system shuts down the compressor.

3.12.3 Refrigerant Shortage Detection

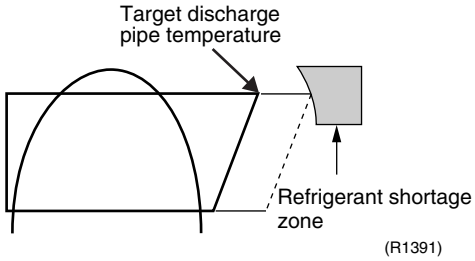
I: Detecting by power consumption

If the power consumption or the input current is below the specified value and the frequency is higher than the specified frequency, it is regarded as refrigerant shortage.
The power consumption is low comparing with that in the normal operation when refrigerant is insufficient, and refrigerant shortage is detected by checking power consumption.



II: Detecting by discharge pipe temperature

If the discharge pipe temperature is higher than the target discharge pipe temperature, and the electronic expansion valve is fully open for more than the specified time, it is regarded as refrigerant shortage.



III: Detecting by the difference of temperature (20/25/35 class only)

If the difference between suction and discharge temperature is smaller than the specified value, it is regarded as refrigerant shortage.

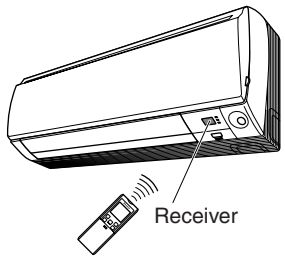
Refer to page 72 for detail.

Part 5
Remote Controller

1. Remote Controller 57

1. Remote Controller

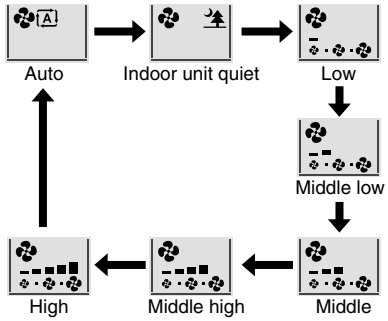
Signal transmitter



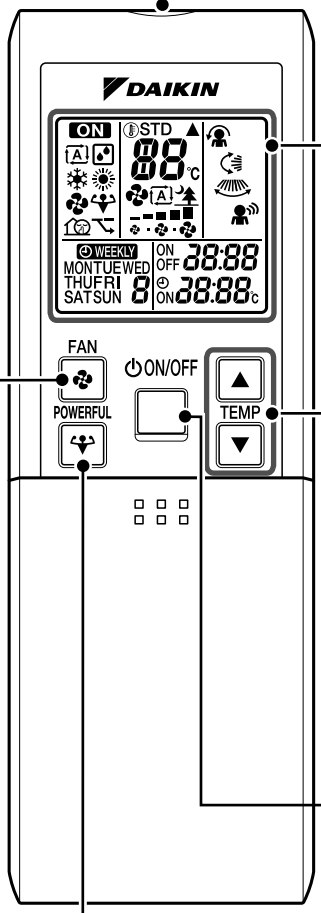
- To use the remote controller, aim the transmitter at the indoor unit. If there is anything to block signals between the unit and the remote controller, such as a curtain, the unit will not operate.
- The maximum distance for communication is about 7 m.

FAN setting button

- Selects the airflow rate setting every time you press this button.



- In indoor unit quiet operation, operation sound becomes weak. (The airflow rate also decreases.)
- In DRY operation, the airflow rate setting is not available.



Display (LCD)

- Displays the current settings. (In this illustration, each section is shown with all its displays on for the purpose of explanation.)

TEMPERATURE adjustment buttons

- Changes the temperature setting.

A : AUTO	18 ~ 30 °C
: DRY	Not available
: COOL	18 ~ 32 °C
: HEAT	10 ~ 30 °C
: FAN	Not available

ON/OFF button

- Press this button once to start operation. Press once again to stop it.

POWERFUL★1 button

- Starts POWERFUL operation.

< ARC452A3 >

(R22040)

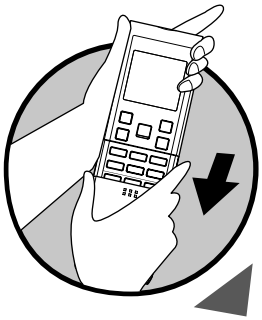
The remote controller is compatible with both cooling only and heat pump models★2.

Reference Refer to the following pages for detail.

★1	Inverter POWERFUL operation	P.32
★2	Model type setting	P.125

Note: Refer to the operation manual of applicable model for detail. You can download operation manuals from Daikin Business Portal:
Daikin Business Portal → Product Information → Operation/Installation Manual
(URL: https://global1d.daikin.com/business_portal/login/)

Open the Front Cover



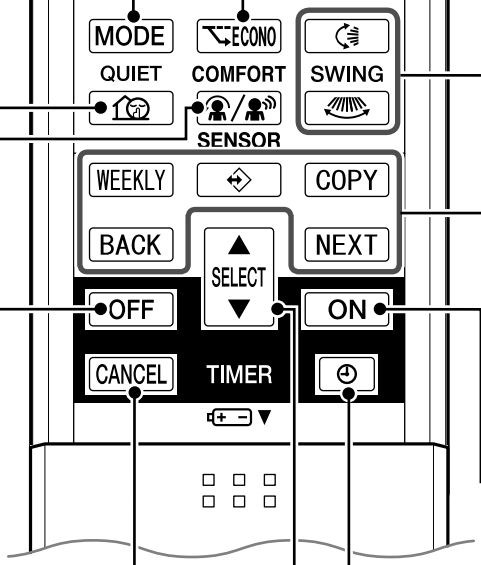
MODE button
• Selects the operation mode.

AUTO (heat pump only) → DRY → COOL → HEAT (heat pump only) → FAN

ECONO*5 button
• Starts ECONO operation.

QUIET button
• Starts OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation.
• OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation is not available in FAN and DRY operation.
• OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation and POWERFUL operation cannot be used at the same time. Priority is given to the function you pressed last.

SWING*6 button
• Adjusts the airflow direction.
• When you press the SWING button, the flap moves up and down, or (and) the louver moves right and left. The flap (louver) stops when you press the SWING button again.



WEEKLY button
WEEKLY : **WEEKLY button**
: **PROGRAM button**
COPY : **COPY button**
BACK : **BACK button**
NEXT : **NEXT button**
• WEEKLY TIMER*7 operation.

COMFORT*3/SENSOR*4 button
• Every time you press the COMFORT/SENSOR button, the setting changes in the following order.

COMFORT AIRFLOW → INTELLIGENT EYE → Combination → Blank (No setting) → COMFORT AIRFLOW

ON TIMER button
• Press this button and adjust the day and time with the SELECT button.
Press this button again to complete TIMER setting.

CLOCK*8 button

OFF TIMER button
• Press this button and adjust the day and time with the SELECT button.
Press this button again to complete TIMER setting.

TIMER CANCEL button
• Cancels the timer setting.
• Cannot be used for the WEEKLY TIMER operation.

SELECT button
• Changes the ON/OFF TIMER and WEEKLY TIMER settings.

(R19524)

Reference Refer to the following pages for detail.

★3	COMFORT AIRFLOW operation	P.24, 25
★4	INTELLIGENT EYE operation	P.30
★5	ECONO operation	P.29

★6	Auto-swing	P.24
★7	WEEKLY TIMER operation	P.34
★8	Clock setting	P.33

Note: Refer to the operation manual of applicable model for detail. You can download operation manuals from Daikin Business Portal:
Daikin Business Portal → Product Information → Operation/Installation Manual
(URL: https://global1d.daikin.com/business_portal/login/)

Part 6
Service Diagnosis

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1. General Problem Symptoms and Check Items

Symptom	Check Item	Measures	Reference Page
The unit does not operate.	Check the power supply.	Check if the rated voltage is supplied.	—
	Check the type of the indoor unit.	Check if the indoor unit type is compatible with the outdoor unit.	—
	Check the outdoor temperature.	Heating operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is 18°CWB or higher, and cooling operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is below –10°CDB.	—
	Diagnose with remote controller indication.	—	66
	Check the remote controller addresses.	Check if address settings for the remote controller and indoor unit are correct.	125
Operation sometimes stops.	Check the power supply.	A power failure of 2 to 10 cycles stops air conditioner operation. (Operation lamp OFF)	—
	Check the outdoor temperature.	Heating operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is 18°CWB or higher, and cooling operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is below –10°CDB.	—
	Diagnose with remote controller indication.	—	66
The unit operates but does not cool, or does not heat.	Check for wiring and piping errors in the connection between the indoor unit and outdoor unit.	—	—
	Check for thermistor detection errors.	Check if the thermistor is mounted securely.	—
	Check for faulty operation of the electronic expansion valve.	Set the unit to cooling operation, and check the temperature of the liquid pipe to see if the electronic expansion valve works.	—
	Diagnose with remote controller indication.	—	66
	Diagnose by service port pressure and operating current.	Check for refrigerant shortage.	72
Large operating noise and vibrations	Check the output voltage of the power module.	—	117
	Check the power module.	—	—
	Check the installation condition.	Check if the required spaces for installation (specified in the installation manual) are provided.	—

2. Troubleshooting with LED

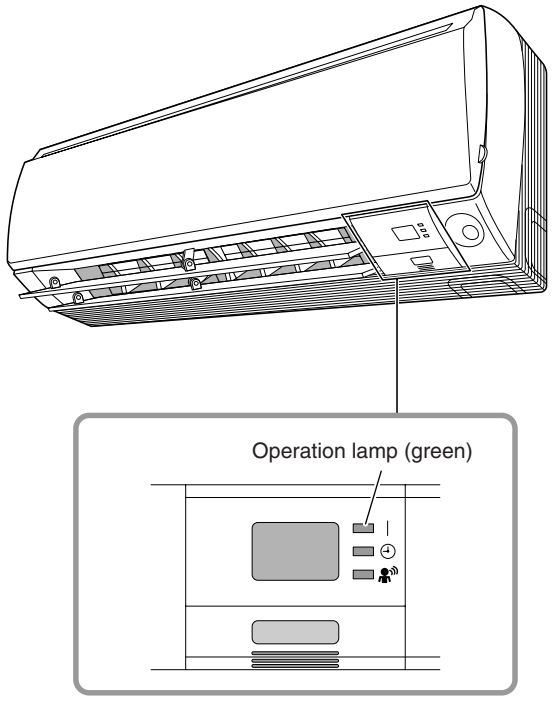
2.1 Indoor Unit

Operation Lamp

The operation lamp blinks when any of the following errors is detected.

1. When a protection device of the indoor or outdoor unit is activated, or when the thermistor malfunctions.
2. When a signal transmission error occurs between the indoor and outdoor units.

In either case, conduct the diagnostic procedure described in the following pages.



Service Monitor

The indoor unit has a green LED (LED A) on the control PCB. When the microcomputer works in order, the LED A blinks. (Refer to page 12 for the location of LED A.)

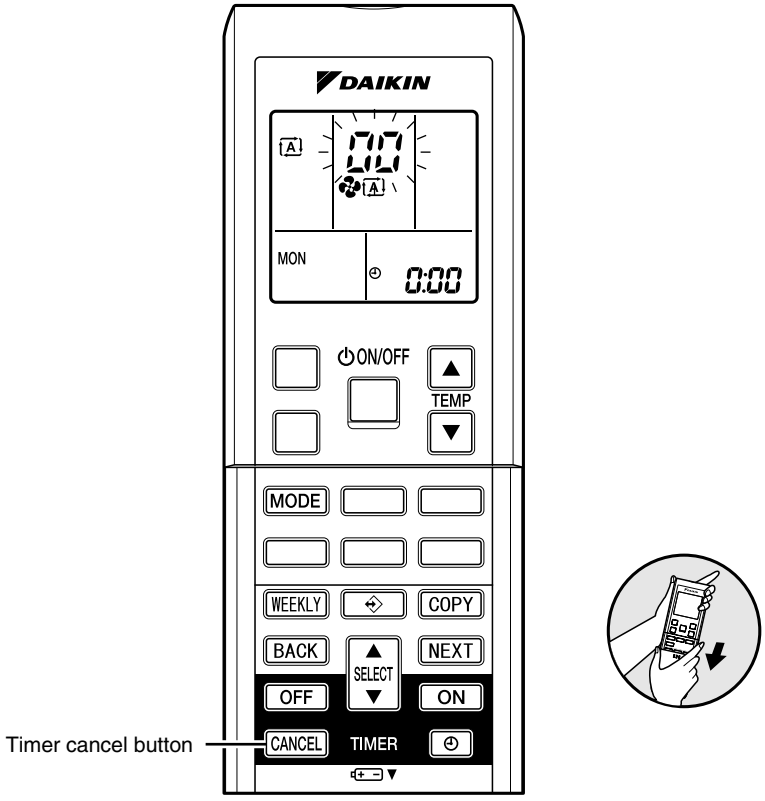
2.2 Outdoor Unit

The outdoor unit has one green LED (LED A) on the PCB. When the microcomputer works in order, the LED A blinks. (Refer to page 18, 20 for the location of LED A.)

3. Service Diagnosis

Method 1

1. When the timer cancel button is held down for 5 seconds, 00 is displayed on the temperature display screen.



< ARC452 Series >

(R14554)

2. Press the timer cancel button repeatedly until a long beep sounds.

■ The code indication changes in the sequence shown below.

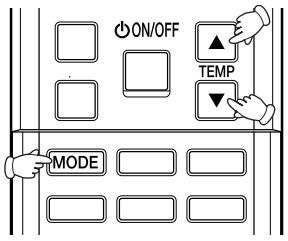
No.	Code	No.	Code	No.	Code
1	00	13	C7	25	UA
2	U4	14	A3	26	UH
3	L5	15	H8	27	P4
4	E6	16	H9	28	L3
5	H6	17	C9	29	L4
6	H0	18	C4	30	H7
7	A6	19	C5	31	U2
8	E7	20	J3	32	EA
9	U0	21	J6	33	AH
10	F3	22	E5	34	FA
11	A5	23	A1		
12	F6	24	E1		

Note:

1. A short beep or two consecutive beeps indicate non-corresponding codes.
2. To return to the normal mode, hold the timer cancel button down for 5 seconds. When the remote controller is left untouched for 60 seconds, it also returns to the normal mode.
3. Not all the error codes are displayed. When you cannot find the error code, try method 2. (→ Refer to page 64.)

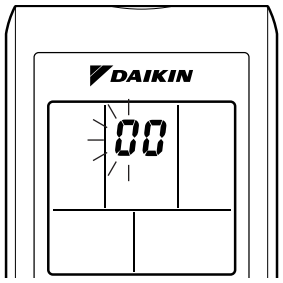
Method 2

1. Press the 3 buttons (**TEMP▲**, **TEMP▼**, **MODE**) at the same time to enter the diagnosis mode.



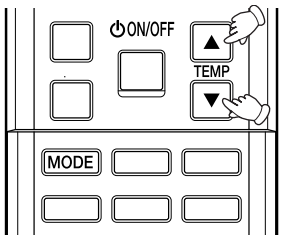
(R8381)

The left-side number blinks.



(R8382)

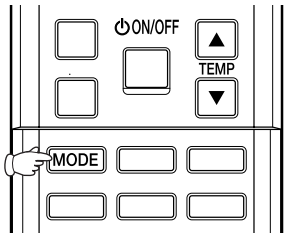
2. Press the **TEMP ▲** or **TEMP ▼** button and change the number until you hear the two consecutive beeps or the long beep.



(R8383)

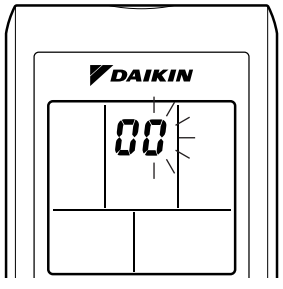
3. Diagnose by the sound.
   ★ beep: The left-side number does not correspond with the error code.
   ★ two consecutive beeps: The left-side number corresponds with the error code but the right-side number does not.
   ★ long beep: Both the left-side and right-side number correspond with the error code. (The numbers indicated when you hear the long beep are the error code. → Refer to page 66.)

4. Press the **MODE** button.



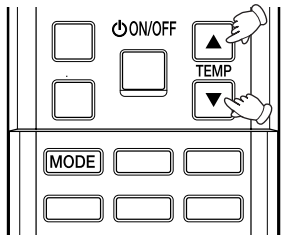
(R8384)

The right-side number blinks.



(R8385)

5. Press the **TEMP ▲** or **TEMP ▼** button and change the number until you hear the long beep.

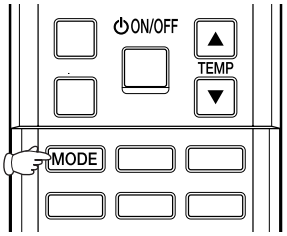


(R8383)

6. Diagnose by the sound.
   ★ beep: The left-side number does not correspond with the error code.
   ★ two consecutive beeps: The left-side number corresponds with the error code but the right-side number does not.
   ★ long beep: Both the left-side and right-side number corresponds with the error code.

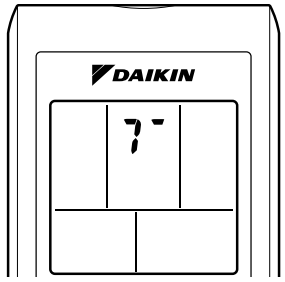
7. Determine the error code.
   The numbers indicated when you hear the long beep are the error code.
   Error codes and description → Refer to page 66.

8. Press the **MODE** button to exit from the diagnosis mode.



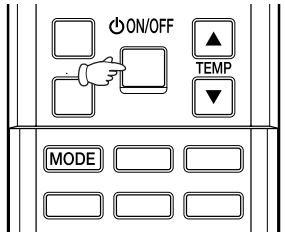
(R8384)

   The display 7- means the trial operation mode.
   Refer to page 124 for trial operation.



(R9659)

9. Press the **ON/OFF** button twice to return to the normal mode.



(R9660)

Note: When the remote controller is left untouched for 60 seconds, it returns to the normal mode.

4. Troubleshooting

4.1 Error Codes and Description

	Error Codes	Description	Reference Page
System	00	Normal	—
	U0★	Refrigerant shortage	72
	U2	Low-voltage detection or over-voltage detection	75
	U4	Signal transmission error (between indoor unit and outdoor unit)	77
	U8	Unspecified voltage (between indoor unit and outdoor unit)	80
Indoor Unit	A1	Indoor unit PCB abnormality	67
	A5	Freeze-up protection control / heating peak-cut control	68
	A6	Fan motor (DC motor) or related abnormality	69
	C4	Indoor heat exchanger thermistor or related abnormality	71
	C9	Room temperature thermistor or related abnormality	71
Outdoor Unit	E1	Outdoor unit PCB abnormality	81
	E5★	OL activation (compressor overload)	83
	E6★	Compressor lock	85
	E7★	DC fan lock	86
	E8	Input overcurrent detection	87
	EA	Four way valve abnormality	88
	F3	Discharge pipe temperature control	90
	F6	High pressure control in cooling	92
	H0	Compressor system sensor abnormality	93
	H6	Position sensor abnormality	95
	H8	DC voltage / current sensor abnormality (20/25/35/42 class only)	98
		CT or related abnormality (RK(X)S50J2V1B only)	99
	H9	Outdoor temperature thermistor or related abnormality	101
	J3★	Discharge pipe thermistor or related abnormality	101
	J6	Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor or related abnormality	101
	L3	Electrical box temperature rise	103
	L4	Radiation fin temperature rise	104
	L5★	Output overcurrent detection	106
	P4	Radiation fin thermistor or related abnormality	101
	U7	Signal transmission error on outdoor unit PCB (RK(X)S50J2V1B only)	79

★: Displayed only when system-down occurs.

4.2 Indoor Unit PCB Abnormality

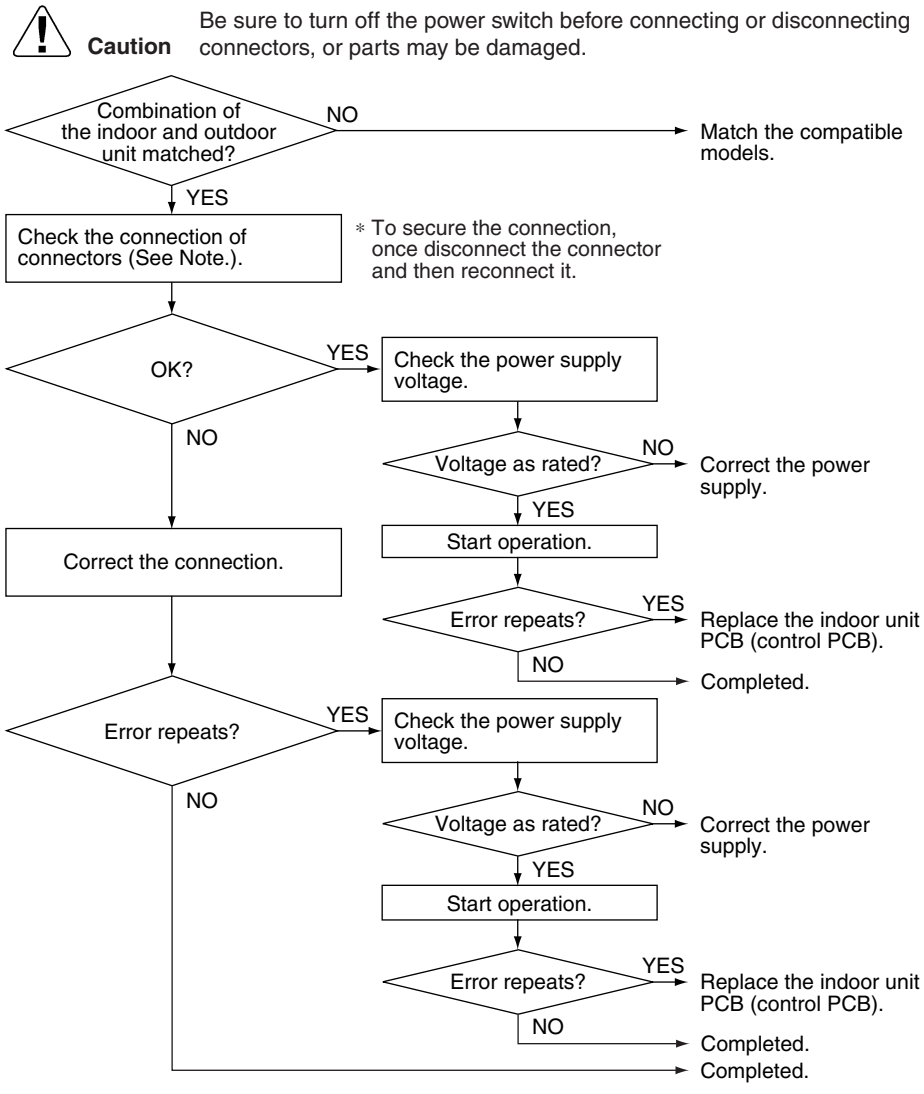
Error Code A1

Method of Error Detection The system checks if the circuit works properly within the microcomputer of the indoor unit.

Error Decision Conditions The system cannot set the internal settings.

Supposed Causes
- Wrong models interconnected
- Defective indoor unit PCB
- Disconnection of connector
- Reduction of power supply voltage

Troubleshooting



(R20486)

Note: Check the following connector.

Model Type	Connector
Wall mounted type	Terminal board ~ Control PCB (H1, H2, H3)

4.3 Freeze-up Protection Control / Heating Peak-cut Control

Error Code

P5

Method of Error Detection

- Freeze-up protection control
  During cooling operation, the freeze-up protection control (operation halt) is activated according to the temperature detected by the indoor heat exchanger thermistor.
- Heating peak-cut control
  During heating operation, the temperature detected by the indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for the heating peak-cut control (operation halt, outdoor fan stop, etc.)

Error Decision Conditions

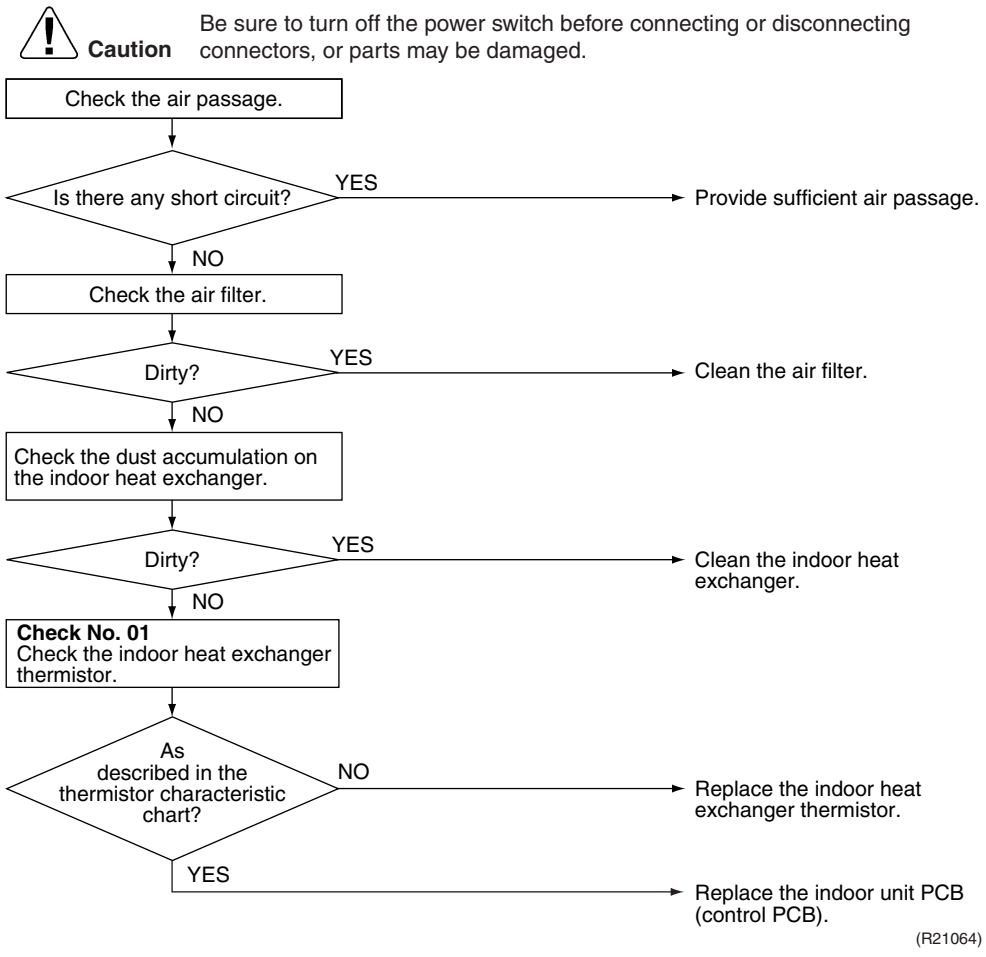
- Freeze-up protection control
  During cooling operation, the indoor heat exchanger temperature is below 0°C.
- Heating peak-cut control
  During heating operation, the indoor heat exchanger temperature is above 65°C.

Supposed Causes

- Short-circuited air
- Clogged air filter of the indoor unit
- Dust accumulation on the indoor heat exchanger
- Defective indoor heat exchanger thermistor
- Defective indoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

Check No.01
Refer to P.108



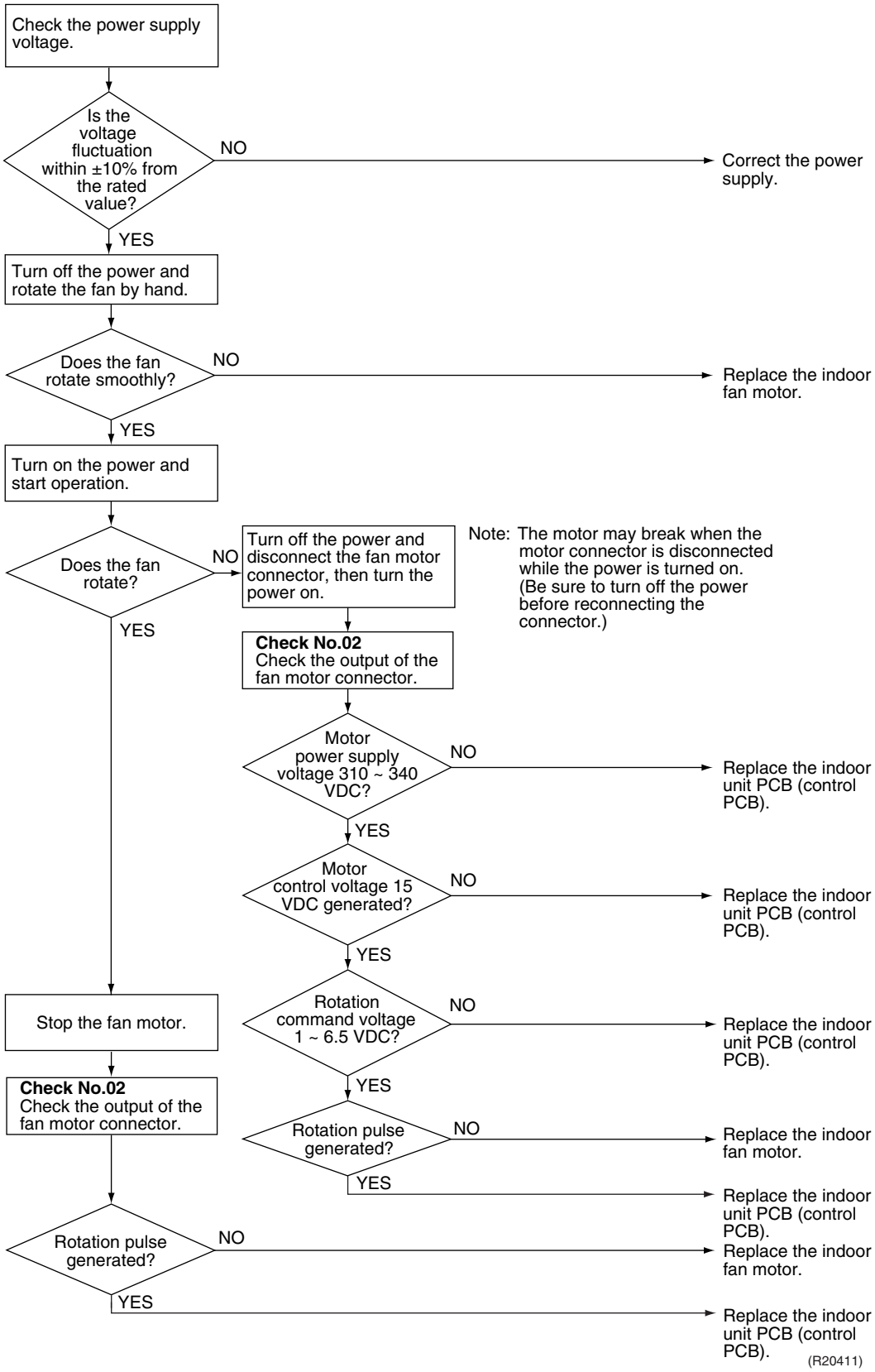
4.4 Fan Motor (DC Motor) or Related Abnormality

Error Code	A6
Method of Error Detection	The rotation speed detected by the Hall IC during fan motor operation is used to determine abnormal fan motor operation.
Error Decision Conditions	The detected rotation speed does not reach the demanded rotation speed of the target tap, and is less than 50% of the maximum fan motor rotation speed.
Supposed Causes	■ Remarkable decrease in power supply voltage ■ Layer short inside the fan motor winding ■ Breaking of wire inside the fan motor ■ Breaking of the fan motor lead wires ■ Defective capacitor of the fan motor ■ Defective indoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

Check No.02
Refer to P.109

Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



4.5 Thermistor or Related Abnormality (Indoor Unit)

Error Code

C4, C9

Method of Error Detection

The temperatures detected by the thermistors determine thermistor errors.

Error Decision Conditions

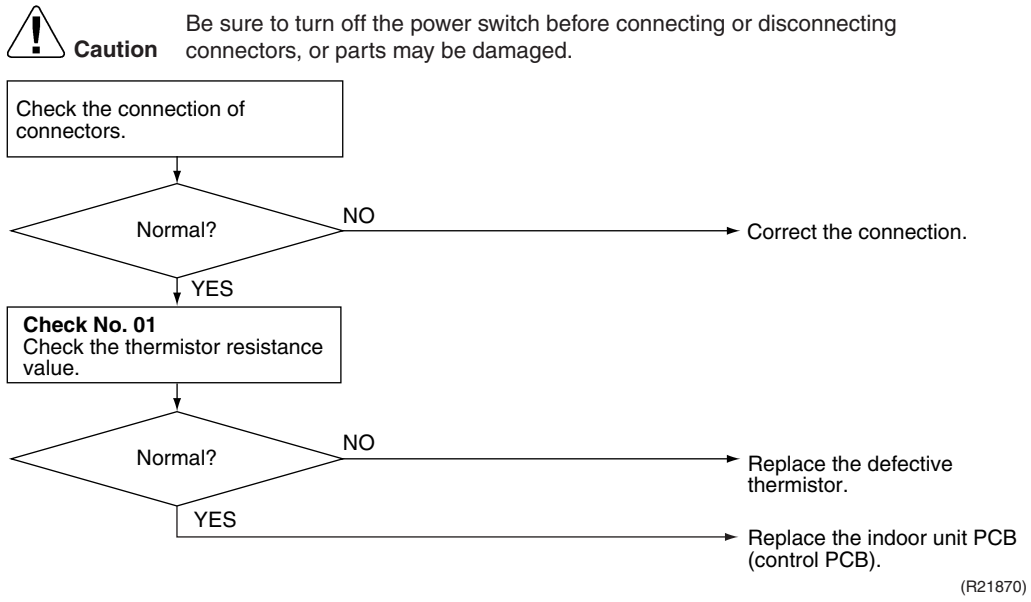
The voltage between the both ends of the thermistor is 4.96 V and more or 0.04 V and less during compressor operation.

Supposed Causes

- Disconnection of connector
- Thermistor corresponding to the error code is defective.
- Defective indoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

Check No.01
Refer to P.108



C4 : Indoor heat exchanger thermistor
C9 : Room temperature thermistor

4.6 Refrigerant Shortage

Error Code

U0

Method of Error Detection

Refrigerant shortage detection I:
Refrigerant shortage is detected by checking the input current value and the compressor running frequency. If the refrigerant is short, the input current is smaller than the normal value.

Refrigerant shortage detection II:
Refrigerant shortage is detected by checking the discharge pipe temperature and the opening of the electronic expansion valve. If the refrigerant is short, the discharge pipe temperature tends to rise.

Refrigerant shortage detection III:
Refrigerant shortage is detected by checking the difference between suction and discharge temperature.

Error Decision Conditions

Refrigerant shortage detection I:
The following conditions continue for 7 minutes.

<20/25/35/42 class, RK(X)S50J2V1B9>

- Input current × input voltage ≤ **A** × output frequency + **B**
- Output frequency > **C**

	A (constant)	**B** (W)	**C** (Hz)
20/25/35 class	640/256	0	55
42 class	3446/256	–346	48
RK(X)S50J2V1B9	2000/256	–181	55

<RK(X)S50J2V1B>

- Input current ≤ **D** × output frequency + **E**
- Output frequency > **F**

	D (constant)	**E** (A)	**F** (Hz)
RK(X)S50J2V1B	18/1000	0.7	55

Refrigerant shortage detection II :
The following conditions continue for 80 seconds.

- Opening of the electronic expansion valve ≥ **G**
- Discharge pipe temperature > **H** × target discharge pipe temperature + **J**

	G (pulse)	**H** (constant)	**J** (°C)
20/25/35 class	480	128/128	30
42 class	450	128/128	40
RK(X)S50J2V1B	480	128/128	cooling: 20, heating: 45
RK(X)S50J2V1B9	480	128/128	cooling: 60, heating: 45

Refrigerant shortage detection III : (20/25/35 class only)
When the difference of the temperature is smaller than **K** °C, it is regarded as refrigerant shortage.

		K (°C)
Cooling	room thermistor temperature – indoor heat exchanger temperature	4.0
	outdoor heat exchanger temperature – outdoor temperature	4.0
Heating	indoor heat exchanger temperature – room thermistor temperature	3.0
	outdoor temperature – outdoor heat exchanger temperature	3.0

- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

Supposed Causes

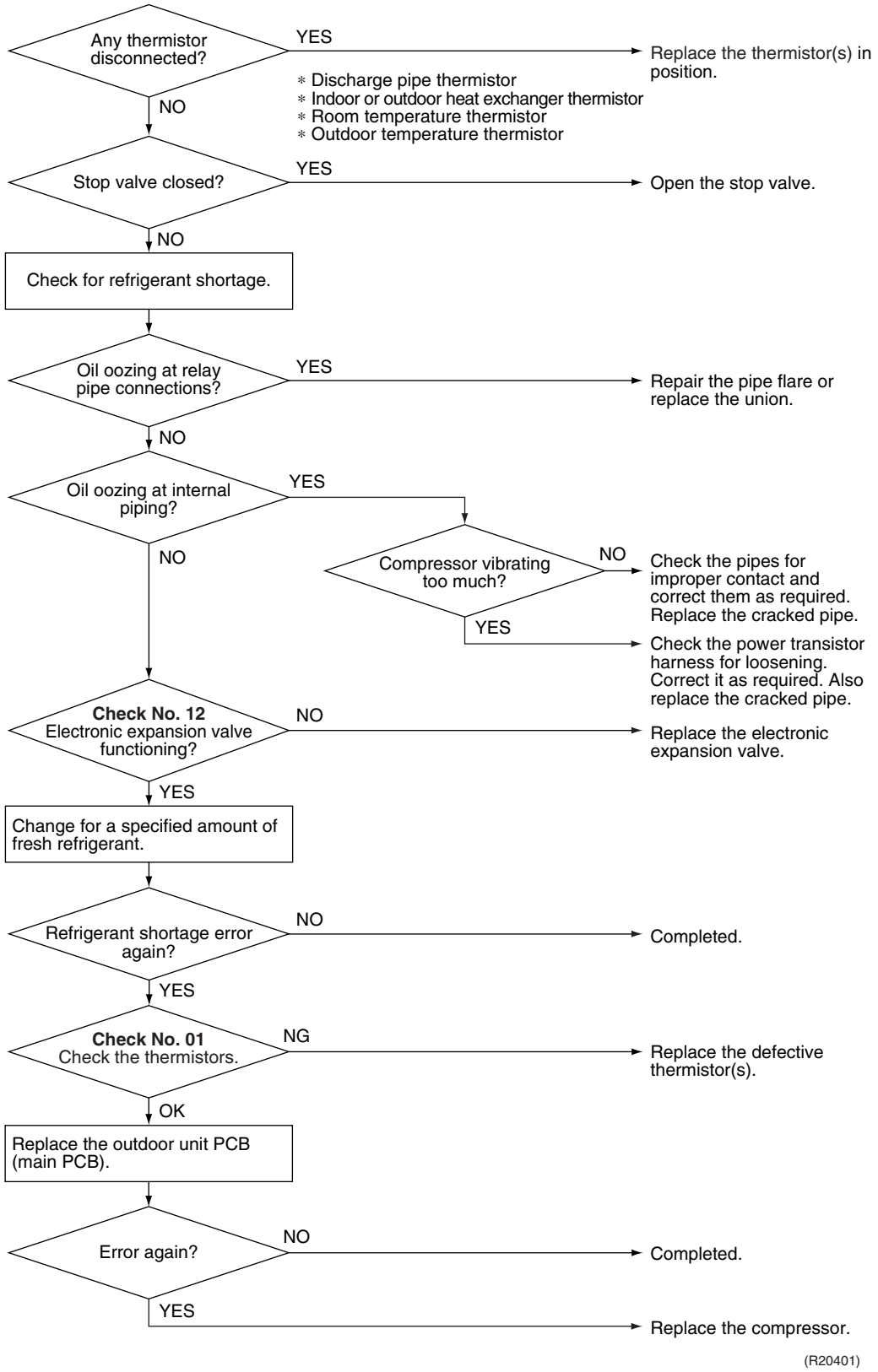
- Disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor, indoor or outdoor heat exchanger thermistor, room or outdoor temperature thermistor
- Closed stop valve
- Refrigerant shortage (refrigerant leakage)
- Poor compression performance of compressor
- Defective electronic expansion valve

Troubleshooting

Check No.01
Refer to P.108

Check No.12
Refer to P.109

Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R20401)

4.7 Low-voltage Detection or Over-voltage Detection

Error Code

U2

Method of Error Detection

Low-voltage detection:
An abnormal voltage drop is detected by the DC voltage detection circuit.

Over-voltage detection:
An abnormal voltage rise is detected by the over-voltage detection circuit.

Error Decision Conditions

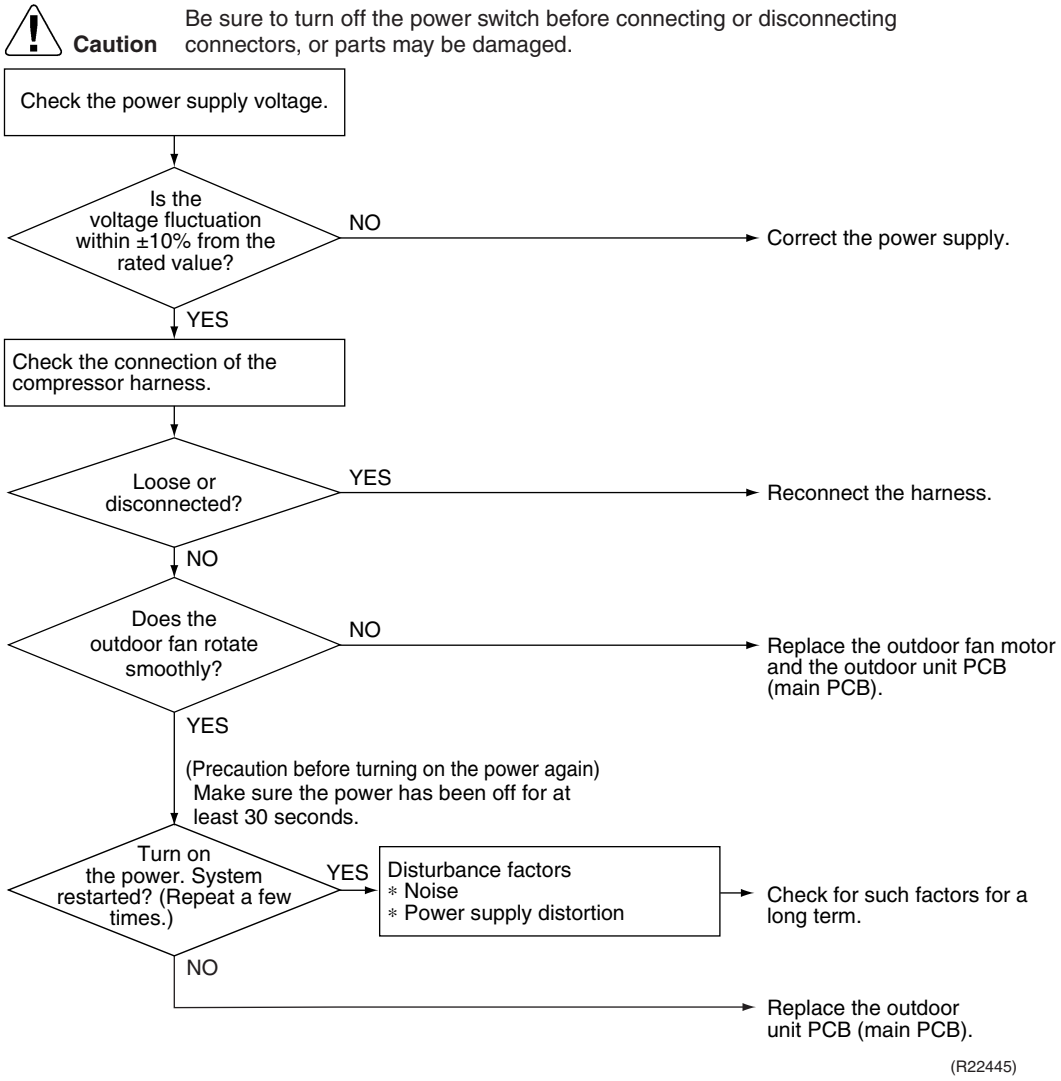
Low-voltage detection:
- The voltage detected by the DC voltage detection circuit is below 150 ~ 180 V (depending on the model).
- The compressor stops if the error occurs, and restarts automatically after 3-minute standby.

Over-voltage detection:
- An over-voltage signal is fed from the over-voltage detection circuit to the microcomputer.
- The compressor stops if the error occurs, and restarts automatically after 3-minute standby.

Supposed Causes

- Power supply voltage is not as specified.
- Defective DC voltage detection circuit
- Defective over-voltage detection circuit
- Defective PAM control part
- Disconnection of compressor harness
- Short circuit inside the fan motor winding
- Noise
- Momentary drop of voltage
- Momentary power failure
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting



4.8 Signal Transmission Error (Between Indoor Unit and Outdoor Unit)

Error Code

U4

Method of Error Detection

The data received from the outdoor unit in signal transmission is checked whether it is normal.

Error Decision Conditions

The data sent from the outdoor unit cannot be received normally, or the content of the data is abnormal.

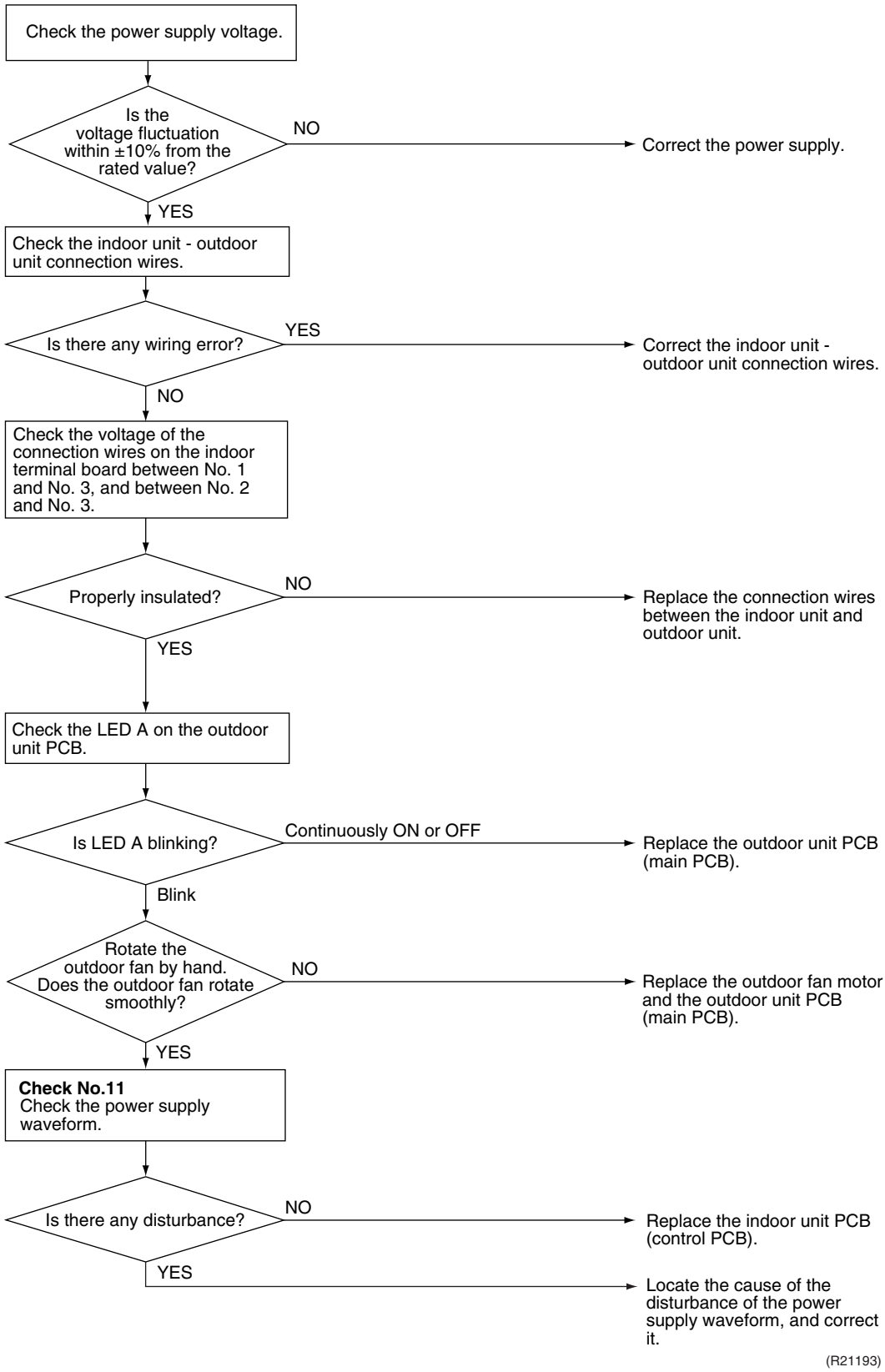
Supposed Causes

- Power supply voltage is not as specified.
- Reduction of power supply voltage
- Wiring error
- Breaking of the connecting wires between the indoor and outdoor units (wire No. 3)
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Short circuit inside the fan motor winding
- Defective indoor unit PCB
- Disturbed power supply waveform

Troubleshooting

Check No.11
Refer to P.109

Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R21193)

4.9 Signal Transmission Error on Outdoor Unit PCB (RK(X)S50J2V1B Only)

Error Code

U7

Method of Error Detection

Communication error between microcomputer mounted on the main microcomputer and PM1.

Error Decision Conditions

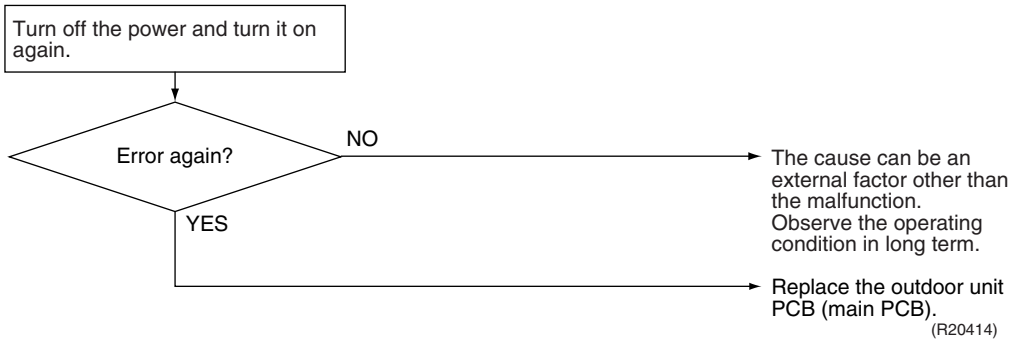
- The abnormality is determined when the data sent from the PM1 can not be received for 9 seconds.
- The error counter is reset when the data from the PM1 can be successfully received.

Supposed Causes

- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



4.10 Unspecified Voltage (Between Indoor Unit and Outdoor Unit)

Error Code

U9

Method of Error Detection

The supply power is detected for its requirements (pair type is different from multi type) by the indoor / outdoor transmission signal.

Error Decision Conditions

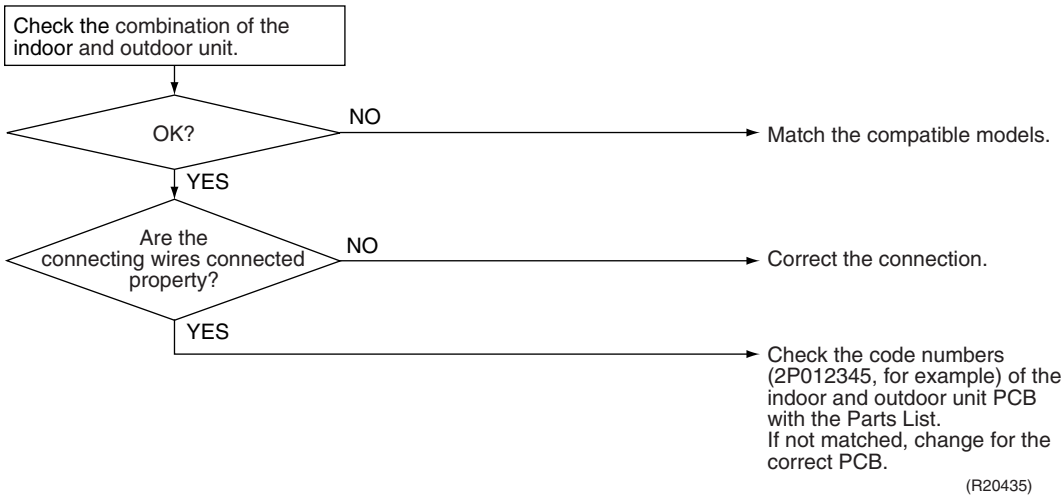
The pair type and multi type are interconnected.

Supposed Causes

- Wrong models interconnected
- Wrong wiring of connecting wires
- Wrong indoor unit PCB or outdoor unit PCB mounted
- Defective indoor unit PCB
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R20435)

4.11 Outdoor Unit PCB Abnormality

Error Code

E1

Method of Error Detection

- The system checks if the microprocessor is working in order.
- The system checks if the zero-cross signal comes in properly.

Error Decision Conditions

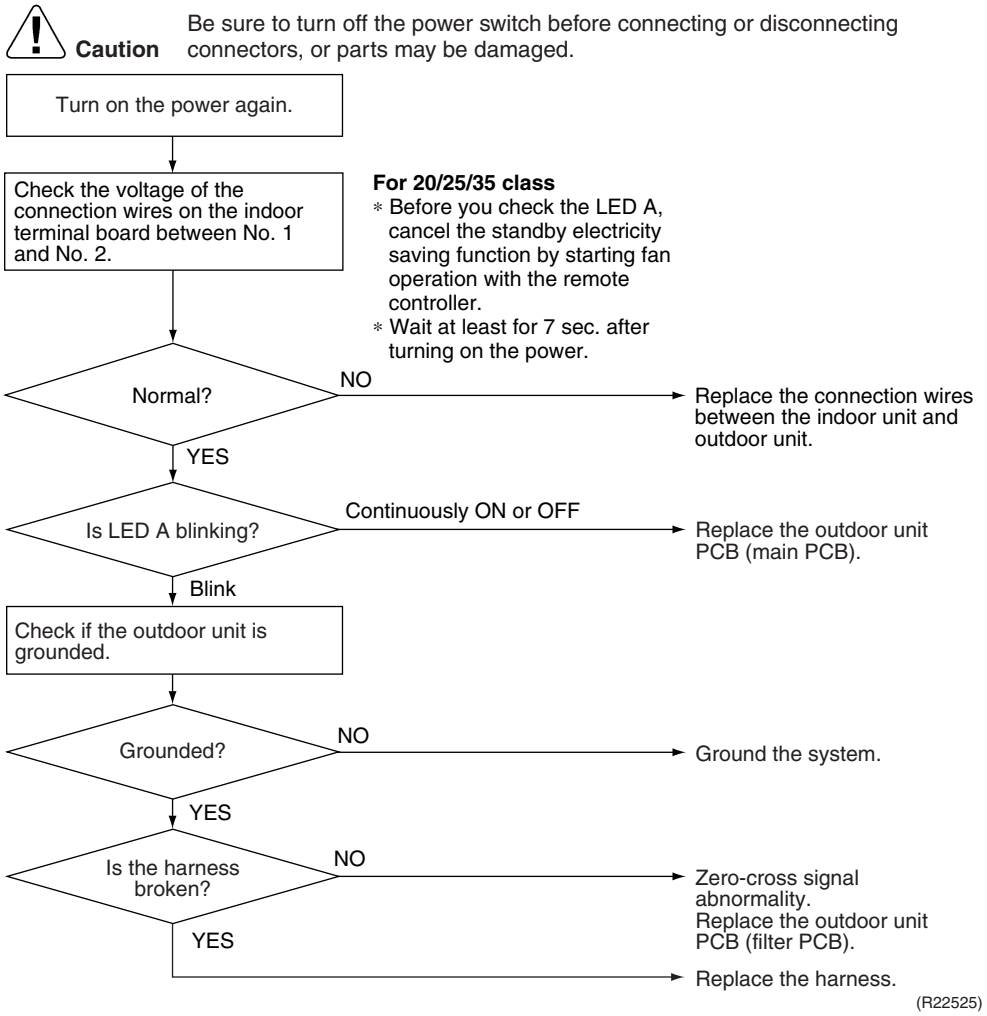
- The microprocessor program runs out of control.
- The zero-cross signal is not detected.

Supposed Causes

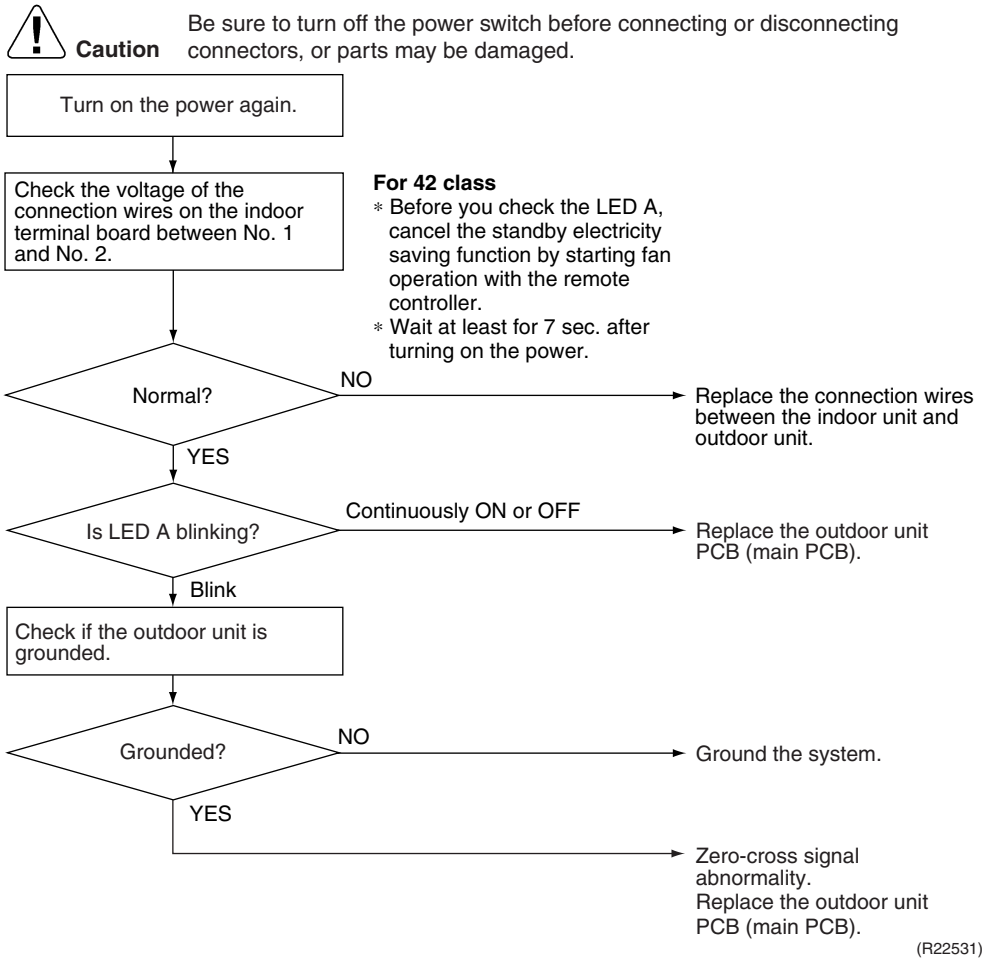
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Broken harness between PCBs
- Noise
- Momentary drop of voltage
- Momentary power failure

Troubleshooting

20/25/35 class, RK(X)S50J2V1B9



Troubleshooting 42 class, RK(X)S50J2V1B



4.12 OL Activation (Compressor Overload)

Error Code

E5

Method of Error Detection

A compressor overload is detected through compressor OL.

Error Decision Conditions

- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

Supposed Causes

- Disconnection of discharge pipe thermistor
- Defective discharge pipe thermistor
- Disconnection of connector S40
- Disconnection of 2 terminals of OL (Q1L)
- Defective OL (Q1L)
- Broken OL harness
- Defective electronic expansion valve or coil
- Defective four way valve or coil
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Refrigerant shortage
- Water mixed in refrigerant
- Defective stop valve

Troubleshooting

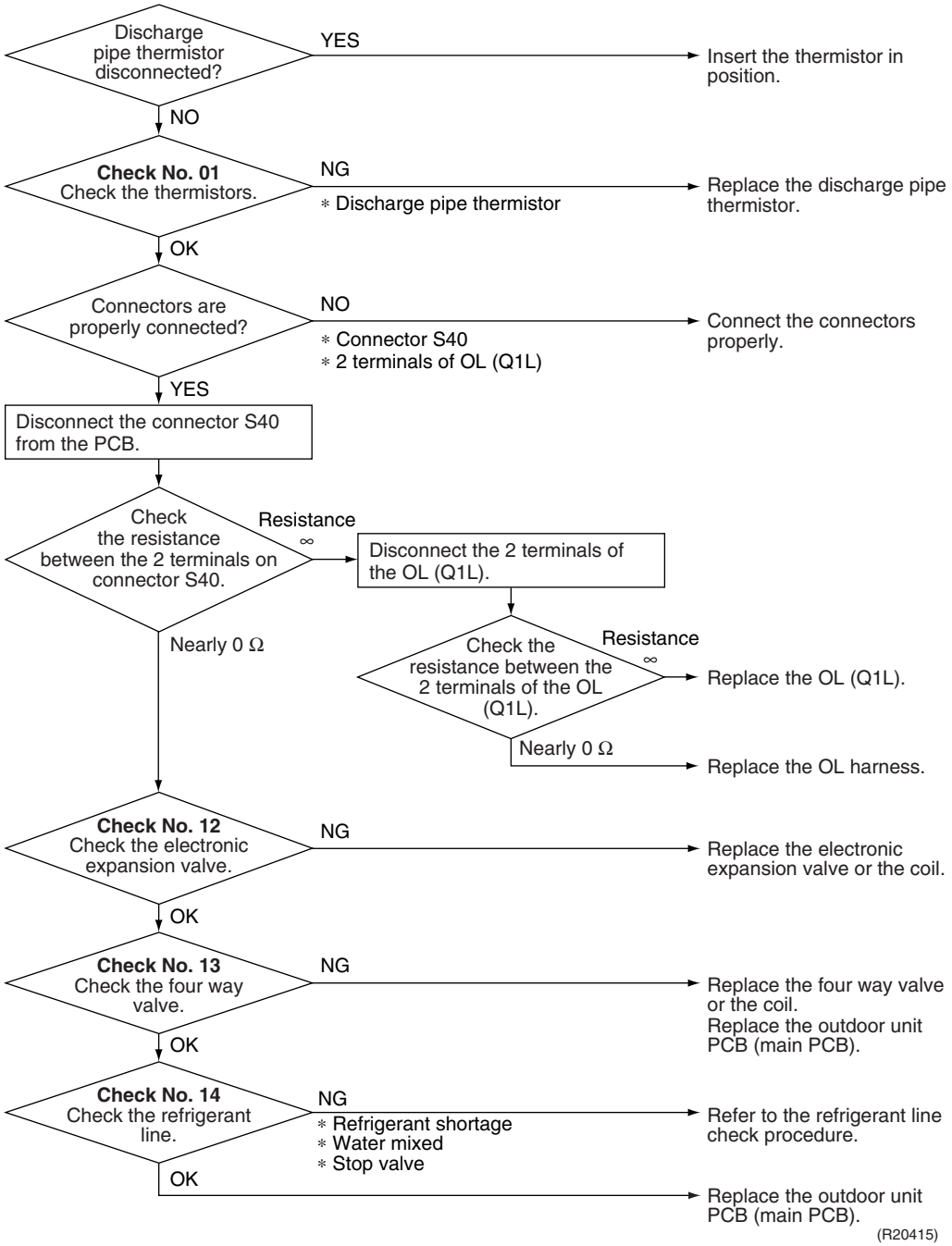
Check No.01
Refer to P.108

Check No.12
Refer to P.109

Check No.13
Refer to P.110

Check No.14
Refer to P.110

Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R20415)

Note: OL (Q1L) activating temperature: 120°C
OL (Q1L) recovery temperature: 95°C

4.13 Compressor Lock

Error Code

E6

Method of Error Detection

A compressor lock is detected by the current waveform generated when applying high-frequency voltage to the motor.

Error Decision Conditions

- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes (20/25/35/42 class) or 5 minutes (50 class) without any other error

Supposed Causes

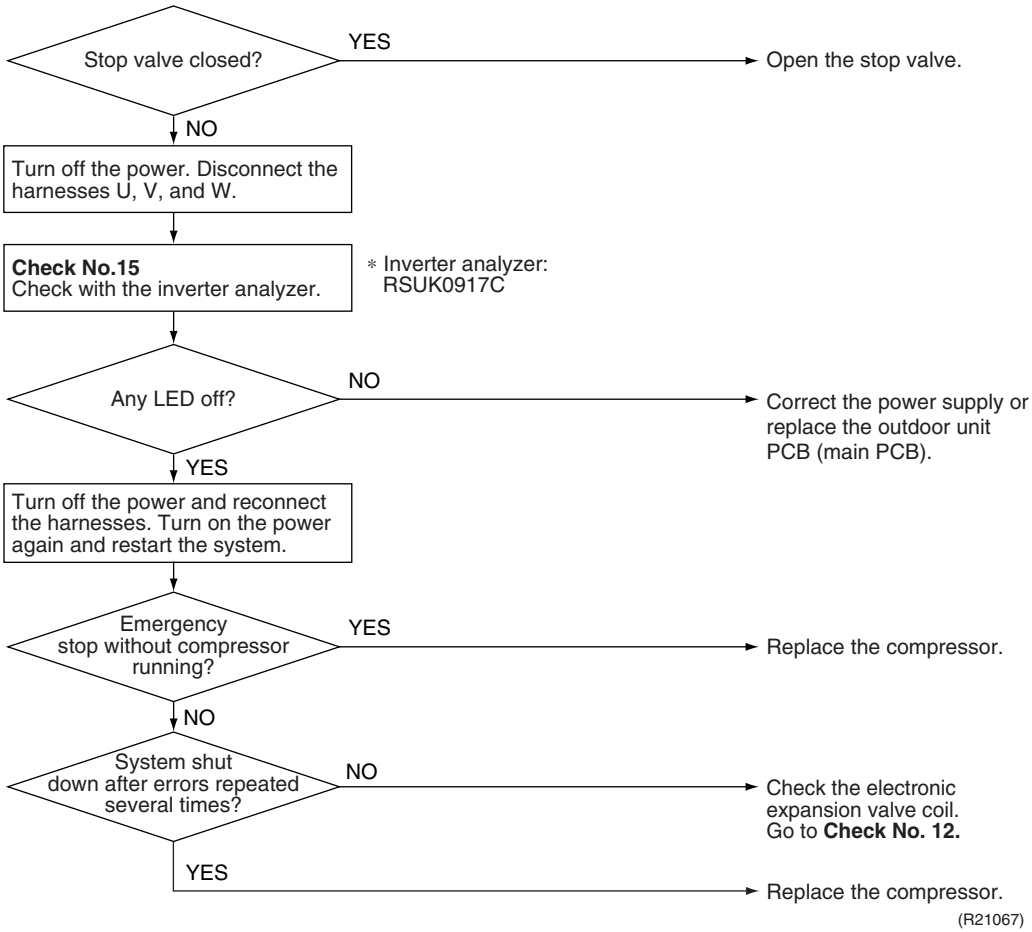
- Closed stop valve
- Compressor locked
- Disconnection of compressor harness

Troubleshooting

Check No.12
Refer to P.109

Check No.15
Refer to P.111

Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.
(Precaution before turning on the power again)
Make sure the power has been off for at least 30 seconds.



(R21067)

4.14 DC Fan Lock

Error Code

E7

Method of Error Detection

An error is determined with the high-voltage fan motor rotation speed detected by the Hall IC.

Error Decision Conditions

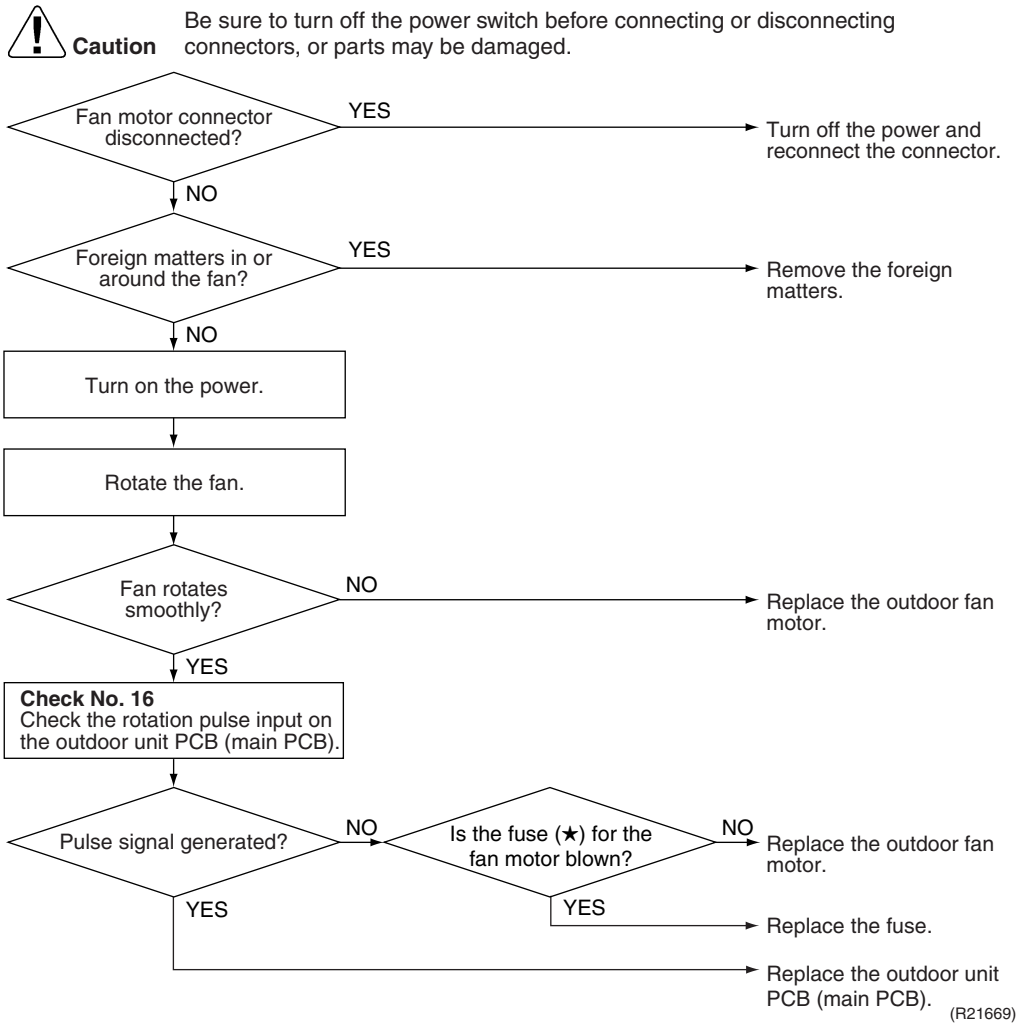
- The fan does not start in 15 ~ 60 seconds (depending on the model) even when the fan motor is running.
- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes (20/25/35/42 class) or 5 minutes (50 class) without any other error

Supposed Causes

- Disconnection of the fan motor
- Foreign matter stuck in the fan
- Defective fan motor
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

Check No.16
Refer to P.113



★ Fuse

20/25/35/42 class, RK(X)S50J2V1B9	FU2
RK(X)S50J2V1B	FU3

4.15 Input Overcurrent Detection

Error Code

E8

Method of Error Detection

An input overcurrent is detected by checking the input current value with the compressor running.

Error Decision Conditions

The current exceeds about 9.25 ~ 20 A for 2.5 seconds with the compressor running.
(The upper limit of the current decreases when the outdoor temperature exceeds a certain level.)

Supposed Causes

- Outdoor temperature is out of operation range.
- Defective compressor
- Defective power module
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Short circuit

Troubleshooting

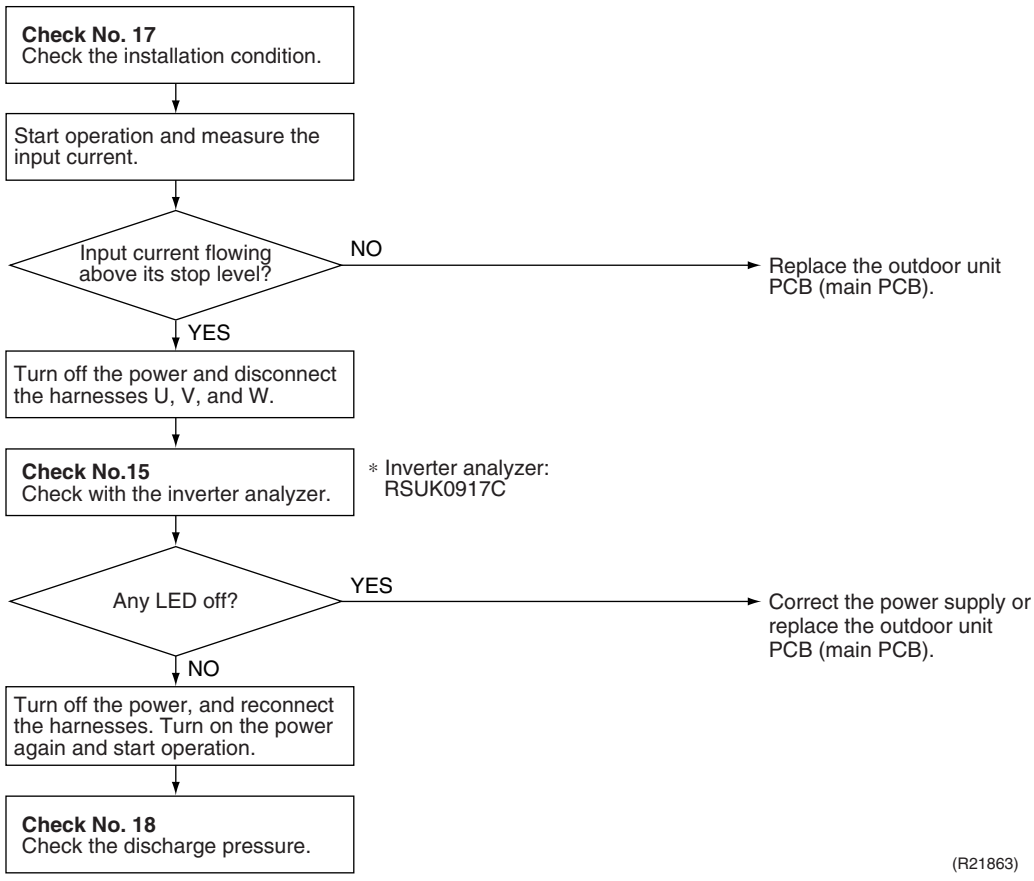
Check No.15
Refer to P.111

Check No.17
Refer to P.114

Check No.18
Refer to P.114

Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.

* An input overcurrent may result from wrong internal wiring. If the system is interrupted by an input overcurrent after the wires have been disconnected and reconnected for part replacement, check the wiring again.



(R21863)

4.16 Four Way Valve Abnormality

Error Code

E9

Method of Error Detection

The room temperature thermistor and the indoor heat exchanger thermistor are checked if they function within their normal ranges in each operation mode.

Error Decision Conditions

A following condition continues over 1 ~ 10 minutes (depending on the model) after operating for 5 ~ 10 minutes (depending on the model).

<Cooling / Dry>
A – B < –5°C

<Heating>
B – A < –5°C

A: Room thermistor temperature
B: Indoor heat exchanger temperature

- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

Supposed Causes

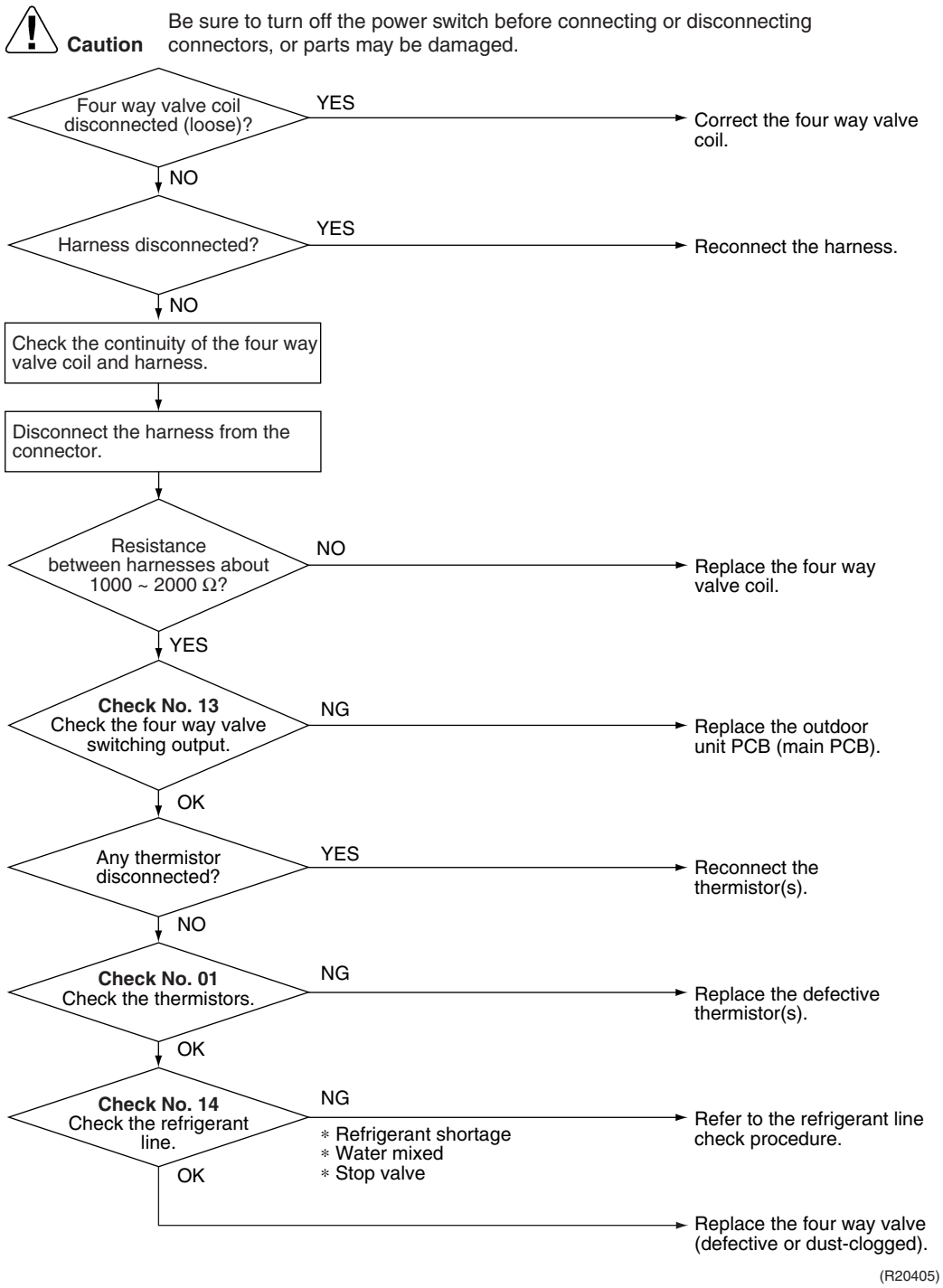
- Disconnection of four way valve coil
- Defective four way valve, coil, or harness
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Defective thermistor
- Refrigerant shortage
- Water mixed in refrigerant
- Defective stop valve

Troubleshooting

Check No.01
Refer to P.108

Check No.13
Refer to P.110

Check No.14
Refer to P.110



(R20405)

4.17 Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

Error Code

F3

Method of Error Detection

An error is determined with the temperature detected by the discharge pipe thermistor.

Error Decision Conditions

- If the temperature detected by the discharge pipe thermistor rises above **A**°C, the compressor stops.
- The error is cleared when the discharge pipe temperature has dropped below **B**°C.

<20/25/35 class>

Stop temperatures	**A** (°C)	**B** (°C)
(1) above 45 Hz (rising), above 40 Hz (dropping)	110	97
(2) 30 ~ 45 Hz (rising), 25 ~ 40 Hz (dropping)	105	92
(3) below 30 Hz (rising), below 25 Hz (dropping)	99	86

<42 class>

Stop temperatures	**A** (°C)	**B** (°C)
(1) above 30Hz (rising), above 25Hz (dropping)	110	95
(2) below 30Hz (rising), below 25Hz (dropping)	108	93

<50 class>

A (°C)	**B** (°C)
110	95

- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

Supposed Causes

- Defective discharge pipe thermistor
  (Defective outdoor heat exchanger thermistor or outdoor temperature thermistor)
- Defective electronic expansion valve or coil
- Refrigerant shortage
- Defective four way valve
- Water mixed in refrigerant
- Defective stop valve
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

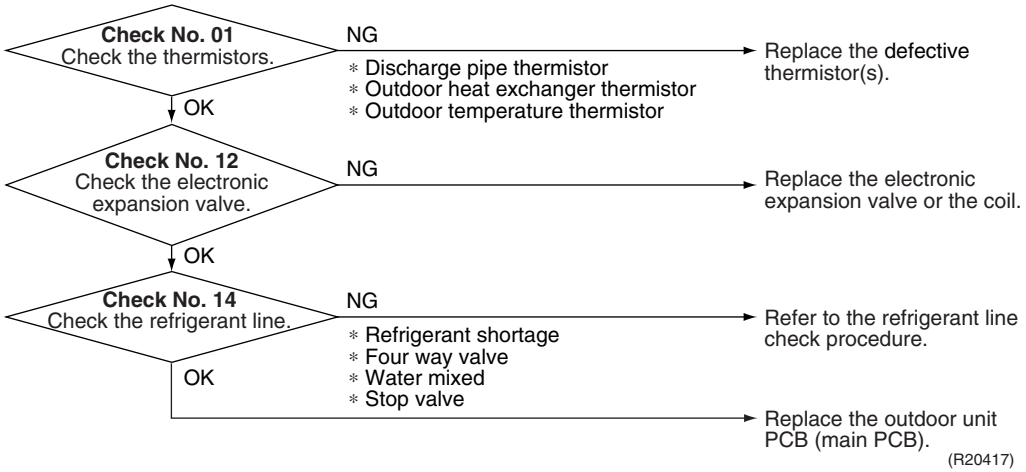
Troubleshooting

Check No.01
Refer to P.108

Check No.12
Refer to P.109

Check No.14
Refer to P.110

Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R20417)

4.18 High Pressure Control in Cooling

Error Code

F6

Method of Error Detection

High-pressure control (operation halt, frequency drop, etc.) is activated in cooling operation if the temperature sensed by the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor exceeds the limit.

Error Decision Conditions

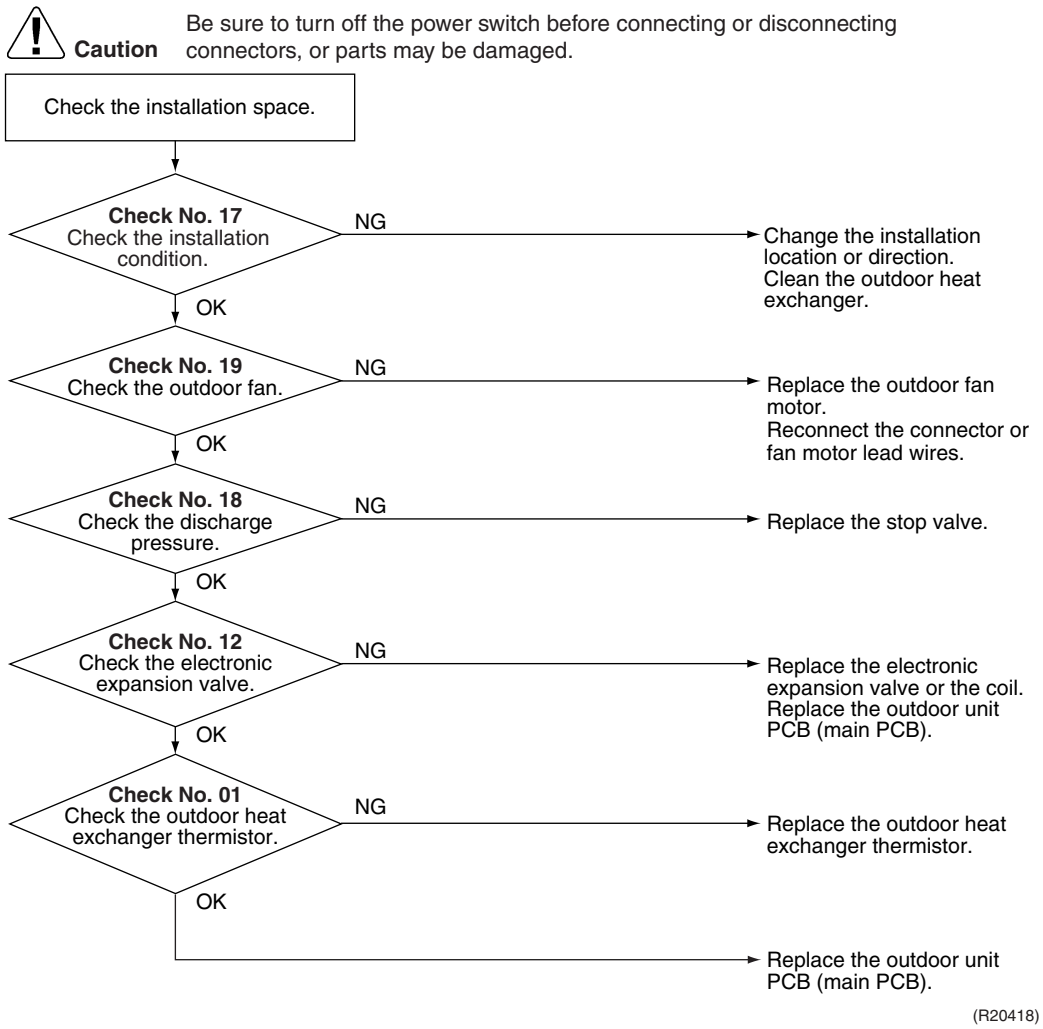
- The temperature sensed by the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor rises above about 65°C.
- The error is cleared when the temperature drops below about 50°C.

Supposed Causes

- The installation space is not large enough.
- Dirty outdoor heat exchanger
- Defective outdoor fan motor
- Defective stop valve
- Defective electronic expansion valve or coil
- Defective outdoor heat exchanger thermistor
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

Check No.01 Refer to P.108
Check No.12 Refer to P.109
Check No.17 Refer to P.114
Check No.18 Refer to P.114
Check No.19 Refer to P.115



4.19 Compressor System Sensor Abnormality

4.19.1 20/25/35/42 Class, RK(X)S50J2V1B9

Error Code

H07

Method of Error Detection

The system checks the DC current before the compressor starts.

Error Decision Conditions

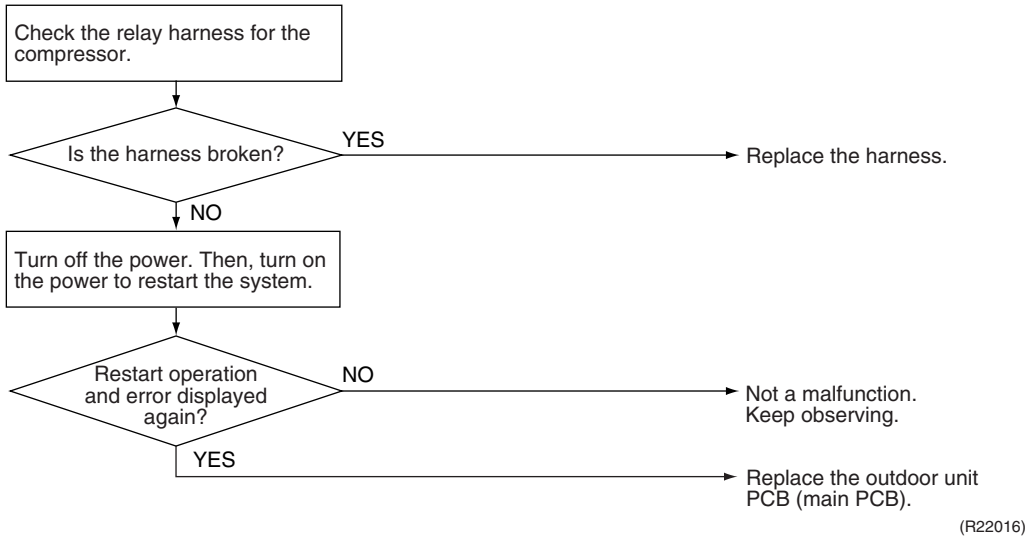
- The voltage converted from the DC current before compressor start-up is out of the range 0.5 ~ 4.5 V.
- The DC voltage before compressor start-up is below 50 V.

Supposed Causes

- Broken or disconnected harness
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R22016)

4.19.2 RK(X)S50J2V1B

Error Code

H07

Method of Error Detection

- The system checks the power supply voltage and the DC voltage before the compressor starts.
- The system checks the compressor current right after the compressor starts.

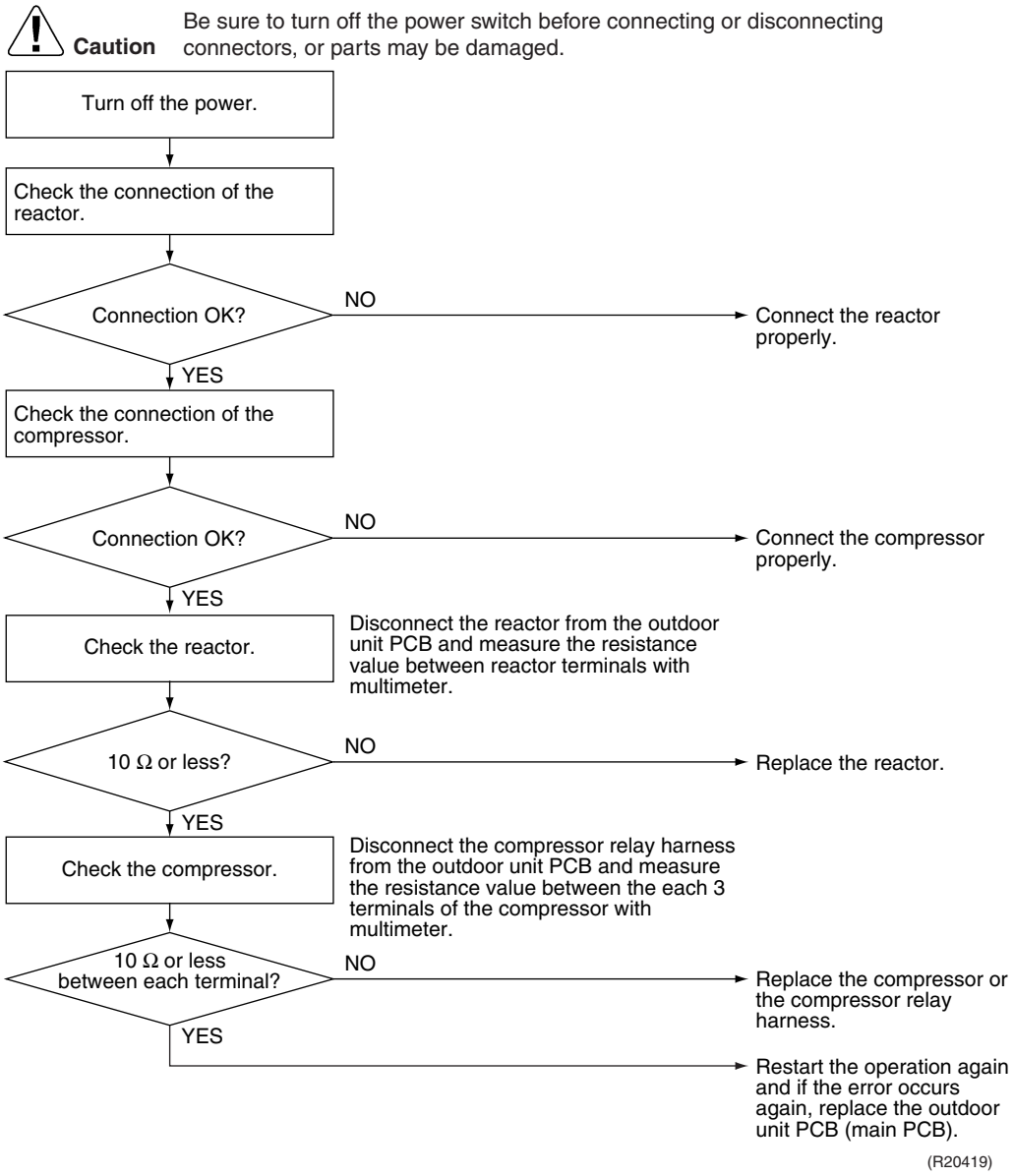
Error Decision Conditions

- The power supply voltage and the DC voltage is obviously low or high.
- The compressor current does not run when the compressor starts.

Supposed Causes

- Disconnection of reactor
- Disconnection of compressor harness
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Defective compressor

Troubleshooting



4.20 Position Sensor Abnormality

Error Code	H6
Method of Error Detection	A compressor start-up failure is detected by checking the compressor running condition through the position detection circuit.
Error Decision Conditions	■ If the error repeats, the system is shut down. ■ Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes (20/25/35/42 class) or 5 minutes (50 class) without any other error
Supposed Causes	■ Power supply voltage is not as specified. ■ Disconnection of the compressor harness ■ Defective compressor ■ Defective outdoor unit PCB ■ Start-up failure caused by the closed stop valve ■ Input voltage is outside the specified range.

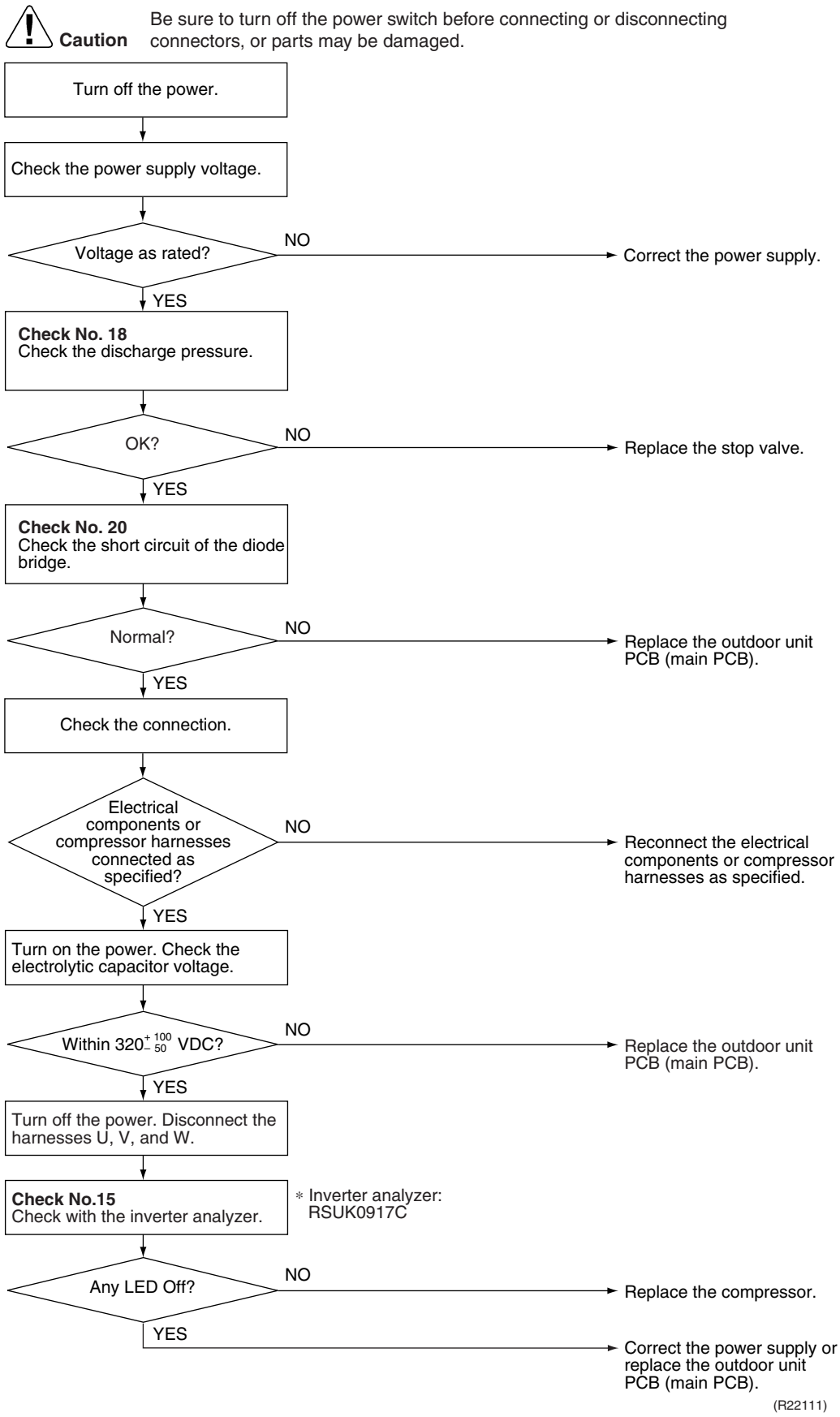
Troubleshooting

20/25/35/42 class, RK(X)S50J2V1B9

Check No.15
Refer to P.111

Check No.18
Refer to P.114

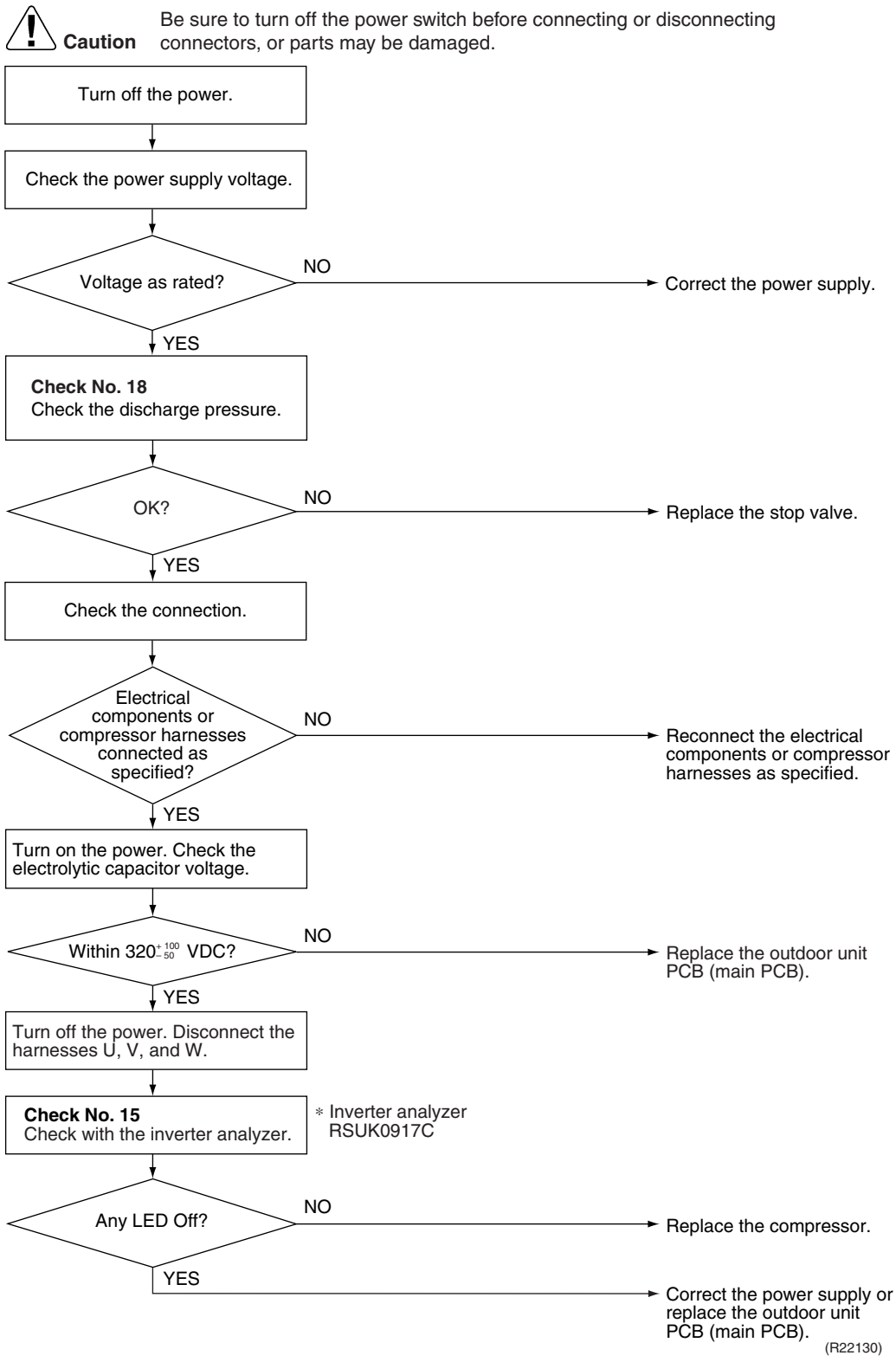
Check No.20
Refer to P.115



Troubleshooting RK(X)S50J2V1B

Check No.15
Refer to P.111

Check No.18
Refer to P.114



4.21 DC Voltage / Current Sensor Abnormality (20/25/35/42 Class Only)

Error Code

H8

Method of Error Detection

DC voltage or DC current sensor abnormality is identified based on the compressor running frequency and the input current.

Error Decision Conditions

- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

Supposed Causes

- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.

Replace the outdoor unit PCB (main PCB).

4.22 CT or Related Abnormality (RK(X)S50J2V1B Only)

Error Code

H8

Method of Error Detection

A CT or related error is detected by checking the compressor running frequency and CT-detected input current.

Error Decision Conditions

- The compressor running frequency is more than **A** Hz, and the CT input current is less than **B** A.

A (Hz)	**B** (A)
55	0.5

- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

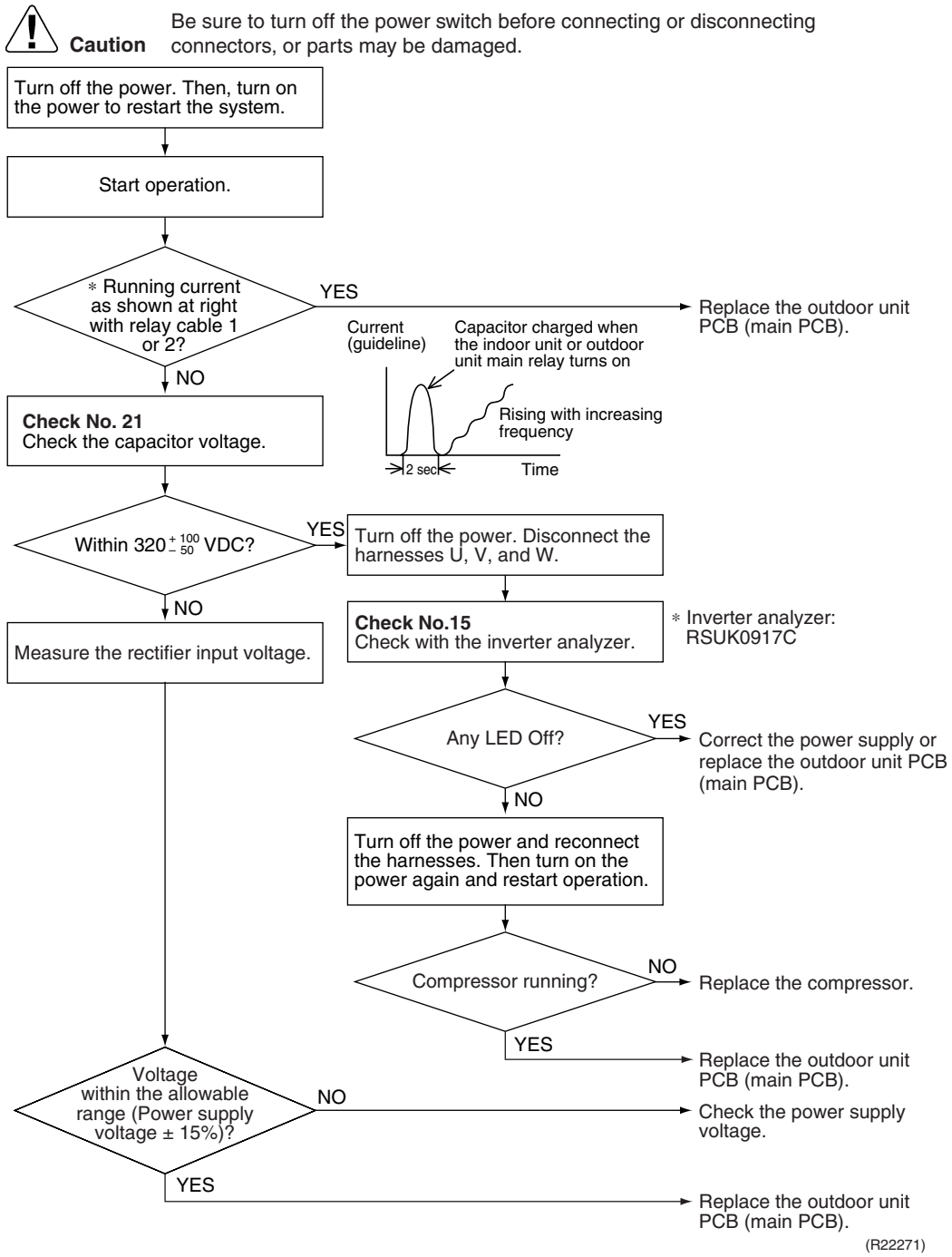
Supposed Causes

- Defective power module
- Broken or disconnected wiring
- Defective reactor
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

Check No.15
Refer to P.111

Check No.21
Refer to P.117



4.23 Thermistor or Related Abnormality (Outdoor Unit)

Error Code

H9, J3, J6, P4

Method of Error Detection

This fault is identified based on the thermistor input voltage to the microcomputer.
A thermistor fault is identified based on the temperature sensed by each thermistor.

Error Decision Conditions

- The voltage between the both ends of the thermistor is above 4.96 ~ 4.98 V or below 0.02 ~ 0.04 V with the power on.
- J3 error is judged if the discharge pipe temperature is lower than the heat exchanger temperature.

Supposed Causes

- Disconnection of the connector for the thermistor
- Thermistor corresponding to the error code is defective.
- Defective heat exchanger thermistor in the case of J3 error (outdoor heat exchanger thermistor in cooling operation, or indoor heat exchanger thermistor in heating operation)
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

In case of P4

Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.

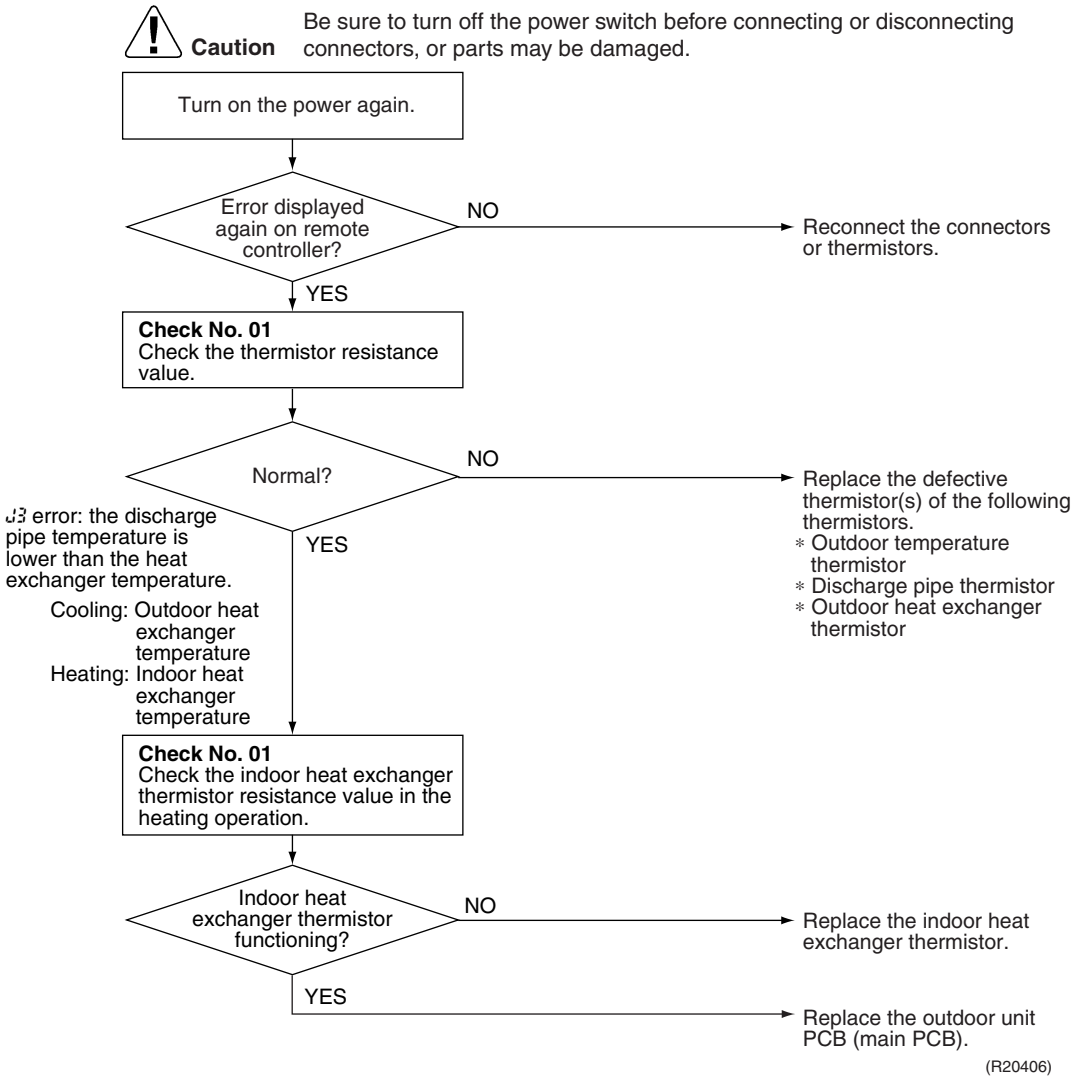
Replace the outdoor unit PCB (main PCB).

P4 : Radiation fin thermistor

Troubleshooting

In case of H9, J3, J6

Check No.01
Refer to P.108



H9 : Outdoor temperature thermistor
J3 : Discharge pipe thermistor
J6 : Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor

4.24 Electrical Box Temperature Rise

Error Code

L3

Method of Error Detection

An electrical box temperature rise is detected by checking the radiation fin thermistor with the compressor off.

Error Decision Conditions

- With the compressor off, the radiation fin temperature is above **A**°C.
- The error is cleared when the radiation fin temperature drops below **B**°C.
- To cool the electrical components, the outdoor fan starts when the radiation fin temperature rises above **C**°C and stops when it drops below **B**°C.

	A (°C)	**B** (°C)	**C** (°C)
20/25/35 class	98	75	83
42 class	80	70	75
RK(X)S50J2V1B	95	80	85
RK(X)S50J2V1B9	122	64	113

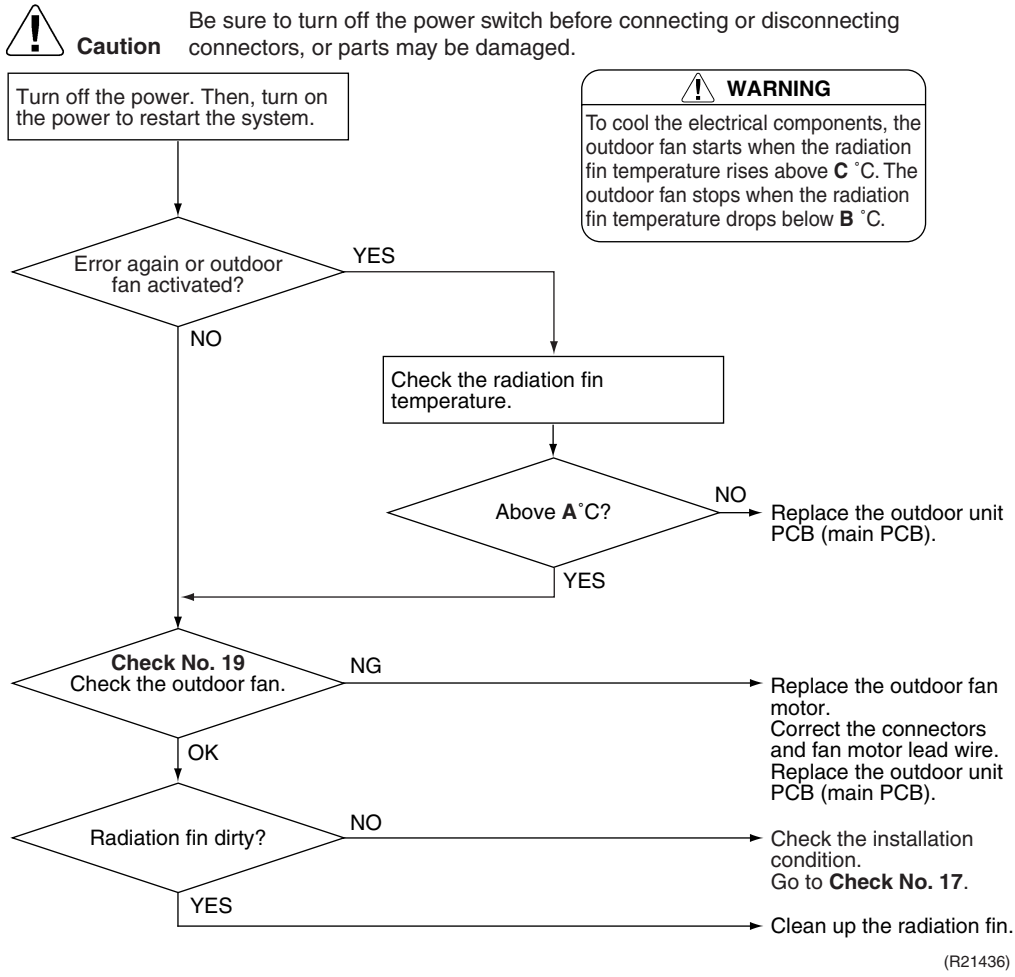
Supposed Causes

- Defective outdoor fan motor
- Short circuit
- Defective radiation fin thermistor
- Disconnection of connector
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

Check No.17
Refer to P.114

Check No.19
Refer to P.115



4.25 Radiation Fin Temperature Rise

Error Code

L4

Method of Error Detection

A radiation fin temperature rise is detected by checking the radiation fin thermistor with the compressor on.

Error Decision Conditions

- If the radiation fin temperature with the compressor on is above **A**°C.
- The error is cleared when the radiation fin temperature drops below **B**°C.
- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

	A (°C)	**B** (°C)
20/25/35 class	98	78
42 class	92.5	85
RK(X)S50J2V1B	105	99
RK(X)S50J2V1B9	85	56

Supposed Causes

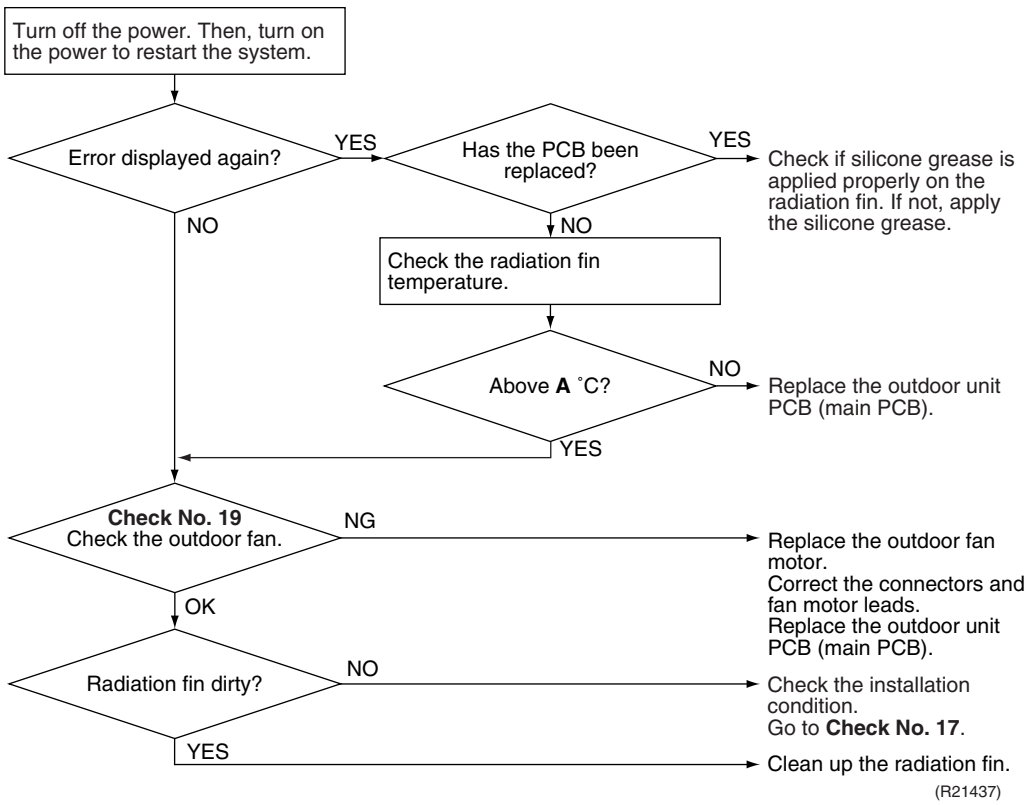
- Defective outdoor fan motor
- Short circuit
- Defective radiation fin thermistor
- Disconnection of connector
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Silicone grease is not applied properly on the radiation fin after replacing the outdoor unit PCB.

Troubleshooting

Check No.17
Refer to P.114

Check No.19
Refer to P.115

Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



	A (°C)
20/25/35 class	98
42 class	92.5
RK(X)S50J2V1B	105
RK(X)S50J2V1B9	85

Note: Refer to Silicone Grease on Power Transistor / Diode Bridge on page 130 for detail.

4.26 Output Overcurrent Detection

Error Code

L5

Method of Error Detection

An output overcurrent is detected by checking the current that flows in the inverter DC section.

Error Decision Conditions

- A position signal error occurs while the compressor is running.
- A rotation speed error occurs while the compressor is running.
- An output overcurrent signal is fed from the output overcurrent detection circuit to the microcomputer.
- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes (20/25/35/42 class) or 5 minutes (50 class) without any other error

Supposed Causes

- Poor installation condition
- Closed stop valve
- Defective power module
- Wrong internal wiring
- Abnormal power supply voltage
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Power supply voltage is not as specified.
- Defective compressor

Troubleshooting

Check No.15
Refer to P.111

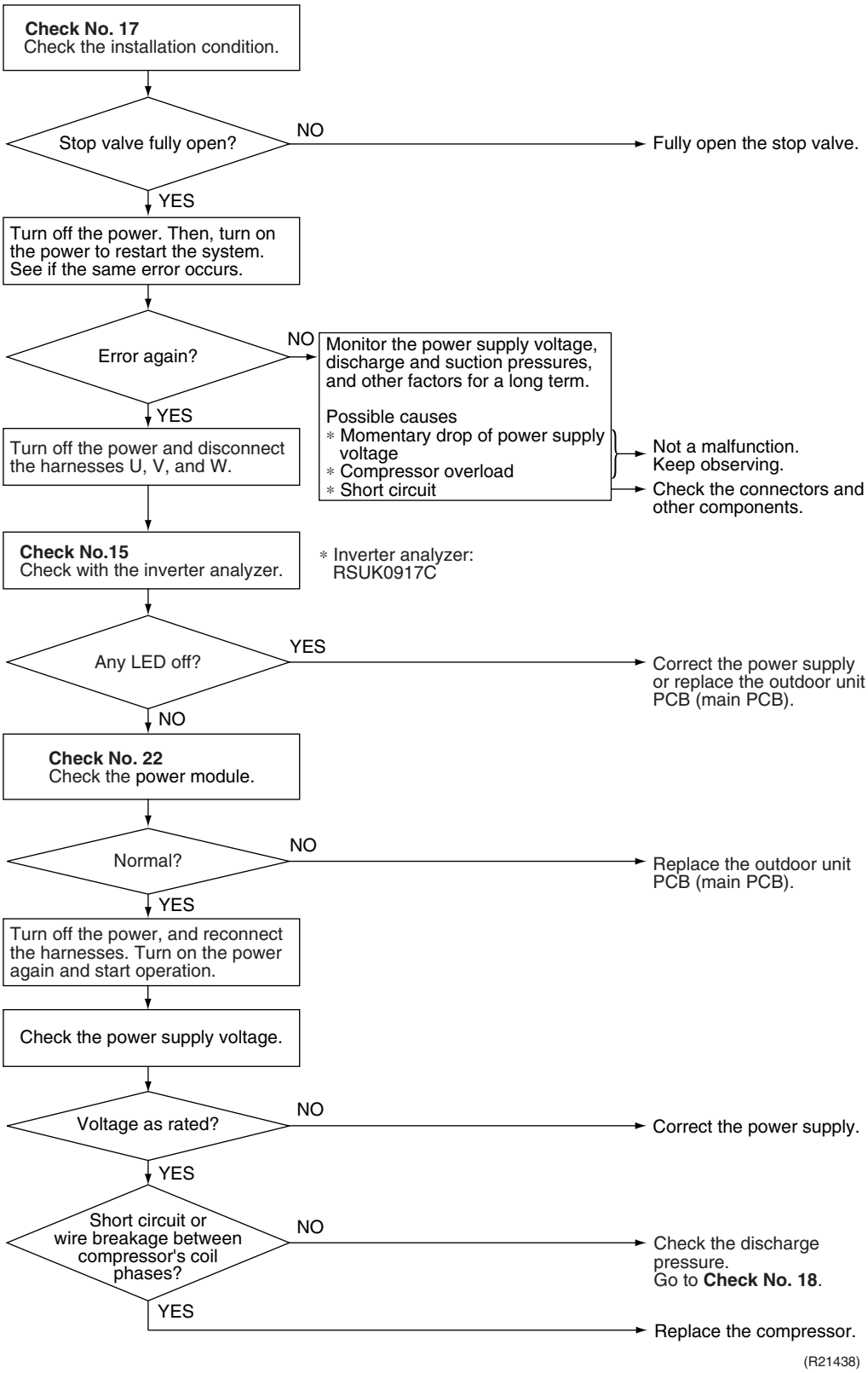
Check No.17
Refer to P.114

Check No.18
Refer to P.114

Check No.22
Refer to P.117

Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.

* An output overcurrent may result from wrong internal wiring. If the system is interrupted by an output overcurrent after the wires have been disconnected and reconnected for part replacement, check the wiring again.



(R21438)

5. Check

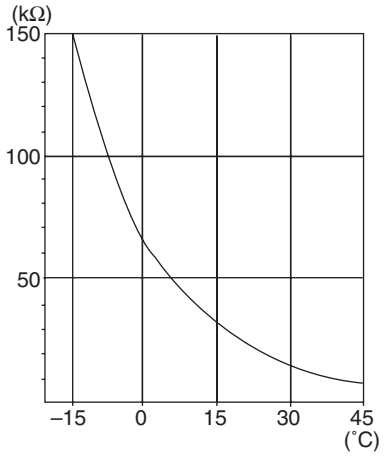
5.1 Thermistor Resistance Check

Check No.01 Disconnect the connectors of the thermistors from the PCB, and measure the resistance of each thermistor using a multimeter.

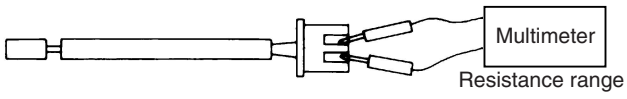
The data is for reference purpose only.

Thermistor temperature (°C)	Resistance (kΩ)
–20	197.8
–15	148.2
–10	112.1
–5	85.60
0	65.93
5	51.14
10	39.99
15	31.52
20	25.02
25	20.00
30	16.10
35	13.04
40	10.62
45	8.707
50	7.176

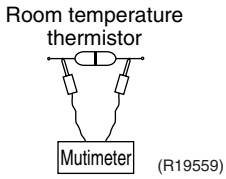
(R25°C = 20 kΩ, B = 3950 K)



(R11905)



(R21542)



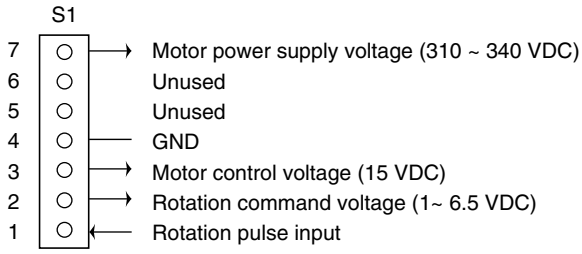
(R19559)

- When the room temperature thermistor is soldered on a PCB, remove the PCB from the control PCB to measure the resistance.
- When the connector of indoor heat exchanger thermistor is soldered on a PCB, remove the thermistor and measure the resistance.

5.2 Indoor Fan Motor Connector Output Check

Check No.02

1. Check the connection of connector.
2. Check the motor power supply voltage output (pins 4 - 7).
3. Check the motor control voltage (pins 4 - 3).
4. Check the rotation command voltage (pins 4 - 2).
5. Check the rotation pulse (pins 4 - 1).



5.3 Power Supply Waveforms Check

Check No.11

Measure the power supply waveform between No. 1 and No. 2 on the terminal board, and check the waveform disturbance.

- Check if the power supply waveform is a sine wave (Fig.1).
- Check if there is waveform disturbance near the zero-cross (sections circled in Fig.2).

Fig.1

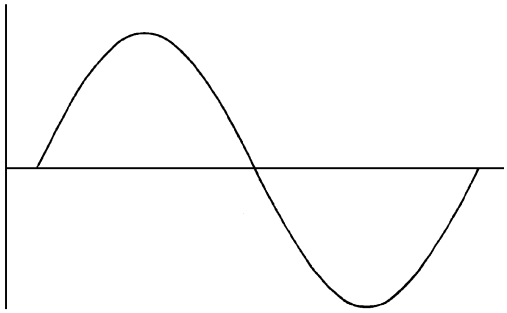
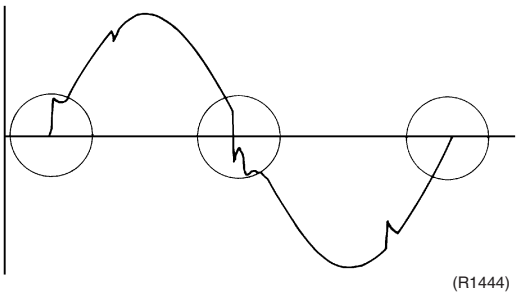


Fig.2

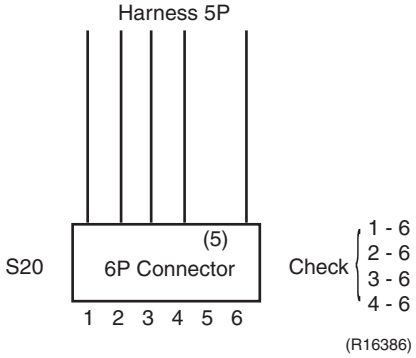


5.4 Electronic Expansion Valve Check

Check No.12

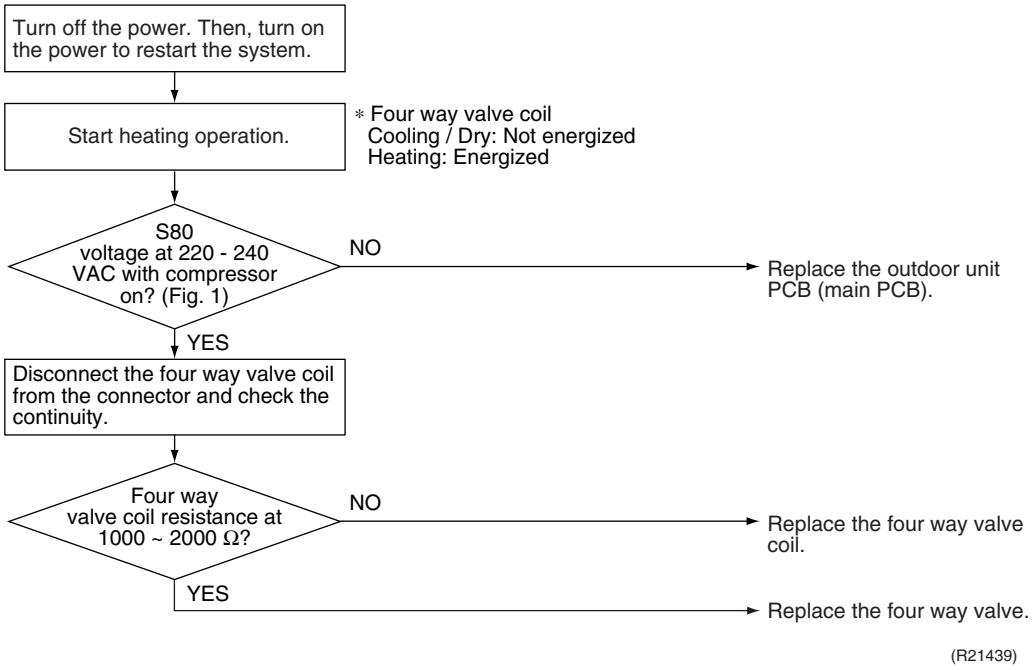
Conduct the followings to check the electronic expansion valve (EV).

1. Check if the EV connector is correctly connected to the PCB.
2. Turn the power off and on again, and check if the EV generates a latching sound.
3. If the EV does not generate a latching sound in the above step 2, disconnect the connector and check the continuity using a multimeter.
4. Check the continuity between the pins 1 - 6, 2 - 6, 3 - 6, 4 - 6. If there is no continuity between the pins, the EV coil is faulty.
5. If the continuity is confirmed in step 3, the outdoor unit PCB is faulty

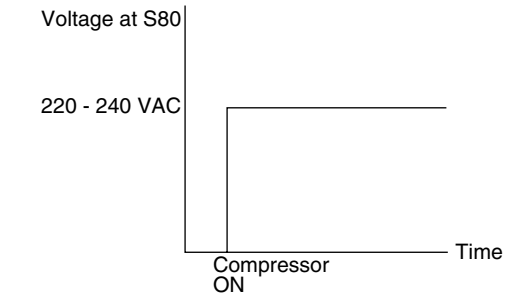


5.5 Four Way Valve Performance Check

Check No.13

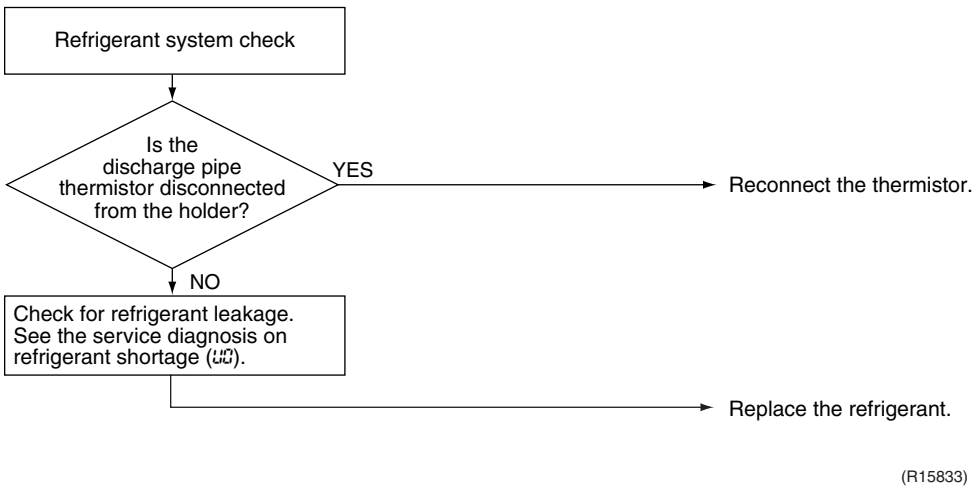


(Fig. 1)



5.6 Inverter Unit Refrigerant System Check

Check No.14



5.7 Inverter Analyzer Check

Check No.15

■ **Characteristics**

Inverter analyzer: RSUK0917C

If an abnormal stop occurs due to compressor startup failure or overcurrent output when using an inverter unit, it is difficult to judge whether the stop is caused by the compressor failure or some other failure (main PCB, power module, etc.). The inverter analyzer makes it possible to judge the cause of trouble easily and securely. (Connect an inverter analyzer as a quasi-compressor instead of compressor and check the output of the inverter)

■ **Operation Method**

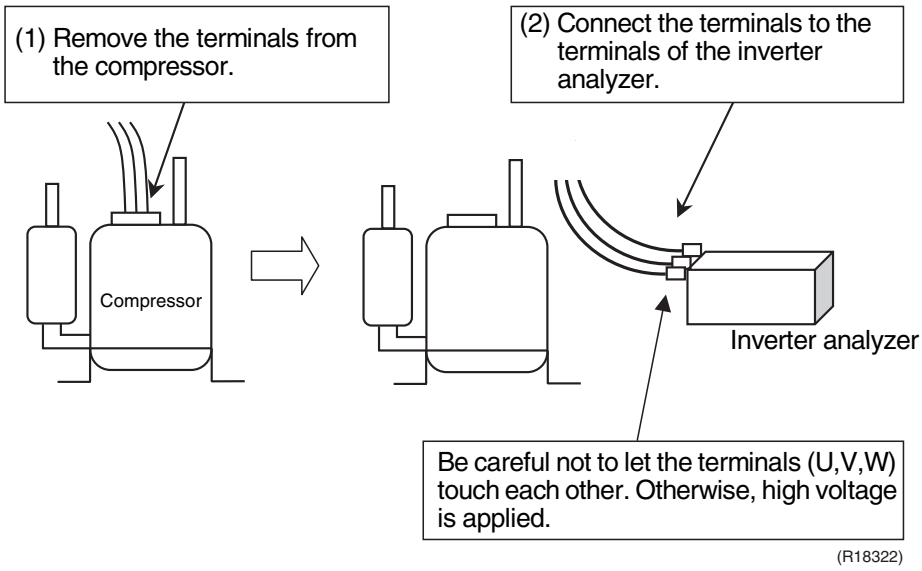
Step 1

Be sure to turn the power off.

Step 2

Install an inverter analyzer instead of a compressor.

Note:
Make sure the charged voltage of the built-in smoothing electrolytic capacitor drops to 10 VDC or below before carrying out the service work.



Reference:
If the terminals of the compressor are not FASTON terminals (difficult to remove the wire on the terminals), it is possible to connect wires available on site to the outdoor unit from output side of PCB. (Do not connect them to the compressor at the same time, otherwise it may result in incorrect detection.)

Step 3

<20/25/35/50 class>

Activate the power transistor test operation from the outdoor unit.

1) Press the forced cooling operation **ON/OFF** button for 5 seconds.
(Refer to page 122 for the position.)
→ Power transistor test operation starts.

<42 class>

Activate power transistor test operation from indoor unit.

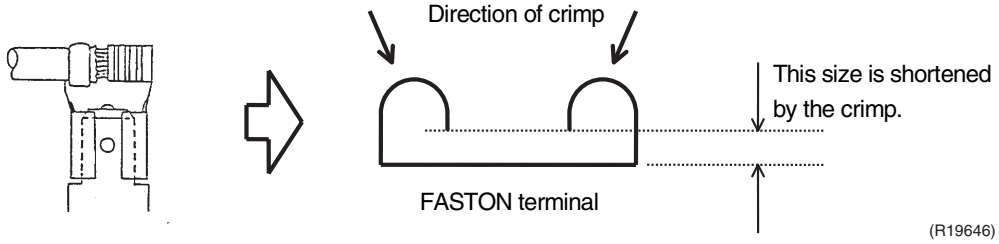
(1) Turn the power on.
(2) Select FAN operation with the **MODE** button on the remote controller.
(3) Press the 3 buttons (**TEMP ▲**, **TEMP ▼**, **MODE**) at the same time.
→ 00 is displayed with the left-side number blinking.
(4) Press the **MODE** button.
→ 00 is displayed with the right-side number blinking.
(5) Press the **MODE** button.
→ 7 is displayed.
(6) Press the **ON/OFF** button.
→ Power transistor test operation starts.

■ **Diagnose method (Diagnose according to 6 LEDs lighting status.)**

(1) If all the LEDs are lit uniformly, the compressor is defective.
→ Replace the compressor.
(2) If the LEDs are not lit uniformly, check the power module.
→ Refer to **Check No.22**.
(3) If NG in **Check No.22**, replace the power module.
(Replace the main PCB. The power module is united with the main PCB.)
If OK in **Check No.22**, check if there is any solder cracking on the PCB.
(4) If any solder cracking is found, replace the PCB or repair the soldered section.
If there is no solder cracking, replace the PCB.

Caution

(1) When the output frequency is low, the LEDs blink slowly. As the output frequency increases, the LEDs blink quicker. (The LEDs look like they are lit.)
(2) On completion of the inverter analyzer diagnosis, be sure to re-crimp the FASTON terminals. Otherwise, the terminals may be burned due to loosening.

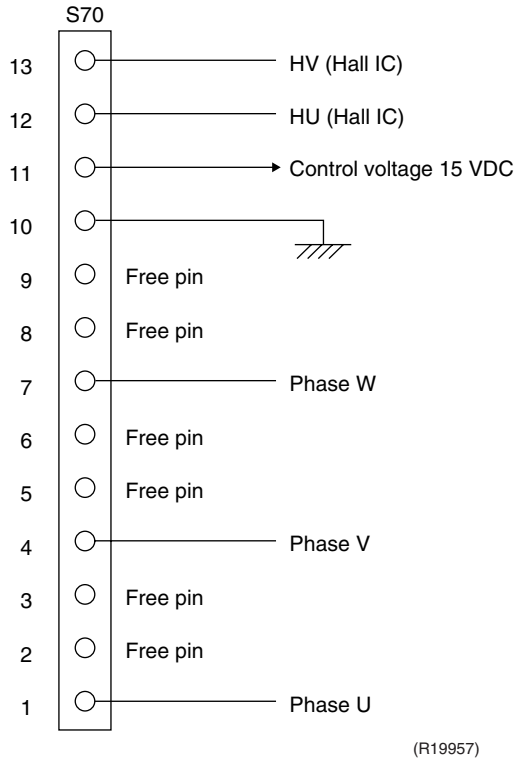


5.8 Rotation Pulse Check on the Outdoor Unit PCB

Check No.16

20/25/35 class

1. Check that the control voltage between the pins 10 - 11 is 15 VDC.
2. Check if the Hall IC generates the rotation pulse (0 ~ 15 VDC) 4 times between the pins 10 - 12, 10 - 13, when the fan motor is manually rotated once.



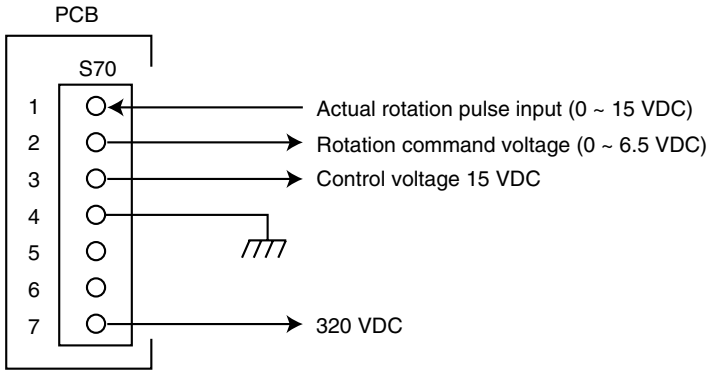
42/50 class

Make sure that the voltage of 320 $^{+100}_{-50}$ V is applied.

1. Set operation off and power off. Disconnect the connector S70.
2. Check that the voltage between the pins 4 - 7 is 320 VDC.
3. Check that the control voltage between the pins 3 - 4 is 15 VDC.
4. Check that the rotation command voltage between the pins 2 - 4 is 0 ~ 6.5 VDC.
5. Keep operation off and power off. Connect the connector S70.
6. Check whether 4 pulses (0 ~ 15 VDC) are input at the pins 1 - 4 when the fan motor is rotated 1 turn by hand.

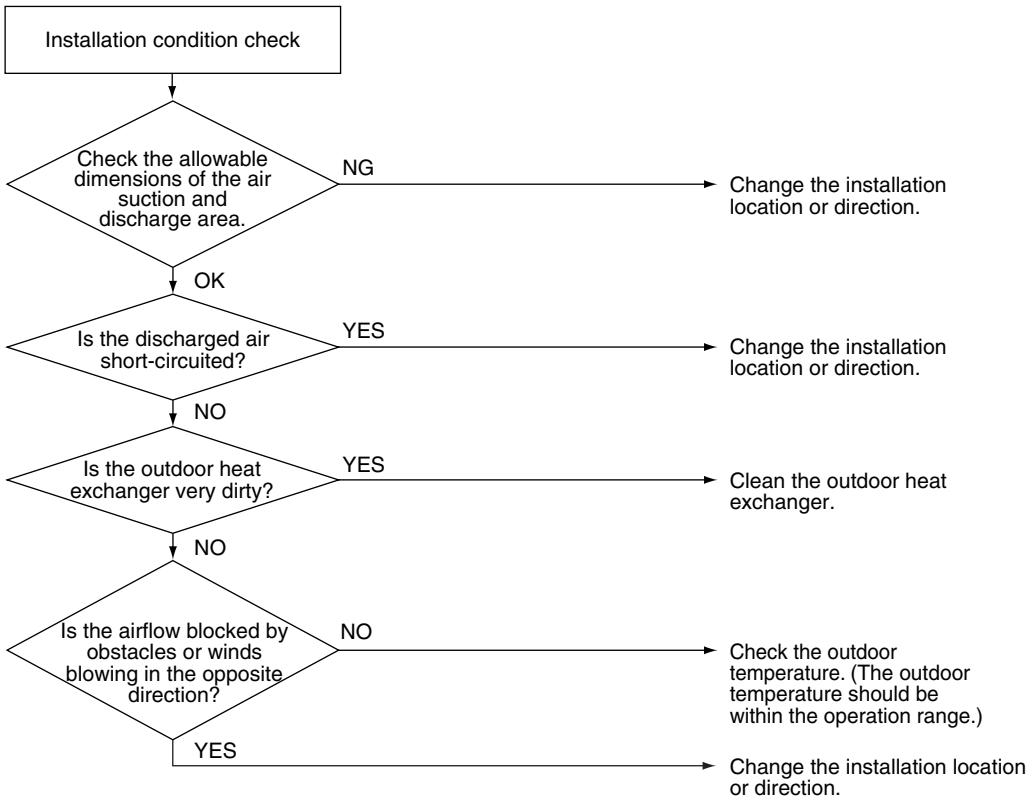
When the fuse is melted, check the outdoor fan motor for proper function.

If NG in step 2 → Defective PCB → Replace the outdoor unit PCB (main PCB).
If NG in step 4 → Defective Hall IC → Replace the outdoor fan motor.
If OK in both steps 2 and 4 → Replace the outdoor unit PCB (main PCB).



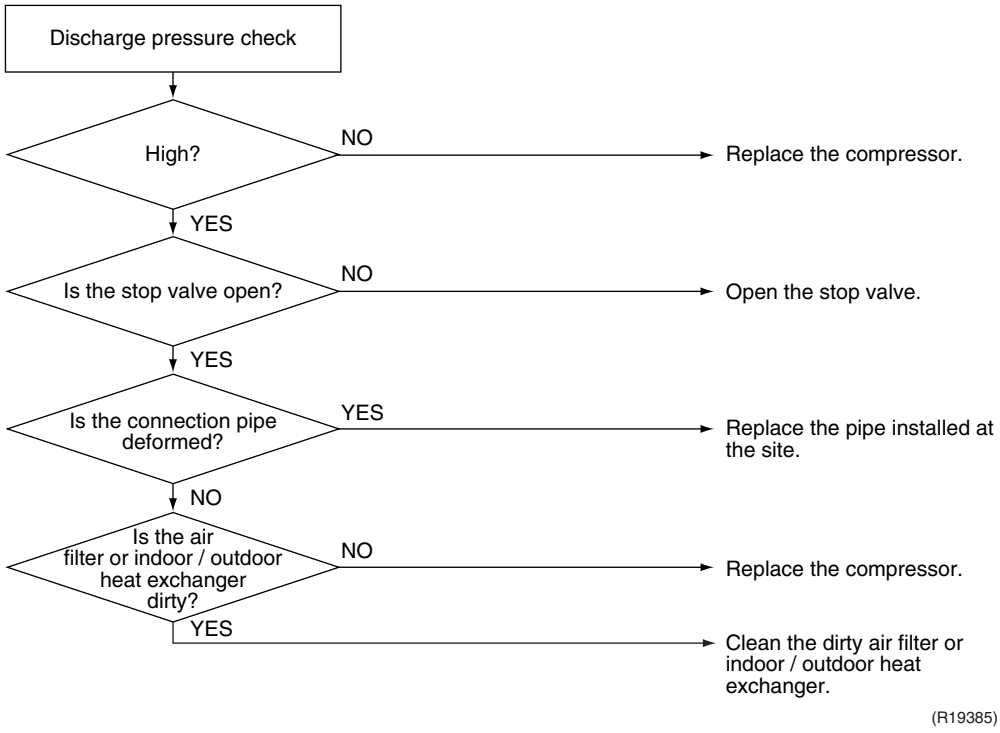
5.9 Installation Condition Check

Check No.17



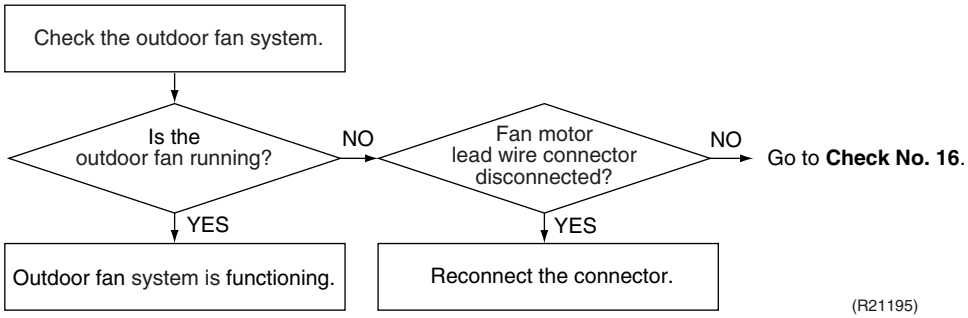
5.10 Discharge Pressure Check

Check No.18



5.11 Outdoor Fan System Check

Check No.19 **DC motor**



5.12 Main Circuit Short Check

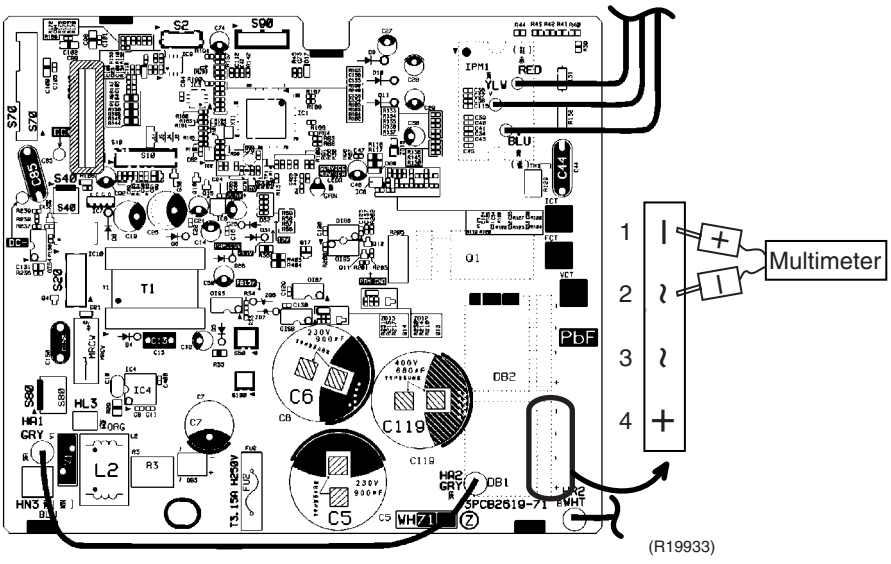
Check No.20 **20/25/35/42 class, RK(X)S50J2V1B9 only**

Check to make sure that the voltage between (+) and (–) of the diode bridge (DB1) is about 0 V before checking.

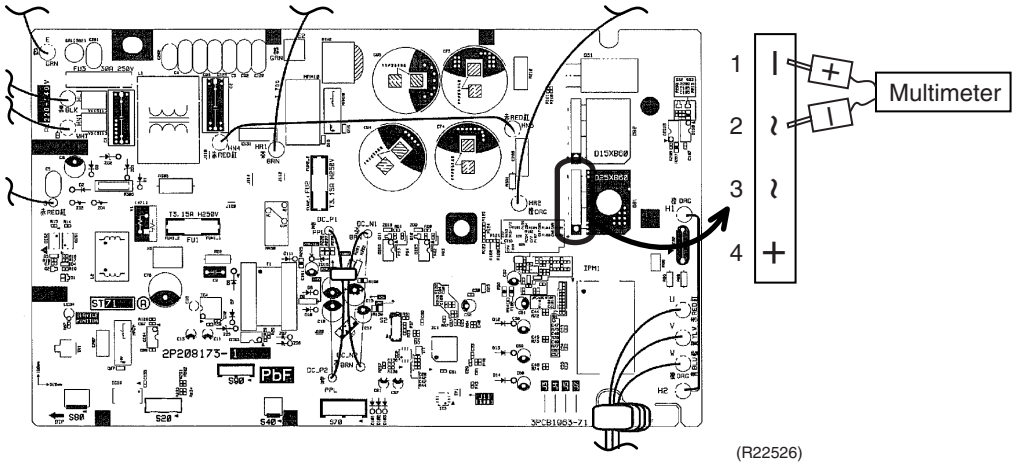
- Measure the resistance between the pins of the DB1 referring to the table below.
- If the resistance is ∞ or less than 1 kΩ, short circuit occurs on the main circuit.

Positive terminal (+) of digital multimeter	~ (2, 3)	+ (4)	~ (2, 3)	− (1)
Negative terminal (–) of digital multimeter	+ (4)	~ (2, 3)	− (1)	~ (2, 3)
Resistance is OK.	several kΩ ~ several MΩ			
Resistance is NG.	0 Ω or ∞			

20/25/35 class

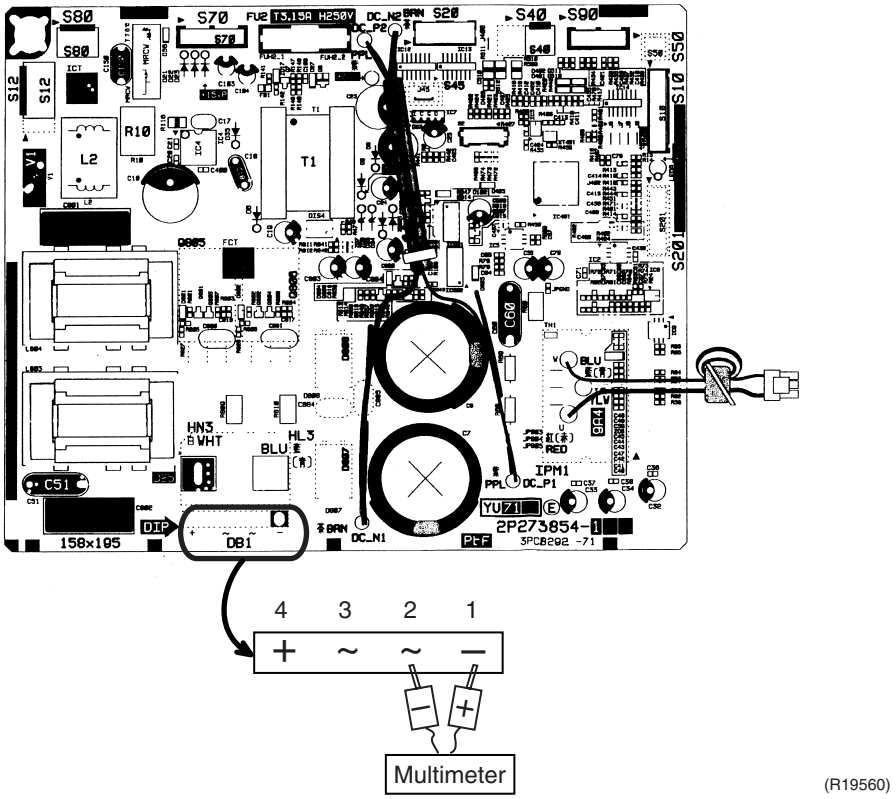


42 class



(R22526)

RK(X)S50J2V1B9



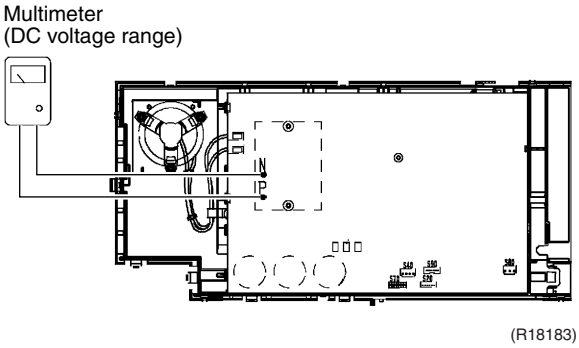
(R19560)

5.13 Capacitor Voltage Check

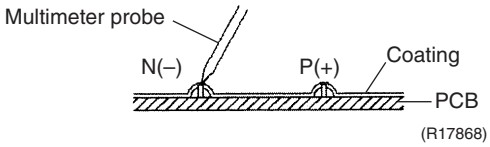
Check No.21

RK(X)S50J2V1B only

Before this check, be sure to check the main circuit for short circuit.
With the circuit breaker still on, measure the voltage according to the drawing of the model in question. Be careful never to touch any live parts.



- To prevent an electrical shock, use a multimeter to check that the voltage between P (+) and N (–) is 50 V or less.
- The surface of the test points (P, N) may be covered with the coating. Be sure to make firm contact between the multimeter probes and the test points.



5.14 Power Module Check

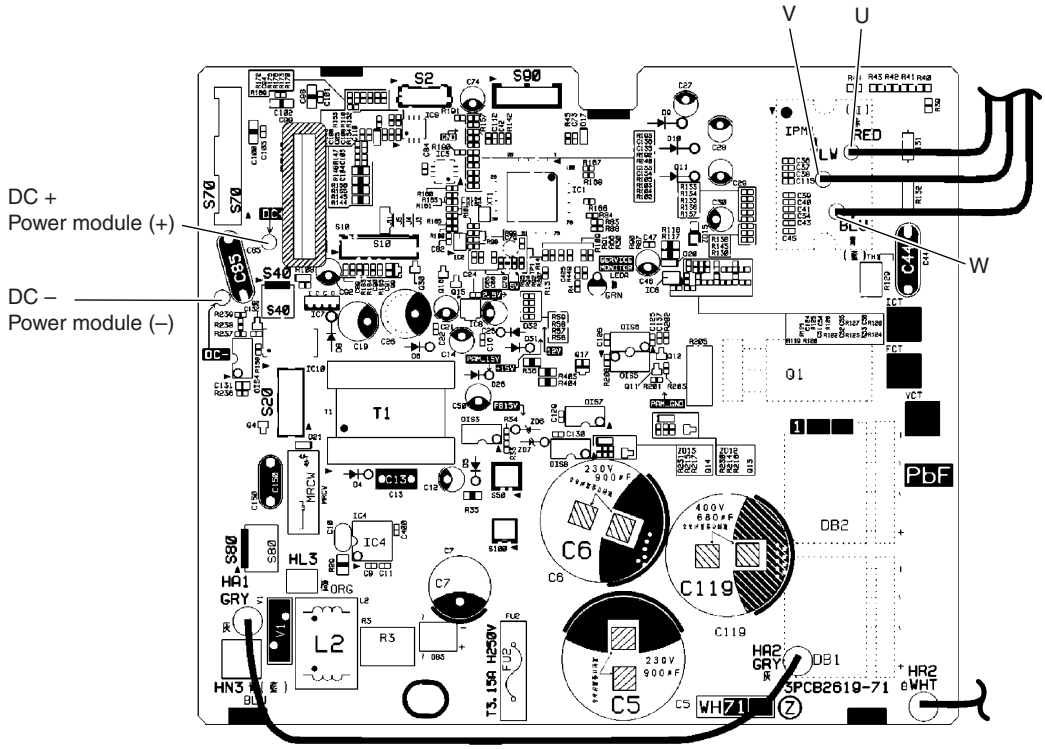
Check No.22

Check to make sure that the voltage between (+) and (–) of the power module is about 0 V before checking.

- Disconnect the compressor harness connector from the outdoor unit PCB. To disengage the connector, press the protrusion on the connector.

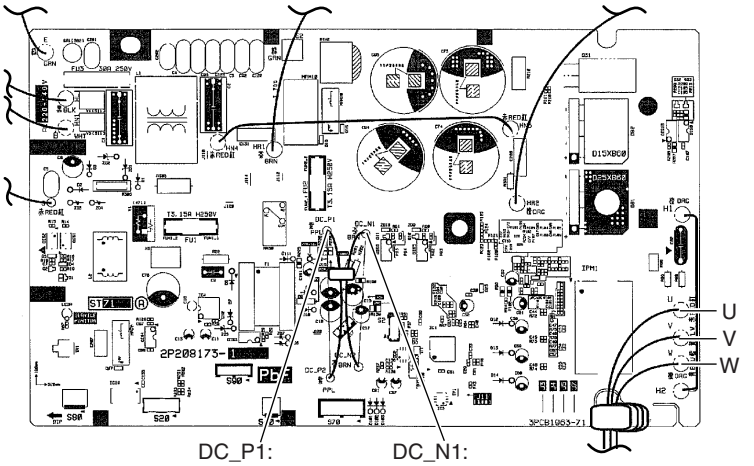
Positive terminal (+) of digital multimeter	Power module (+)	UVW	Power module (–)	UVW
Negative terminal (–) of digital multimeter	UVW	Power module (+)	UVW	Power module (–)
Resistance is OK.	several kΩ ~ several MΩ			
Resistance is NG.	0 Ω or ∞			

20/25/35 class



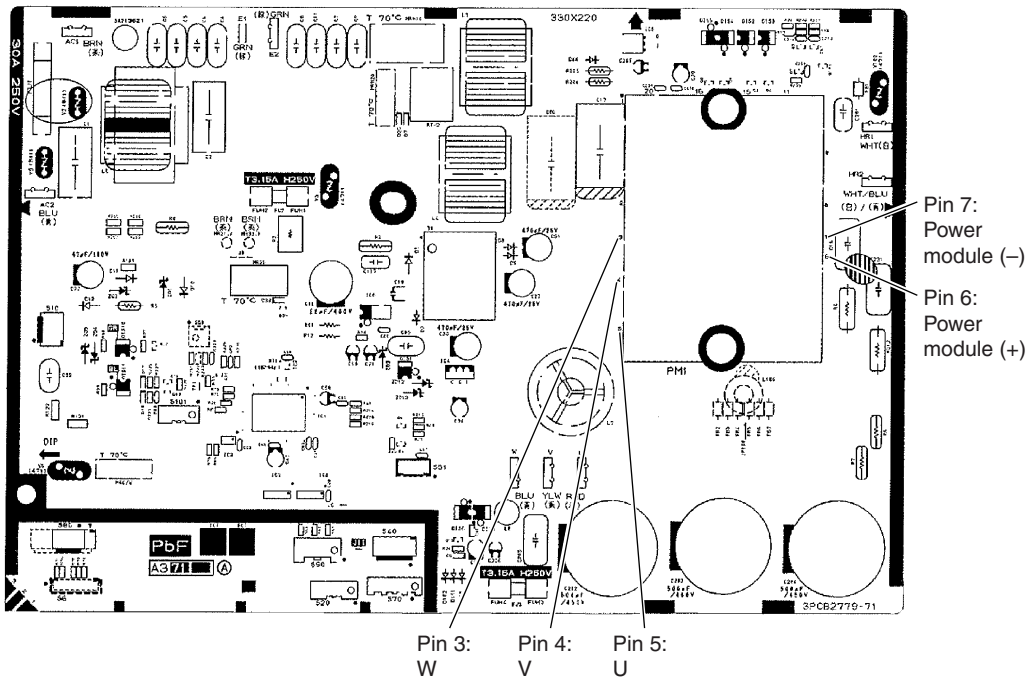
(R20794)

42 class



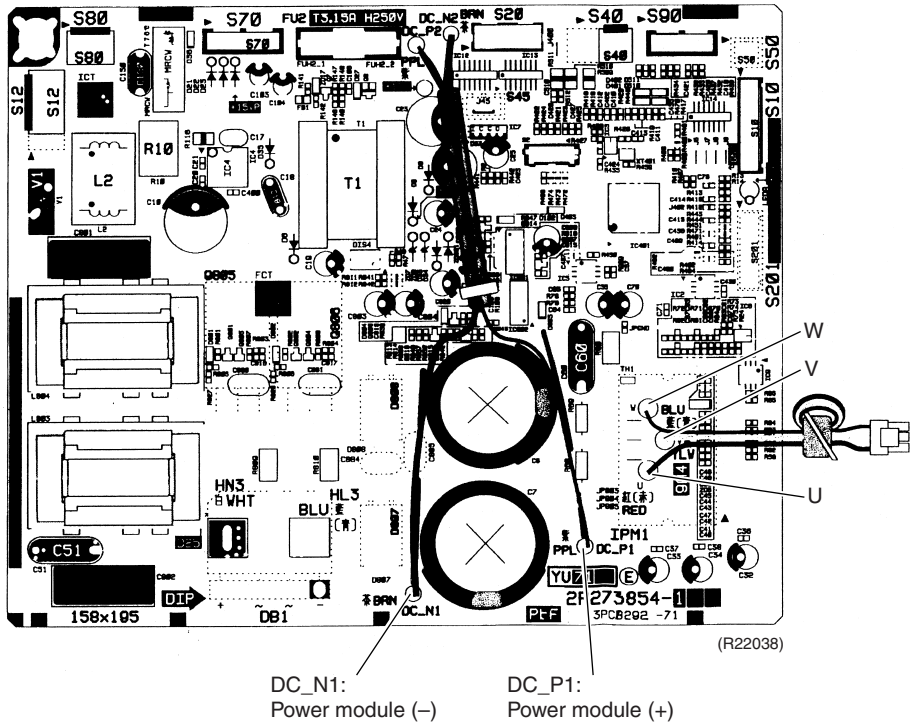
(R22527)

RK(X)S50J2V1B



(R21283)

RK(X)S50J2V1B9



(R22038)

Part 7
Trial Operation and Field Settings

1. Pump Down Operation 121
2. Forced Cooling Operation 122
3. Trial Operation 124
4. Field Settings 125
   - 4.1 Model Type Setting 125
   - 4.2 When 2 Units are Installed in 1 Room 125
   - 4.3 Standby Electricity Saving 126
   - 4.4 Facility Setting (Cooling at Low Outdoor Temperature) 127
   - 4.5 Jumper and Switch Settings 129
5. Silicone Grease on Power Transistor / Diode Bridge 130

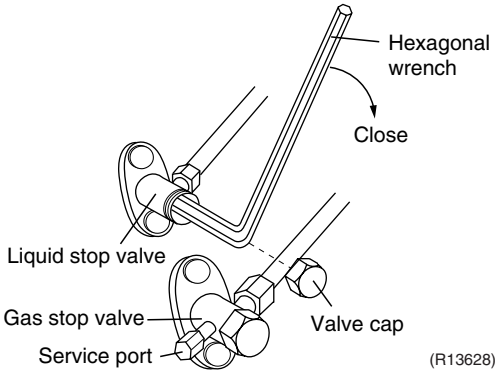
1. Pump Down Operation

Outline

In order to protect the environment, be sure to conduct pump down operation when relocating or disposing of the unit.

Detail

1) Remove the valve caps from the liquid stop valve and the gas stop valve.
2) Carry out forced cooling operation.
3) After 5 ~ 10 minutes, close the liquid stop valve with a hexagonal wrench.
4) After 2 ~ 3 minutes, close the gas stop valve and stop the forced cooling operation.

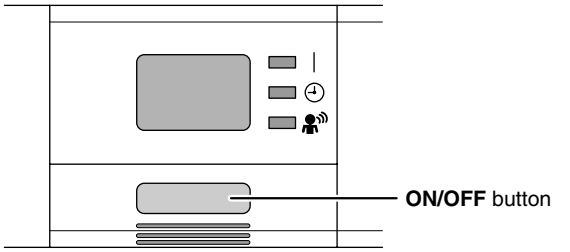


Refer to page 122 for forced cooling operation.

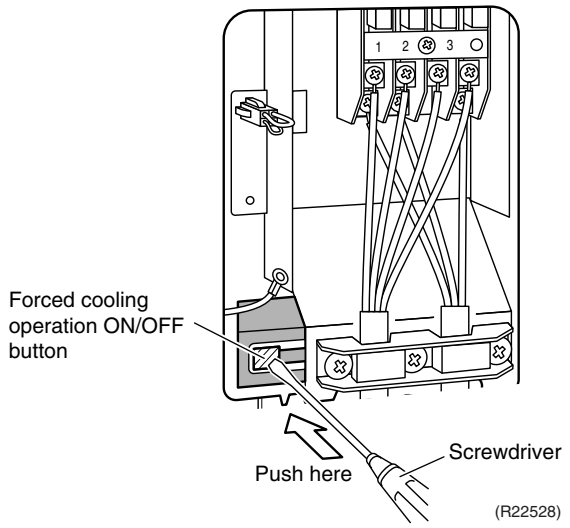
2. Forced Cooling Operation

Item	Forced Cooling
Conditions	The forced cooling operation is allowed when both of the following conditions are met. 1) The outdoor unit is not abnormal and not in the 3-minute standby mode. 2) The outdoor unit is not operating.
Start	The forced cooling operation starts when any of the following conditions are fulfilled. 1) Press the forced cooling operation **ON/OFF** button (SW1) on the indoor unit for 5 seconds. 2) Press the forced cooling operation **ON/OFF** button (SW1) on the outdoor unit within around 3 minutes after power is supplied.
Command frequency	20/25/35 class: 58 Hz 42 class: 47 Hz 50 class: 66 Hz
End	The forced cooling operation ends when any of the following conditions are fulfilled. 1) The operation ends automatically after 15 minutes. 2) Press the forced cooling operation **ON/OFF** button (SW1) on the indoor unit again. 3) Press the **ON/OFF** button on the remote controller. 4) Press the forced cooling operation **ON/OFF** button (SW1) on the outdoor unit.
Others	Protection functions have priority over all other functions during forced cooling operation.

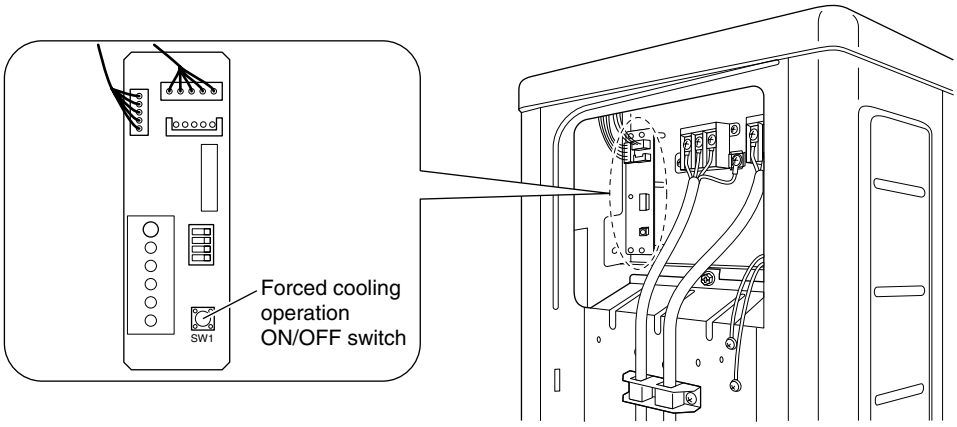
Indoor Unit



Outdoor Unit: 20/25/35 class

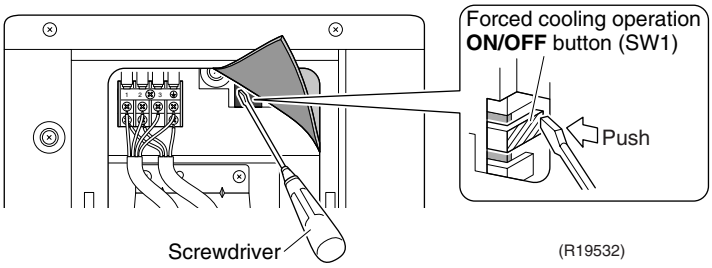


Outdoor Unit: RK(X)S50J2V1B



(R22529)

Outdoor Unit: RK(X)S50J2V1B9



(R19532)

Caution When pressing the button, do not touch the terminal board. It has a high voltage and may cause electric shock.

Note: 42 class models have no forced cooling operation ON/OFF button on the outdoor unit PCB. Carry out forced cooling operation from indoor unit.

3. Trial Operation

Outline

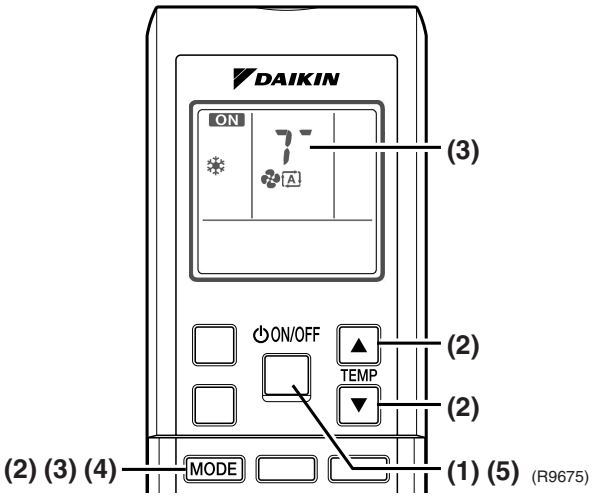
Carry out the trial operation in accordance with the operation manual to ensure that all functions and parts, such as flap movement, are working properly.
Trial operation should be carried out in either cooling or heating operation.

Detail

1. Measure the power supply voltage and make sure that it falls within the specified range.
2. In cooling operation, select the lowest programmable temperature (18°C); in heating operation, select the highest programmable temperature (30°C).
   - Trial operation may be disabled in either operation mode depending on the room temperature.
   - After trial operation is complete, set the temperature to a normal level (26°C ~ 28°C in cooling, 20°C ~ 24°C in heating operation).
   - For protection, the system does not start for 3 minutes after it is turned off.

ARC452 Series

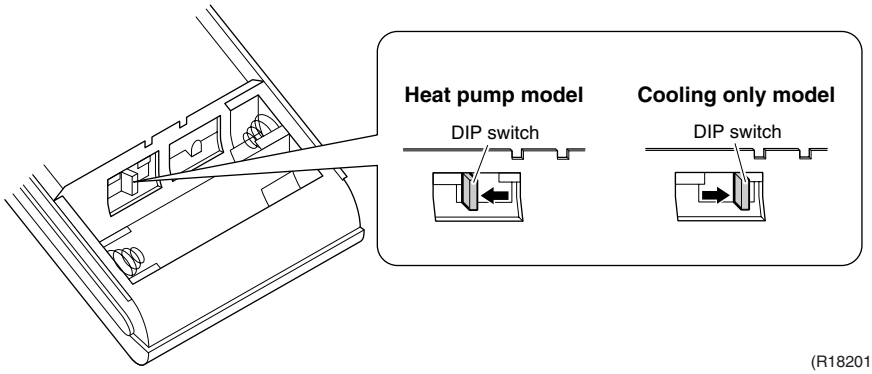
(1) Press the **ON/OFF** button to turn on the system.
(2) Press the both of **TEMP** buttons and the **MODE** button at the same time.
(3) Press the **MODE** button twice.
(T appears on the display to indicate that trial operation is selected.)
(4) Press the **MODE** button and select the operation mode.
(5) Trial operation terminates in about 30 minutes and switches into normal mode. To quit trial operation, press the **ON/OFF** button.



4. Field Settings

4.1 Model Type Setting

- The remote controller is common to the heat pump model and cooling only model. Set the DIP switch to the right position as shown in the illustration if the position of the DIP switch is wrong.



(R18201)

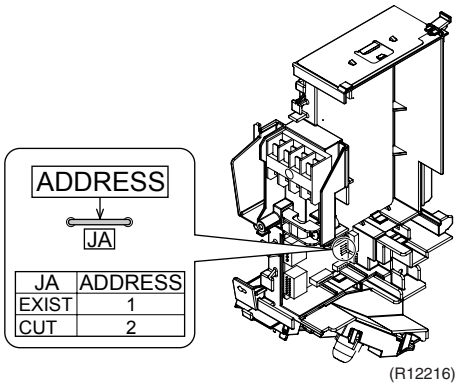
4.2 When 2 Units are Installed in 1 Room

Outline

When 2 indoor units are installed in 1 room, 1 of the 2 indoor units and the corresponding wireless remote controller can be set for different addresses.
Both the indoor unit PCB and the wireless remote controller need alteration.

Indoor Unit PCB

- Cut the address setting jumper JA on the control PCB.

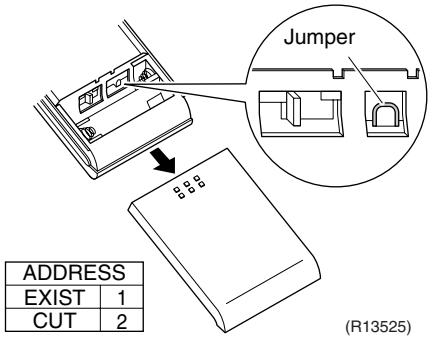


(R12216)

Caution **Replace the PCB if you accidentally cut a wrong jumper.**
Jumpers are necessary for electronic circuit. Improper operation may occur if you cut any of them.

Wireless Remote Controller

- Cut the address setting jumper.



(R13525)

4.3 Standby Electricity Saving

Outline

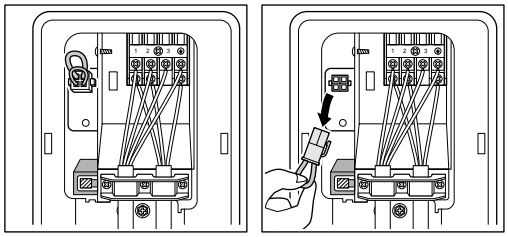
20/25/35/42 class only

This function turns power supply OFF to the outdoor unit and sets the indoor unit into standby electricity saving mode, thus reducing the power consumption of the air conditioner.

Detail

For 20/25/35 class models, following procedure is required for turning ON the function.

1. Check that the main power supply is turned OFF. Turn OFF if it has not been turned OFF.
2. Remove the stop valve cover.
3. Disconnect the selective connector for standby electricity saving.
4. Turn ON the main power supply.



Function OFF (factory set) Function ON

(R18981)

Caution Before connecting or disconnecting the selective connector for standby electricity saving, make sure that the main power supply is turned OFF.

4.4 Facility Setting (Cooling at Low Outdoor Temperature)

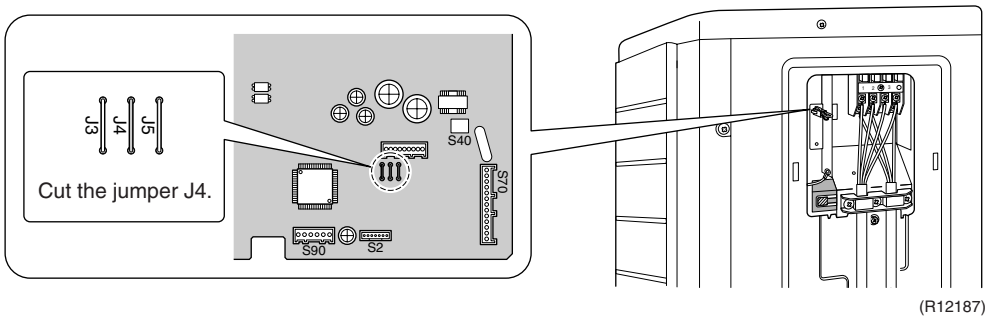
Outline

This function is limited only for facilities (the target of air conditioning is equipment (such as computer)). Never use it in a residence or office (the space where there is a human).

20/25/35/42 class, RK(X)S50J2V1B9

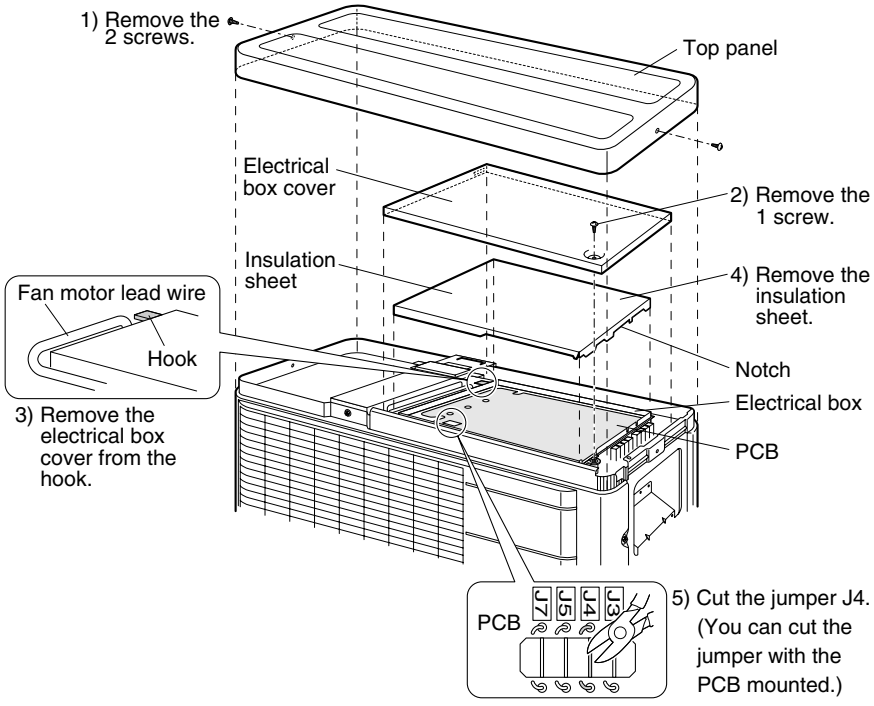
You can expand the operation range to –15°C by cutting the jumper on the outdoor unit PCB. Note that the operation may stop if the outdoor temperature drops below –15°C. If the outdoor temperature rises, the operation starts again.

■ **20/25/35 class**



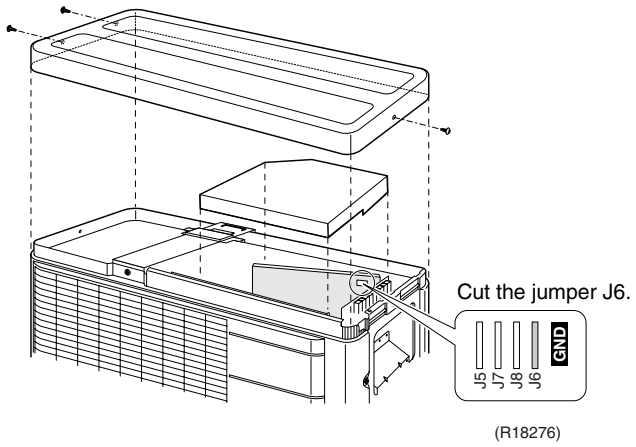
(R12187)

■ **42 class**



(R14267)

■ **RK(X)S50J2V1B9**

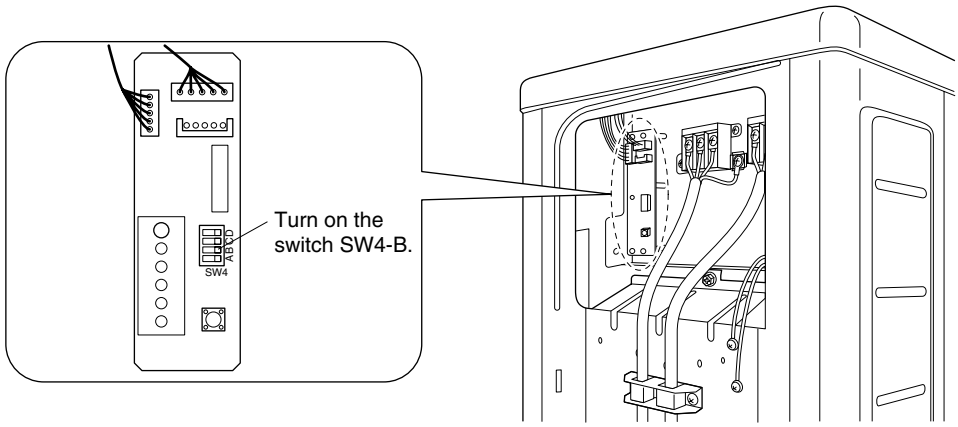


(R18276)

Caution **Replace the PCB if you accidentally cut a wrong jumper.**
Jumpers are necessary for electronic circuit. Improper operation may occur if you cut any of them.

Caution
1. If the outdoor unit is installed where the outdoor heat exchanger of the unit is exposed to direct wind, provide a windbreak wall.
2. Intermittent noises may be produced by the indoor unit due to the outdoor fan turning on and off when using facility settings.
3. Do not place humidifiers or other items which might raise the humidity in rooms where facility settings are being used.
   A humidifier might cause dew condensation from the indoor unit outlet vent.
4. Cutting the jumper sets the indoor fan tap to the highest position.

RK(X)S50J2V1B You can expand the operation range to –15°C by turning on the switch on the outdoor unit PCB. Note that the operation may stop if the outdoor temperature drops below –15°C. If the outdoor temperature rises, the operation starts again.



(R22530)

Caution
1. If the outdoor unit is installed where the outdoor heat exchanger of the unit is exposed to direct wind, provide a windbreak wall.
2. Intermittent noises may be produced by the indoor unit due to the outdoor fan turning on and off when using facility settings.
3. Do not place humidifiers or other items which might raise the humidity in rooms where facility settings are being used.
   A humidifier might cause dew condensation from the indoor unit outlet vent.
4. Use the indoor unit at the highest level of airflow rate.

4.5 Jumper and Switch Settings

Indoor Unit

Function	Jumper	When connected (factory setting)	When cut
Fan speed setting when compressor stops for thermostat OFF. (effective only in cooling operation)	JB	The fan stops.	Fan speed setting ; Remote controller setting
Power failure recovery function	JC	Auto-restart	The unit does not resume operation after recovering from a power failure. Timer settings are cleared.

For the location of the jumper, refer to page 12.

Outdoor Unit

Function	Switch / Jumper	Switch: OFF Jumper: connected (factory setting)	Switch: ON Jumper: cut
Improvement of defrost performance	20/25/35/42 class → J5 RK(X)S50J2V1B → SW4-C RK(X)S50J2V1B9 → J8	Standard control	Reinforced control (Ex: The frequency increases, the duration time of defrost lengthens.)

For the location of the switch or jumper, refer to page 14, 16, 18, 20.

Caution **Replace the PCB if you accidentally cut a wrong jumper.**
Jumpers are necessary for electronic circuit. Improper operation may occur if you cut any of them.

5. Silicone Grease on Power Transistor / Diode Bridge

Outline

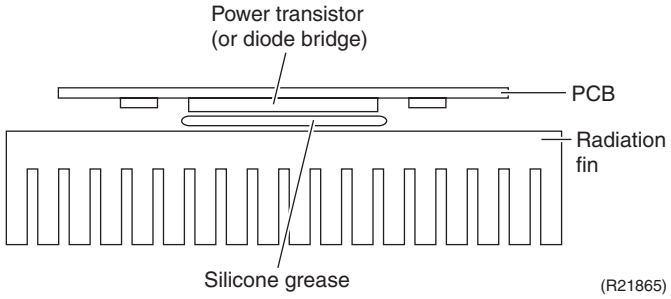
Apply the specified silicone grease to the heat radiation part of a power transistor / diode bridge when you replace an outdoor unit PCB. The silicone grease encourages the heat radiation of a power transistor / diode bridge.

Detail

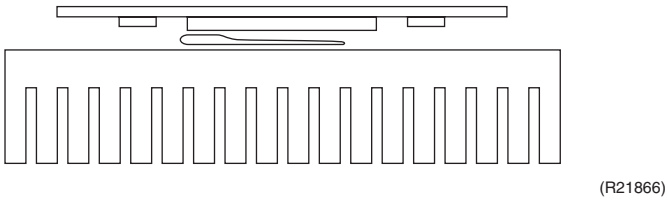
1. Wipe off the old silicone grease completely.
2. Apply the silicone grease evenly. See the illustrations below for examples of application.
3. Tighten the screws of the power transistor / diode bridge.
4. Make sure that the heat radiation parts are firmly contacted to the radiation fin.

Note: Smoke emission may be caused by bad heat radiation when the silicone grease is not appropriately applied.

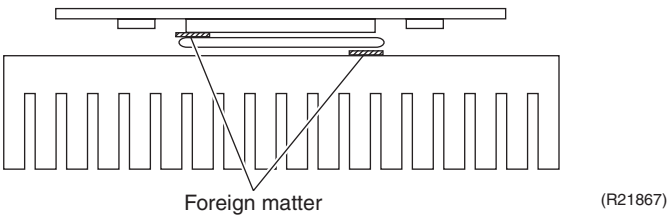
■ OK: Evenly applied



■ NG: Not evenly applied



■ NG: Foreign matter is stuck.



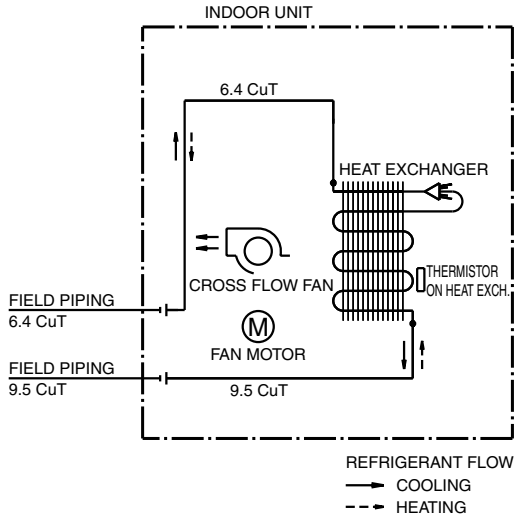
Part 8
Appendix

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   1.2 Outdoor Unit.....132
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   2.1 Indoor Unit.....137
   2.2 Outdoor Unit.....138

1. Piping Diagrams

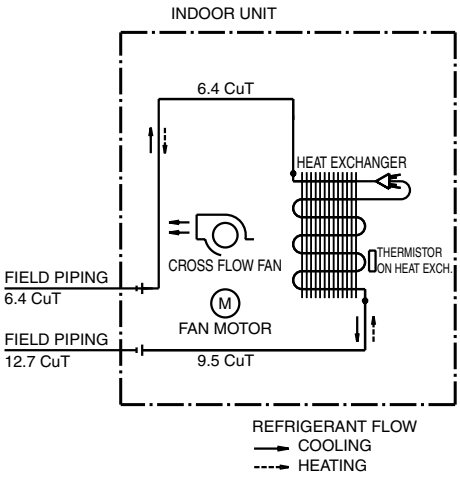
1.1 Indoor Unit

FTXS20/25/35/42J2V1B



4D058897L

FTXS50J2V1B

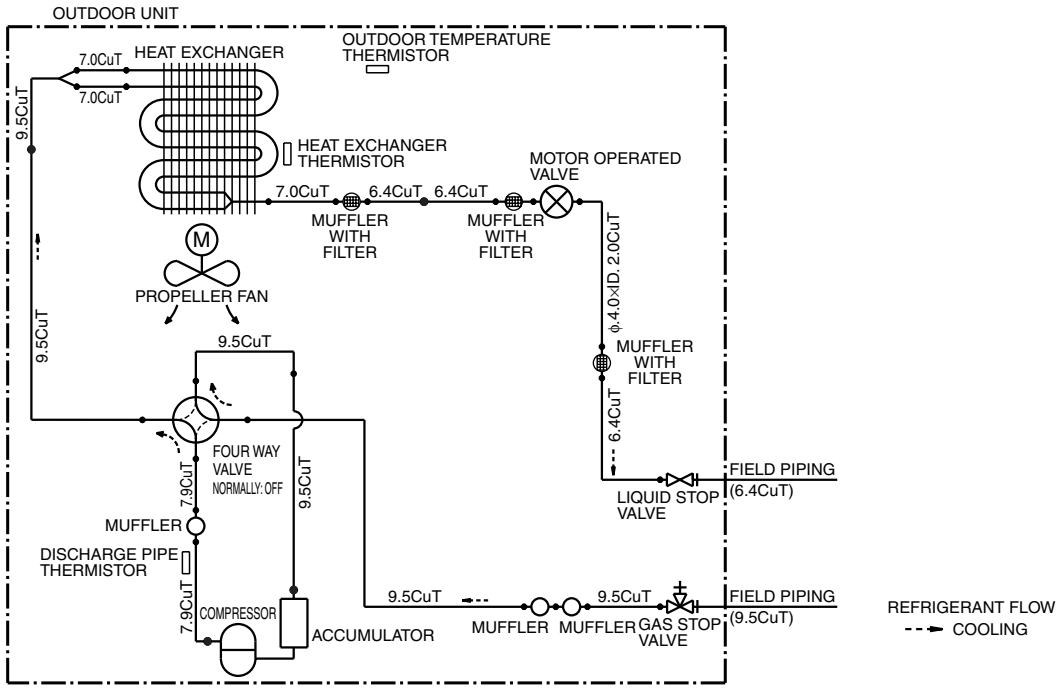


4D058898J

1.2 Outdoor Unit

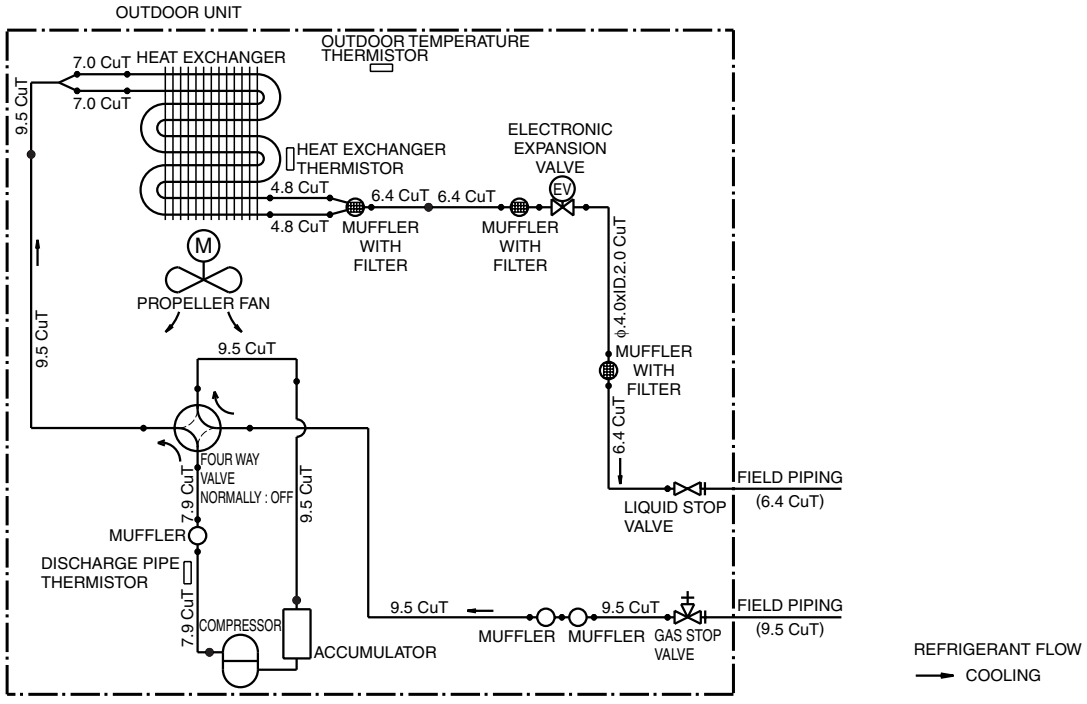
1.2.1 Cooling Only

RKS20J2V1B



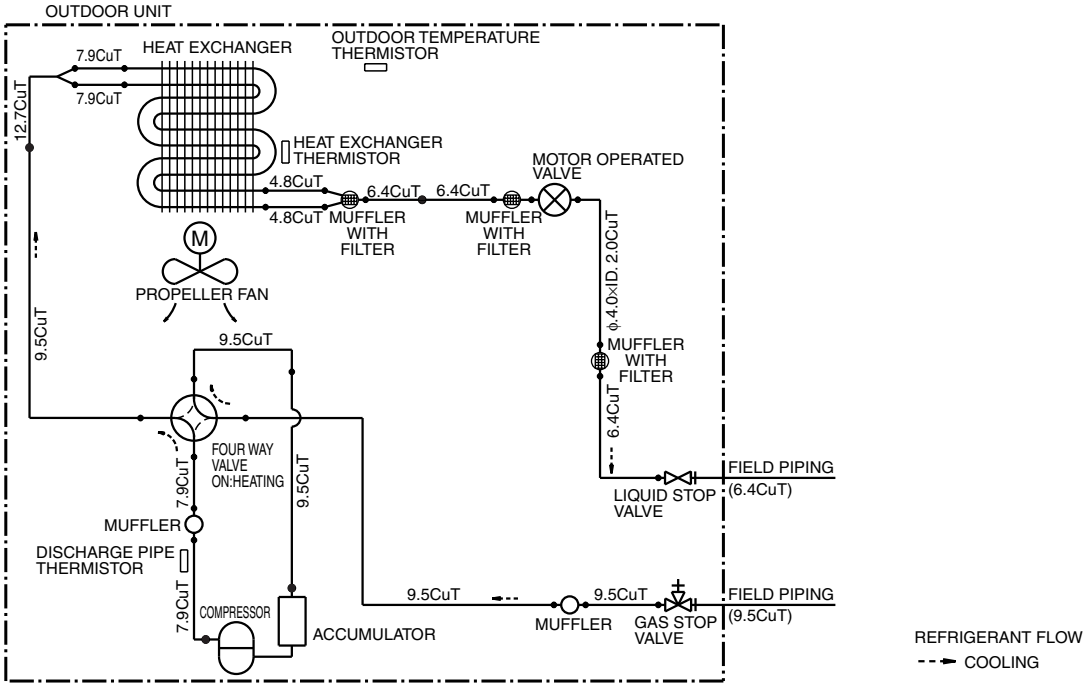
3D059588B

RKS25/35J2V1B



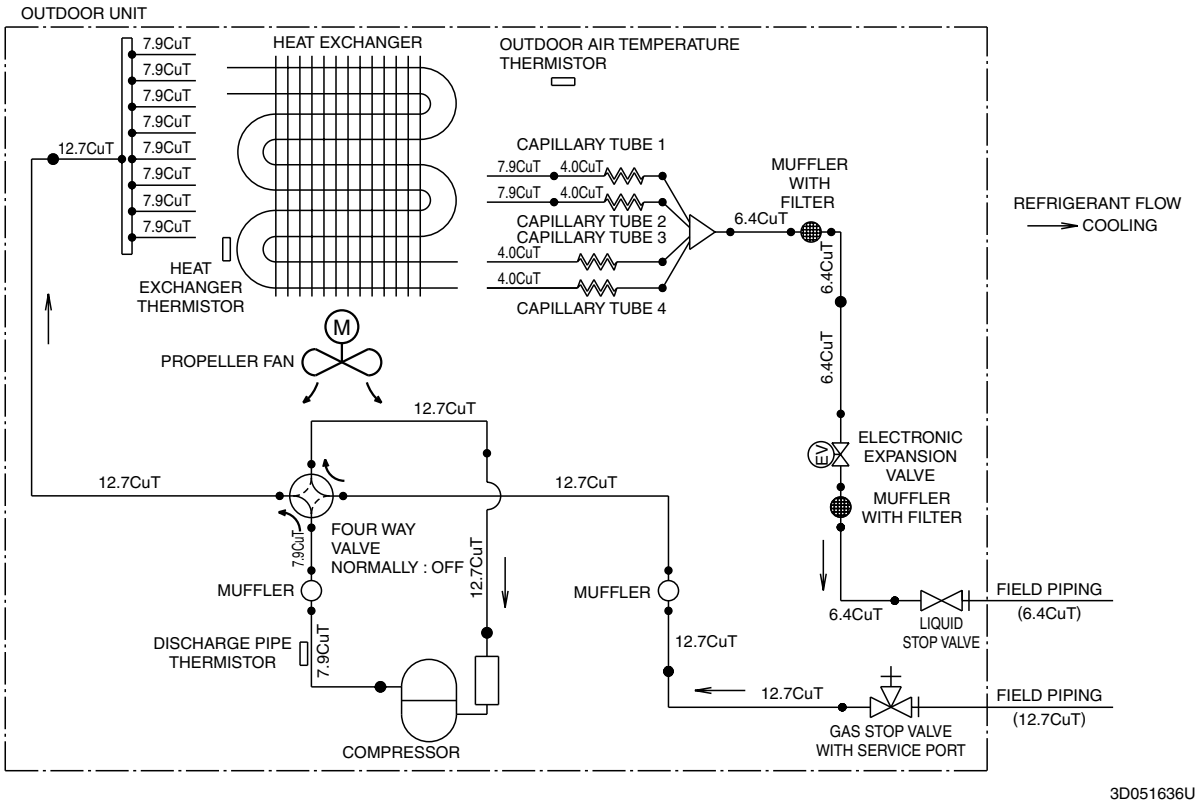
3D059589H

RKS42J2V1B



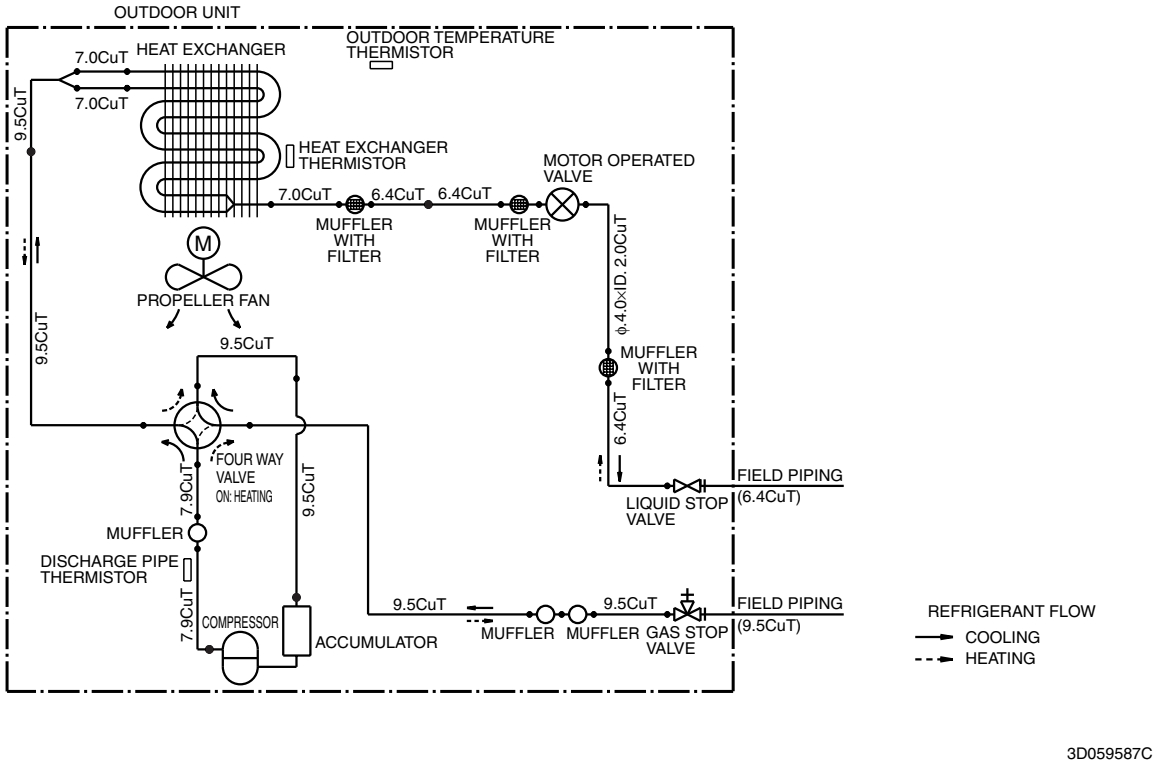
3D059591A

RKS50J2V1B, RKS50J2V1B9

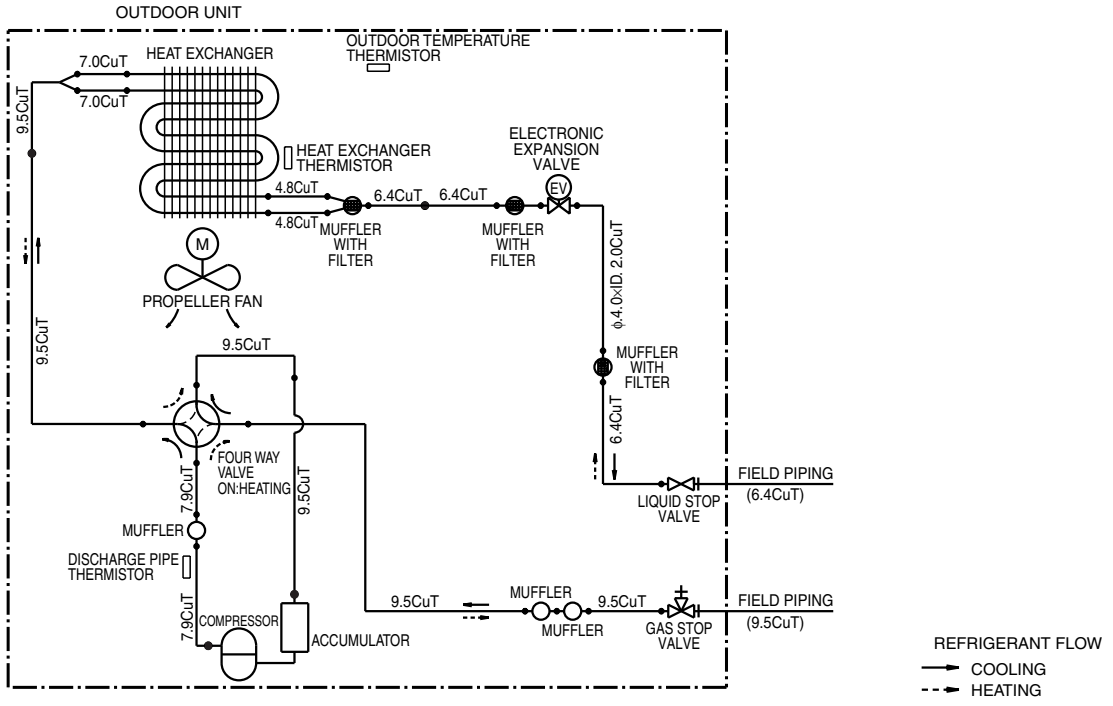


1.2.2 Heat Pump

RXS20J2V1B

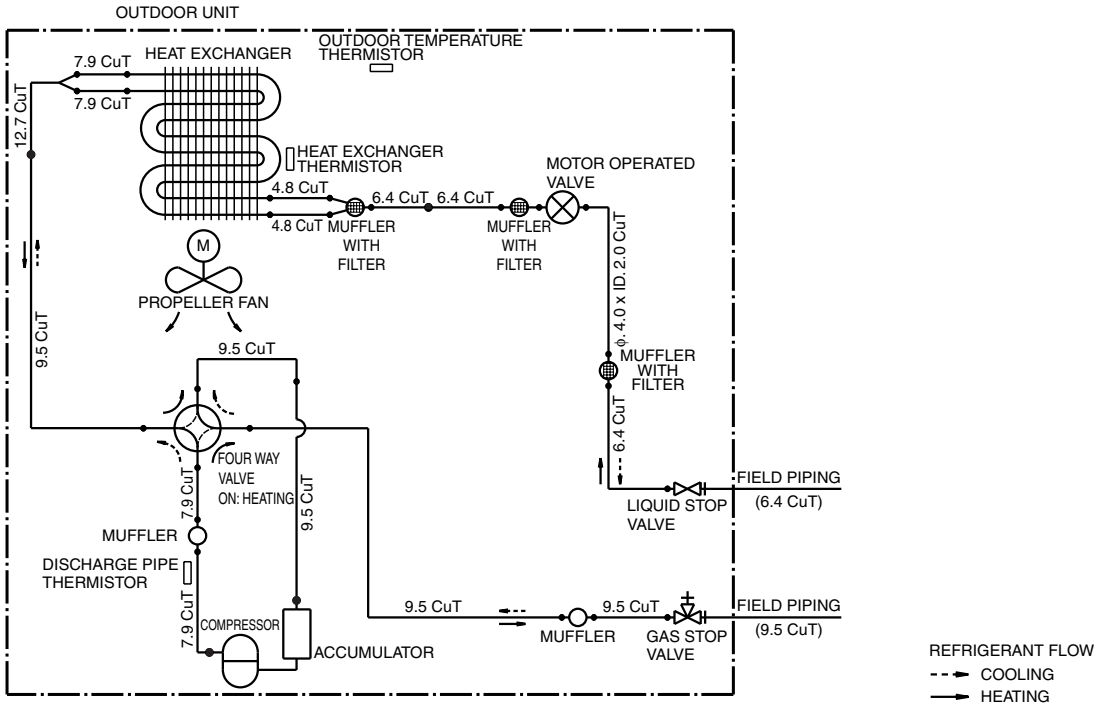


RXS25/35J2V1B



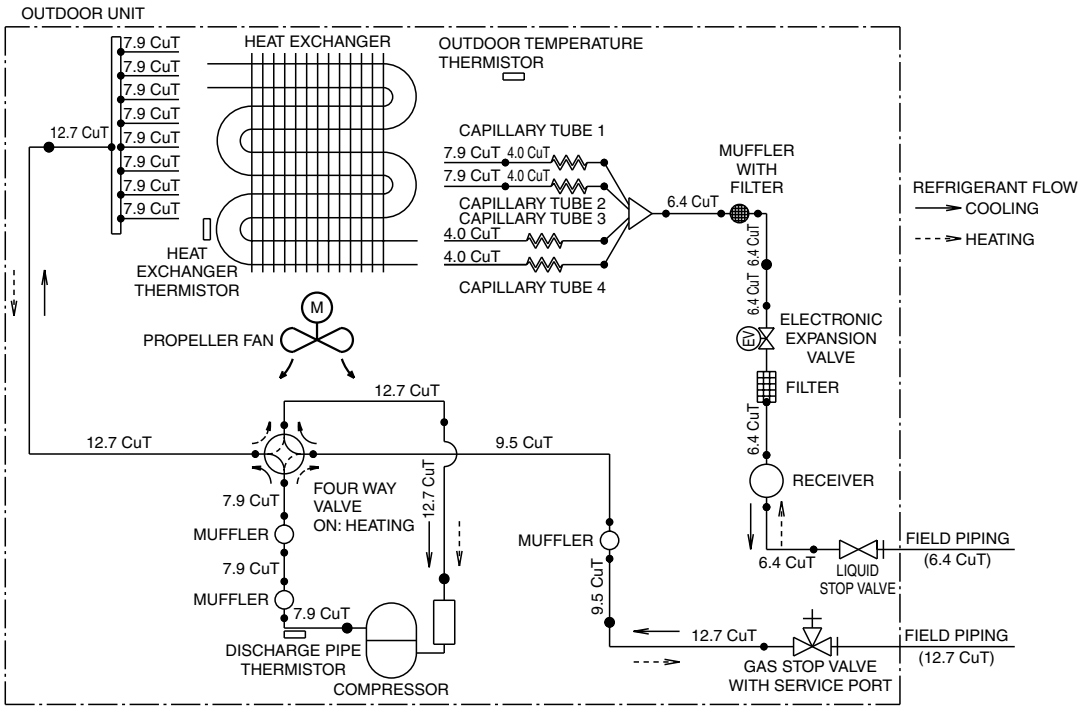
3D059586W

RXS42J2V1B



3D059590F

RXS50J2V1B, RXS50J2V1B9

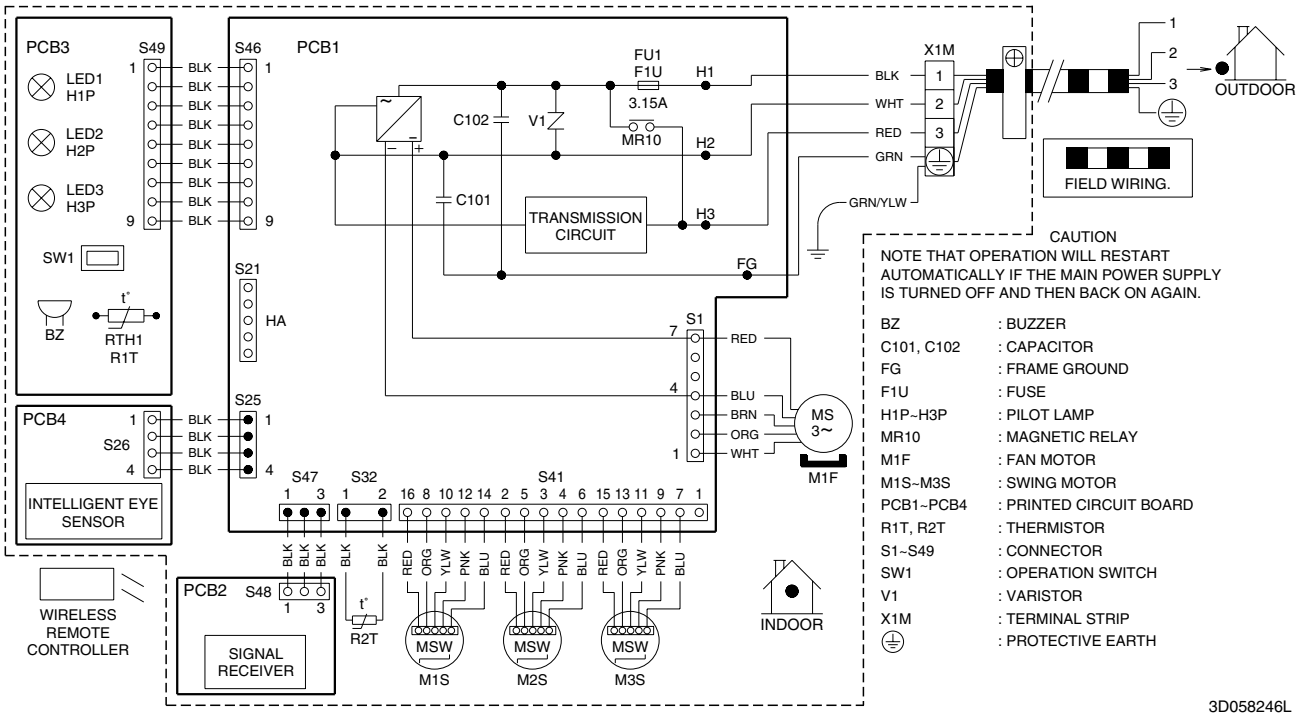


3D051637Y

2. Wiring Diagrams

2.1 Indoor Unit

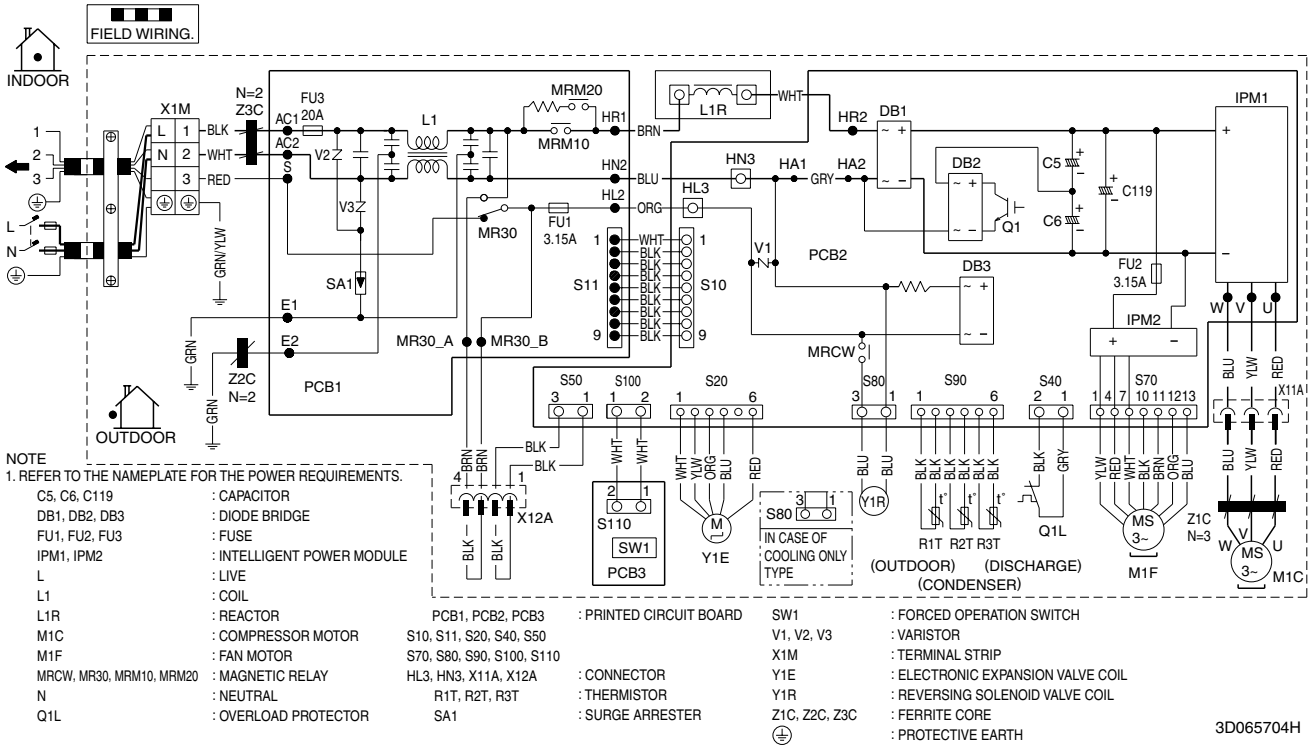
FTXS20/25/35/42/50J2V1B



Note: PCB1: Control PCB
PCB2: Signal receiver PCB
PCB3: Display PCB
PCB4: INTELLIGENT EYE sensor PCB
Refer to Part 3 for Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram.

2.2 Outdoor Unit

RK(X)S20/25/35J2V1B



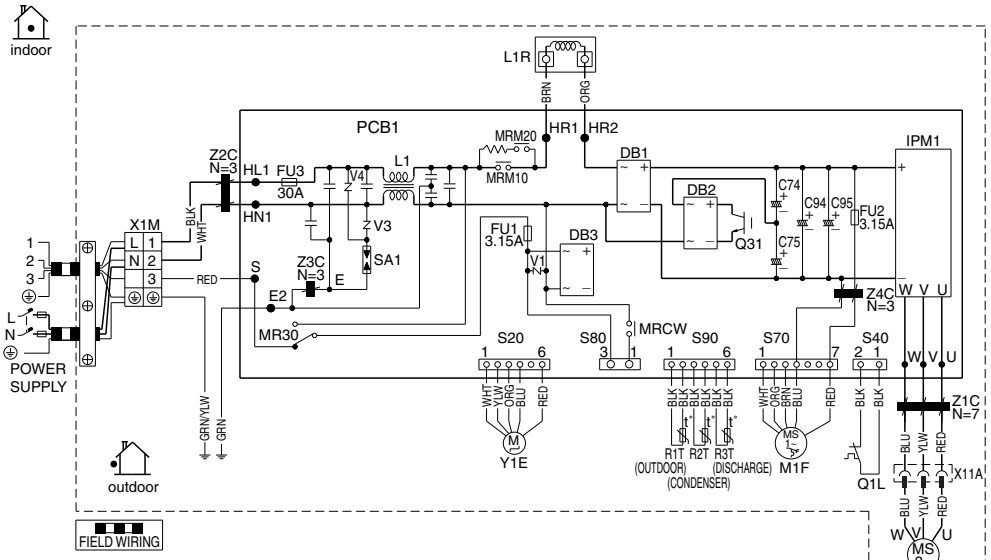
NOTE
1. REFER TO THE NAMEPLATE FOR THE POWER REQUIREMENTS.

C5, C6, C119	: CAPACITOR	PCB1, PCB2, PCB3	: PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	SW1	: FORCED OPERATION SWITCH
DB1, DB2, DB3	: DIODE BRIDGE	S10, S11, S20, S40, S50		V1, V2, V3	: VARISTOR
FU1, FU2, FU3	: FUSE	S70, S80, S90, S100, S110		X1M	: TERMINAL STRIP
IPM1, IPM2	: INTELLIGENT POWER MODULE	HL3, HN3, X11A, X12A	: CONNECTOR	Y1E	: ELECTRONIC EXPANSION VALVE COIL
L	: LIVE	R1T, R2T, R3T	: THERMISTOR	Y1R	: REVERSING SOLENOID VALVE COIL
L1	: COIL	SA1	: SURGE ARRESTER	Z1C, Z2C, Z3C	: FERRITE CORE
L1R	: REACTOR			⏚	: PROTECTIVE EARTH
M1C	: COMPRESSOR MOTOR				
M1F	: FAN MOTOR				
MRCW, MR30, MRM10, MRM20	: MAGNETIC RELAY				
N	: NEUTRAL				
Q1L	: OVERLOAD PROTECTOR				

3D065704H

Note: PCB1: Filter PCB
PCB2: Main PCB
PCB3: Forced operation button PCB
Refer to Part 3 for Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram.

RKS42J2V1B

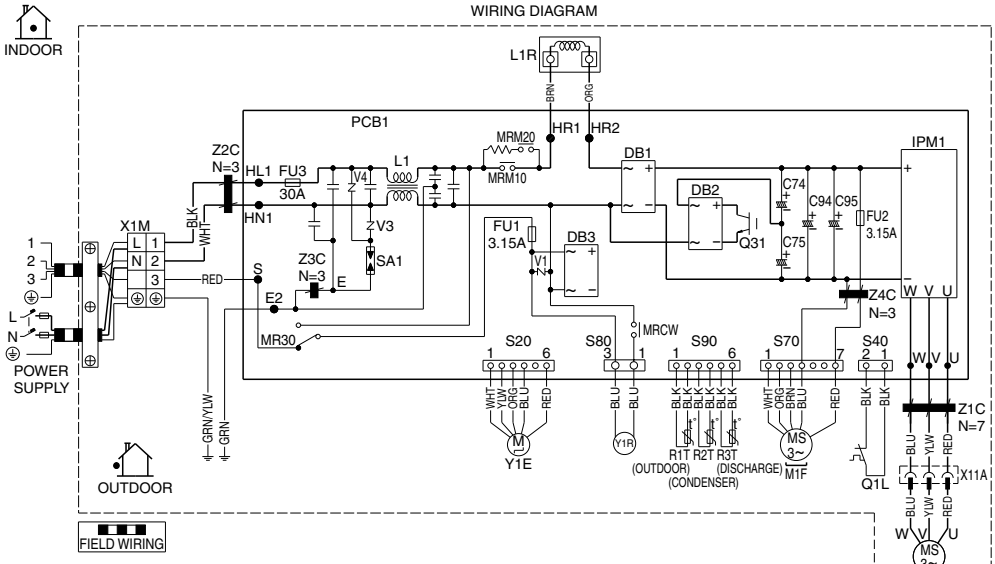


C74, C75, C94		M1F	: FAN MOTOR	V1, V3, V4	: VARISTOR	BLK	: BLACK
C95	: CAPACITOR	MRCW, MRM10,		X1M	: TERMINAL STRIP	BLU	: BLUE
DB1, DB2, DB3	: DIODE BRIDGE	MRM20, MR30	: MAGNETIC RELAY	Y1E	: ELECTRONIC EXPANSION VALVE COIL	BRN	: BROWN
FU1, FU2, FU3	: FUSE	N	: NEUTRAL	Z1C, Z2C, Z3C		GRN	: GREEN
IPM1	: INTELLIGENT POWER MODULE	PCB1	: PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	Z4C	: FERRITE CORE	ORG	: ORANGE
L	: LIVE	Q1L	: OVERLOAD PROTECTOR	⏚	: PROTECTIVE EARTH	RED	: RED
L1	: COIL	R1T~R3T	: THERMISTOR	S20, S40, S70		WHT	: WHITE
L1R	: REACTOR	SA1	: SURGE ARRESTER	S80, S90		YLW	: YELLOW
M1C	: COMPRESSOR MOTOR	Q31	: IGBT	X11A	: CONNECTOR		

3D059615A

Note: PCB1: Main PCB
Refer to Part 3 for Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram.

RXS42J2V1B

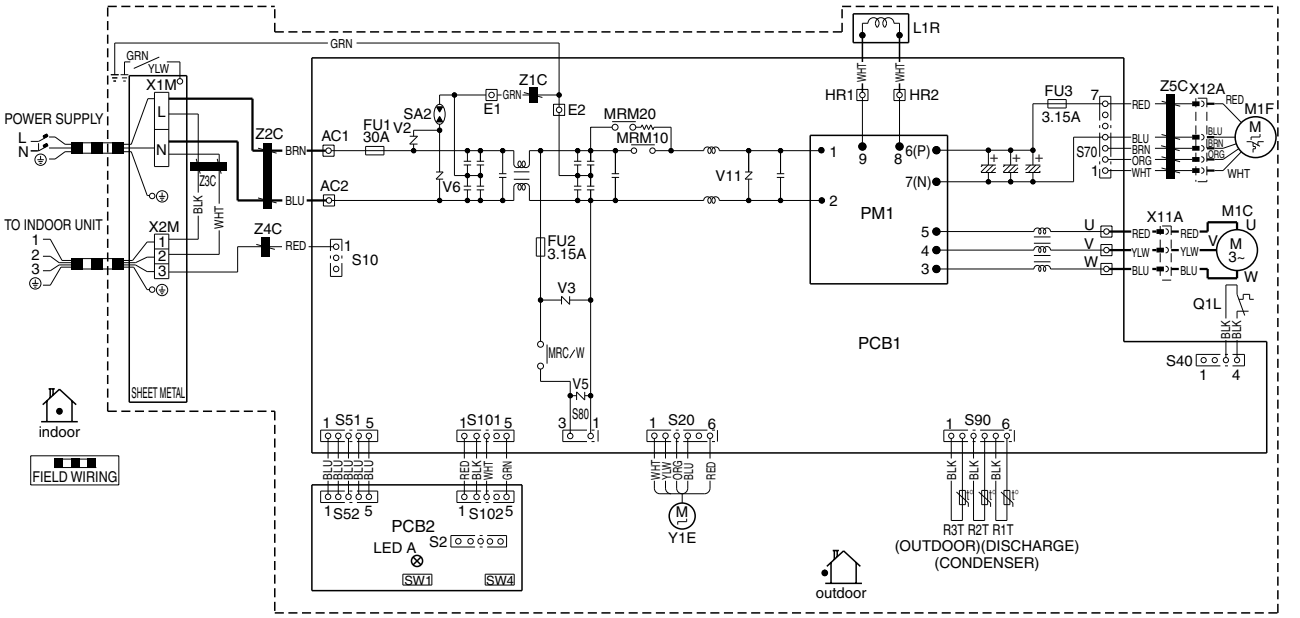


C74, C75, C94		M1F	: FAN MOTOR	V1, V3, V4	: VARISTOR		
C95	: CAPACITOR	MRCW, MRM10,		X1M	: TERMINAL STRIP		
DB1, DB2, DB3	: DIODE BRIDGE	MRM20, MR30	: MAGNETIC RELAY	Y1E	: ELECTRONIC EXPANSION VALVE COIL	BLK	: BLACK
FU1, FU2, FU3	: FUSE	N	: NEUTRAL	Y1R	: REVERSING SOLENOID VALVE COIL	BLU	: BLUE
IPM1	: INTELLIGENT POWER MODULE	PCB1	: PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	Z1C, Z2C, Z3C		BRN	: BROWN
L	: LIVE	Q1L	: OVERLOAD PROTECTOR	Z4C	: FERRITE CORE	GRN	: GREEN
L1	: COIL	R1T~R3T	: THERMISTOR	⏚	: PROTECTIVE EARTH	ORG	: ORANGE
L1R	: REACTOR	SA1	: SURGE ARRESTER	S20, S40, S70		RED	: RED
M1C	: COMPRESSOR MOTOR	Q31	: IGBT	S80, S90		WHT	: WHITE
				X11A	: CONNECTOR	YLW	: YELLOW

3D059601C

Note: PCB1: Main PCB
Refer to Part 3 for Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram.

RKS50J2V1B

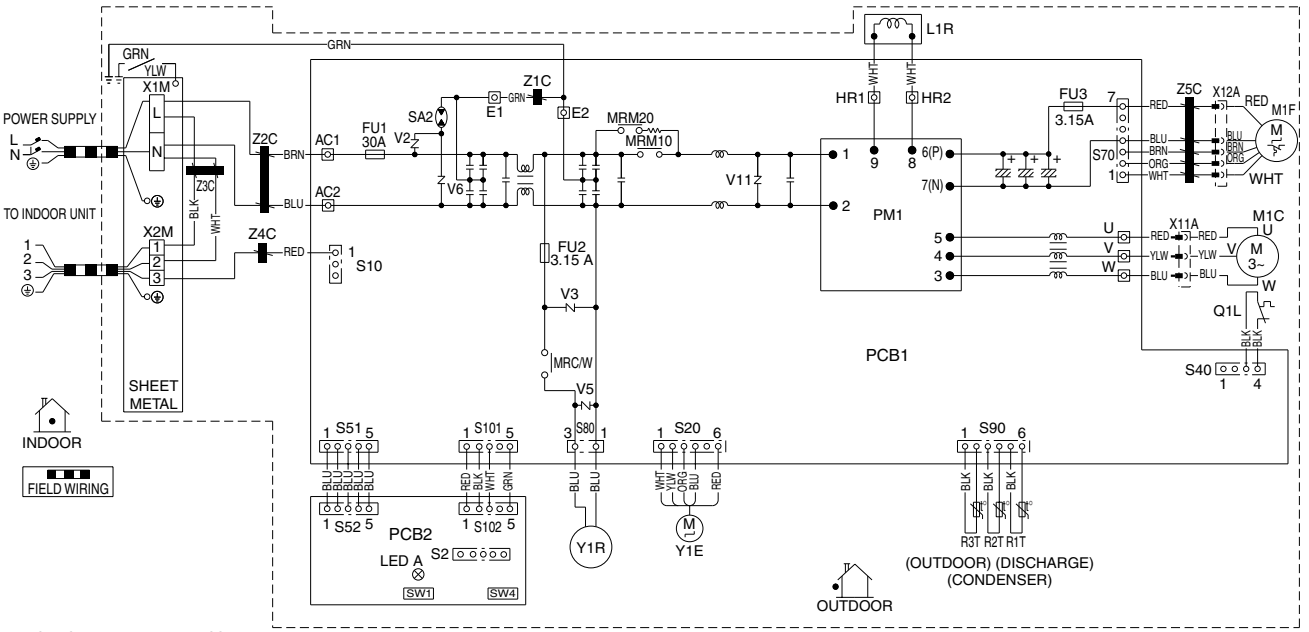


Z1C~Z5C	: FERRITE CORE	MRM10, MRM20		L	: LIVE	M1C	: COMPRESSOR MOTOR
X1M, X2M	: TERMINAL STRIP	MRC/W	: MAGNETIC RELAY	N	: NEUTRAL	M1F	: FAN MOTOR
Y1E	: ELECTRONIC EXPANSION VALVE COIL	R1T~R3T	: THERMISTOR	SW1	: FORCED OPERATION ON/OFF SW (SW1)	L1R	: REACTOR
V2, V3, V5, V6, V11	: VARISTOR	S2~S102	: CONNECTOR	SW4	: LOCAL SETTING SW (SW4)	Q1L	: OVERLOAD PROTECTOR
SA2	: SURGE ARRESTER	LEDA	: PILOT LAMP			PM1	: POWER MODULE
FU1, FU2, FU3	: FUSE					PCB1,2	: PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD
AC1, AC2						STEEL METAL	: TERMINAL STRIP FIXED PLATE
U, V, W, X11A, X12A							
E1, E2							
HR1, HR2	: CONNECTOR						

3D056145B

Note: PCB1: Main PCB
PCB2: Service monitor PCB
Refer to Part 3 for Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram.

RXS50J2V1B

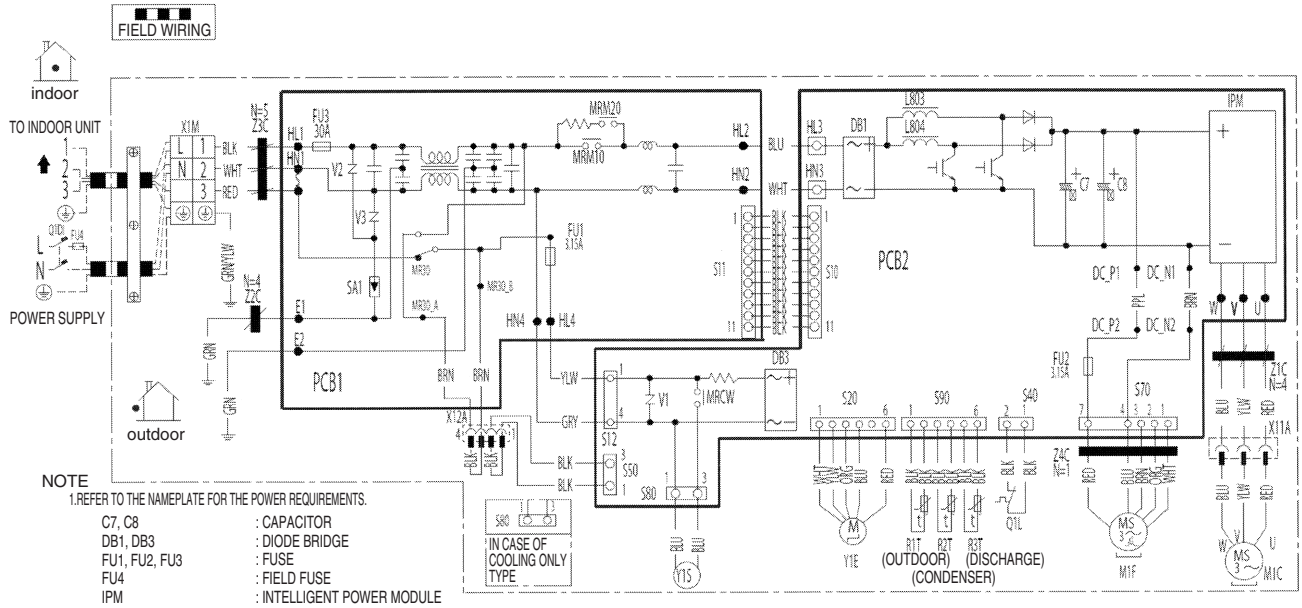


Z1C~Z5C	: FERRITE CORE	MRM10, MRM20		L	: LIVE	M1C	: COMPRESSOR MOTOR
X1M, X2M	: TERMINAL STRIP	MRC/W	: MAGNETIC RELAY	N	: NEUTRAL	M1F	: FAN MOTOR
Y1E	: ELECTRONIC EXPANSION VALVE COIL	R1T~R3T	: THERMISTOR	SW1	: FORCED OPERATION ON/OFF SW (SW1)	L1R	: REACTOR
V2, V3, V5, V6, V11	: VARISTOR	S2~S102	: CONNECTOR	SW4	: LOCAL SETTING SW (SW4)	Q1L	: OVERLOAD PROTECTOR
SA2	: SURGE ARRESTER	LEDA	: PILOT LAMP			PM1	: POWER MODULE
FU1, FU2, FU3	: FUSE					PCB1, 2	: PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD
AC1, AC2						Y1R	: REVERSING SOLENOID VALVE COIL
U, V, W, X11A, X12A						SHEET METAL	: TERMINAL STRIP FIXED PLATE
E1, E2							
HR1, HR2	: CONNECTOR						

3D056095G

Note: PCB1: Main PCB
PCB2: Service monitor PCB
Refer to Part 3 for Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram.

RK(X)S50J2V1B9



Note: PCB1: Filter PCB
PCB2: Main PCB
Refer to Part 3 for Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram.

Revision History

Month / Year	Version	Revised contents
01 / 2011	SiBE041101	First edition
09 / 2015	SiBE041101EA	Model addition: RKS50J2V1B9, RXS50J2V1B9

Warning

- Daikin products are manufactured for export to numerous countries throughout the world. Prior to purchase, please confirm with your local authorised importer, distributor and/or retailer whether this product conforms to the applicable standards, and is suitable for use, in the region where the product will be used. This statement does not purport to exclude, restrict or modify the application of any local legislation.
- Ask a qualified installer or contractor to install this product. Do not try to install the product yourself. Improper installation can result in water or refrigerant leakage, electrical shock, fire or explosion.
- Use only those parts and accessories supplied or specified by Daikin. Ask a qualified installer or contractor to install those parts and accessories. Use of unauthorised parts and accessories or improper installation of parts and accessories can result in water or refrigerant leakage, electrical shock, fire or explosion.
- Read the user's manual carefully before using this product. The user's manual provides important safety instructions and warnings. Be sure to follow these instructions and warnings.

If you have any enquiries, please contact your local importer, distributor and/or retailer.

Cautions on product corrosion

1. Air conditioners should not be installed in areas where corrosive gases, such as acid gas or alkaline gas, are produced.
2. If the outdoor unit is to be installed close to the sea shore, direct exposure to the sea breeze should be avoided. If you need to install the outdoor unit close to the sea shore, contact your local distributor.

Dealer

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